

**GOVERNMENT OF PUERTO RICO
PUBLIC SERVICE REGULATORY BOARD
PUERTO RICO ENERGY BUREAU**

NEPR

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IN RE: REVIEW OF THE PUERTO RICO
ELECTRIC POWER AUTHORITY'S 10-
YEAR INFRASTRUCTURE PLAN –
DECEMBER 2020

CASE NO.: NEPR-MI-2021-0002

SUBJECT: Response to Resolution and
Order entered on January 25, 2021

**RESPONSE TO RESOLUTION AND ORDER ENTERED ON
JANUARY 25, 2021 AND REQUEST FOR APPROVAL OF
REVISED 10-YEAR INFRASTRUCTURE PLAN**

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I. INTRODUCTION

The transformation of the PREPA's¹ generation assets as well as the reconstruction of the grid is a fundamental aspect of Puerto Rico's economic revitalization. The process aims to bring the infrastructure of the electrical system to the place Puerto Rico not only needs but deserves. On September 18, 2020, FEMA approved a much needed \$10.7 billion grant for PREPA to repair and make more resilient its electric grid which was damaged by Hurricanes Irma and Maria in 2017. The federal funds are targeted to repair and replace thousands of miles of transmission and distribution lines, electrical substations, power generation systems, and other grid improvements. The aid exceeds the total public assistance funding in any single federally declared disaster other than hurricanes Katrina and Sandy, the destructive 2005 storms in the mainland United States.

The FEMA grant will provide the necessary funding to help protect the electrical system and the people of Puerto Rico from future catastrophic events, including bringing PREPA's electrical system up to standards capable of withstanding a Category 4 hurricane without PREPA incurring in additional debt or rate hikes. Accordingly, and in response to the expectation regarding federal funds, PREPA begun preparing a work plan to be submitted to FEMA regarding grid and generation projects to pursue with FEMA funding.

On August 24, 2020, the Energy Bureau issued a Final Resolution and Order on PREPA's IRP which approved in part and rejected in part PREPA's IRP, modified the action plan in the IRP submitted by PREPA and ordered the adoption and implementation of the Modified Action Plan. With the Final IRP Order, the Energy Bureau determined that five (5) core elements of PREPA's Energy System Modernization plan could be retained including; timely conversion of older steam plant infrastructure to synchronous condensers, with the provision of dynamic reactive support,

¹ Capitalized terms not defined herein shall be ascribed the meaning provided to them in the subsequent sections.

and stability and inertial characteristics for PREPA's system after installation of increased quantities of solar photovoltaics; Energy Efficiency deployment, to the maximum amount obtainable as seen in "Full EE" scenarios; maximum procurement of solar PV in line with all scenarios; battery energy storage; and, the hardening of the Transmission & Distribution system. Further, the Energy Bureau ordered PREPA to seek previous approval from the Energy Bureau before pursuing all capital investments regardless of funding (*e.g.* federal funding, ratepayer, etc.).

On December 7, 2020 PREPA submitted to FEMA a 10-Year Plan which included the roadmap to secure the reconstruction and hardening of PREPA's infrastructure with the \$10.7 billion funding obligation by FEMA. In response, on December 30, 2020, the Energy Bureau required PREPA to submit the FEMA 10-Year Plan and scheduled a technical conference for PREPA to demonstrate the alignment of the 10-Year Plan with the IRP. After various procedural milestones including a technical conference, on January 25, 2021, the Energy Bureau entered in a Resolution and Order on the "*Determination on alignment with the Approved Integrated Resources Plan and Modified Action Plan*" in which the Energy Bureau decided that certain proposed actions in the 10-Year Plan were inconsistent with the Final IRP Order and Modified Action Plan.

PREPA agrees with the Energy Bureau that certain aspects of the 10-Year Plan may seem incompatible with the Final IRP Order and the Modified Action Plan and PREPA will proceed to discuss these issues throughout this motion. Notwithstanding, the submittal of the 10-Year Plan should not be construed as PREPA ignoring the role or mandates of its regulator. At all times PREPA was cognizant that all capital investments required Energy Bureau approval and had the intent of seeking such approval. Further, as previously informed to the Energy Bureau, the 10-Year Plan is not set in stone and requires revisions every 90-days. PREPA intends to make the Energy Bureau privy of the process and will submit the Revised 10-Year Plan for Energy Bureau

approval and following that approval, the 90-day revisions. In furtherance of the above, PREPA submits the draft of the Revised 10-Year Plan for Energy Bureau approval and will seek to reconcile and explain the projects identified in the 10-Year Plan and their alignment with the Final IRP Order and the Modified Action Plan. Further, PREPA seeks that the Energy Bureau release those projects that are in alignment with the Final IRP Order and the Modified Action Plan as the expedited implementation of those projects will inject capital to Puerto Rico's economy and will assure much needed improvements for our still vulnerable electrical infrastructure.

II. THE ROLE OF THE ENERGY BUREAU

A. The Puerto Rico Energy Bureau

The Legislative Assembly of Puerto Rico created the Puerto Rico Energy Bureau (the “Energy Bureau”) and tasked it with regulating, overseeing, and enforcing the Government of Puerto Rico’s energy public policy.² The Energy Bureau was established as a key component for the execution of the energy reform. It is an independent entity with, among other, a key mission to evaluate the plans that PREPA is required submit in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. The evaluation of PREPA’s plans allows the Energy Bureau to oversee the orderly and integrated development of our electrical system, thus ensuring the reliability, efficiency, and transparency thereof, and the provision of electric power services at reasonable prices.³

² The Puerto Rico Energy Bureau was established by virtue of the Reorganization Plan of the Puerto Rico Public Service Regulatory Board, and Act No. 211-2018, formerly the Puerto Rico Energy Commission created under the *Puerto Rico Energy Transformation and RELIEF Act*, Act No. 57 approved on May 27, 2014, as amended (“Act 57-2014”). On April 11, 2019, the Puerto Rico’s Legislative Assembly changed the name of the Energy Commission to the Puerto Rico Energy Bureau and broadened its powers and duties and increased its budget. See *Puerto Rico Energy Public Policy Act*, Act No. 17 approved on April 11, 2019 (“Act 17-2019”). Act 17-2019 also provided for the implementation of alternative mechanisms that aid in the enforcement of the public policy and for the inclusion of the Bureau, with greater powers, in the Partnership Contracts and Sales Contracts processes established in the *Puerto Rico Electric Power System Transformation Act*, Act No. 120 approved on June 21, 2018 (“Act 120-2018”).

³ *Id.* at Statement of Motives.

B. The Integrated Resource Plan

One of the blueprints that the Energy Bureau must approve and oversee compliance and implementation with is the integrated resource plan (IRP). The IRP is

a plan that considers all reasonable resources to satisfy the demand for electric power services during a specific period of time, including those related to energy supply, whether existing, traditional, and/or new resources, and those related to energy demand, such as energy conservation and efficiency, demand response, and distributed generation by industrial, commercial, or residential customers. Every integrated resource plan (IRP) shall be subject to the provisions of this Act and the rules established by the Bureau which shall approve the same. Every plan shall be devised with broad participation from citizens and all interested groups.⁴

The Energy Bureau may grant dispensations to or waivers for the IRP for just cause.⁵

The planning horizon of the IRP shall be of at least twenty (20) years and it shall describe the combination of energy supply resources and conservation that satisfies, in the short-, medium-, and long-term, the current and future needs of Puerto Rico's energy system and of its customers at the lowest reasonable cost.⁶ The IRP shall be revised every three (3) years from the date in which the IRP is in effect is approved by the Bureau to show changes in energy market conditions, environmental regulations, fuel prices, capital costs, and other factors; provided, that should there be a substantial change in the energy demand or group of resources, such revision process shall be carried out before the three (3) years provided herein to respond to and/or mitigate such changes.⁷

⁴ Act 17-2019 at Sec. 1.2(o).

⁵ *Id.* at Sec. 1.9(1).

⁶ *Id.* at Sec. 1.9(2).

⁷ *Id.*

In addition, the IRP must be accompanied by an action plan. Regulation 9021 describes the purpose of the action plan as specifying the implementation actions required of PREPA during the first five (5) years of the planning period, as set out in the preferred resource plan.⁸

III. PREPA’S APPROVED IRP AND MODIFIED ACTION PLAN

A. PREPA’s Integrated Resource Plan

On March 15, 2018, the Energy Bureau issued a Resolution and Order commencing a case to revise PREPA’s IRP, *In Re: Final Resolution and Order on the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority’s Integrated Resource Plan*, case no. CEPR-AP-2018-0001 (the “IRP Docket”). With the initial resolution and order, the Energy Bureau authorized PREPA to file an updated IRP prior to the mandatory review established in Act 57- 2014⁹, in order to determine the impacts of Hurricanes Irma and María that devastated the Island.¹⁰ The IRP Docket is the second PREPA IRP proceeding and follows the IRP approved on 2015.¹¹ On February 13, 2019, PREPA filed its proposed IRP along with supporting workpapers and other documentation.¹² On March 14, 2019, the Energy Bureau issued a Resolution and Order in which it determined that the IRP filing was incomplete.¹³ After a series of procedural events, on June 7, 2019, PREPA filed the IRP that was the subject of consideration in the IRP Docket.¹⁴ All proceedings were held in accordance with the applicable statutes and regulations, including Regulation 9021.¹⁵

⁸ Final IRP Order at pag. 14, ¶ 91; Energy Bureau, *Regulation on Integrated Resource Plan for the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority*, No. 9021 (August 24, 2018) (“Regulation 9021”), Sec. 2.02(K)(2).

⁹ *Puerto Rico Energy Transformation and RELIEF Act*, Act No. 57 approved on May 27, 2014, as amended (“Act 57-2014”).

¹⁰ Final IRP Order at pag. 1, ¶ 1.

¹¹ *Id.*

¹² *Id.*

¹³ *Id.*

¹⁴ *Id.*

¹⁵ Energy Bureau, *Regulation on Integrated Resource Plan for the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority*, No. 9021 (April 24, 2018) (“Regulation 9021”).

On August 24, 2020, the Energy Bureau entered the Final IRP Order in which it approved in part and rejected in part PREPA's proposed IRP.¹⁶ The Energy Bureau also modified PREPA's proposed Action Plan and ordered the adoption and implementation of a Modified Action Plan as detailed in the Final IRP Order.¹⁷ The Modified Action Plan is discussed in detail below.

B. Modified Action Plan

With the Final IRP Order, the Energy Bureau approved the Modified Action Plan. As mentioned above, the Modified Action Plan consists of specific directives to PREPA to be implemented during the next five (5) years, including the following key components:

- Development by PREPA, with the Energy Bureau's guidance and approval, of a detailed procurement plan for renewable resources and battery energy storage, to achieve compliance with the renewable portfolio standard (RPS);
- Establishment of a new proceeding to explore how best to optimize potential distribution and transmission system expenditures in support of the MiniGrid concept if and where it would be most valuable and cost-effective for customers. This proceeding will include assessment of distributed resource resiliency complementary to potential MiniGrid transmission investments;
- Determination of retirement schedules for older oil-fired generating units (with approval of conversion of some units to synchronous condensing operation), which will be dependent on achieving specific reliability milestones: completion of new battery energy storage capacity, potential additional peaking capacity, and obtaining DR resources and peak load reduction through EE provision;
- Determining the sequence of efforts required and allowed with respect to how PREPA conducts preliminary permitting and engineering for utilization of the Palo Seco site for generation, storage, or other uses. This action shall not in any way delay the completion of the first RFP issuance for renewable energy and battery energy storage resources;
- Establishing EE programs that grow from initial quick-start programs to aggressive and comprehensive approaches;
- Enabling of DR;
- Conditional approval of certain non-MiniGrid aspects of PREPA's T&D planning;

¹⁶ Final IRP Order at pag. 1, ¶ 1.

¹⁷ *Id.*

- Disapproval of certain "fixed decision" generation resource inclusions in PREPA's Proposed Action Plan; and
- Disapproval of related LNG infrastructure inclusions in PREPA's Proposed Action Plan.¹⁸

IV. IMPLEMENTATION OF THE MODIFIED ACTION PLAN

PREPA is implementing the Modified Action Plan in compliance with the Final IRP Order.

The next sections detail processes that are underway in furtherance of PREPA's compliance and the Energy Bureau's oversight.¹⁹

A. Renewables Generation and Battery Storage RFP

In the Final IRP Order, the Energy Bureau directed PREPA to develop competitive solicitation processes for procurement of renewable resources and battery energy storage resources in support of "no regrets" findings for these resources from the IRP and in support of meeting Act 17-2019 targets for renewable energy installations, and exceeding those targets were economical.²⁰ PREPA was ordered to, on or before sixty (60) days from the notification date of the Final IRP Order, submit a draft renewable resource and battery energy storage resource procurement plan (Procurement Plan) to the Energy Bureau.²¹ PREPA was also ordered to file a status report on the

¹⁸ *Id.* at ¶ 92.

¹⁹ On December 2, 2021, the *Energy Bureau entered the Final Resolution on Reconsiderations* of the Approved IRP (the "Order on Reconsiderations") in which, among other things, it reiterated the importance of both the potential demand response (DR) resource represented by large commercial and industrial customers and the importance of PREPA reporting, in detail, regarding its efforts to develop this resource in its status reports.¹⁹ The Order on Reconsiderations directed PREPA to file, on or before December 30, 2020, a comprehensive status report on its efforts to undertake an aggressive and expeditious negotiation, coordination, and scheduling process with high demand industrial and commercial clients regarding demand response during the peak demand season of 2020.¹⁹ Although this project is not directly related to the 10-Year Plan or the Revised 10-Year Plan, it is important to note that, to date, PREPA has complied with all the Final IRP Order's directives. On December 30, 2021, filed a *Motion to Submit Demand Response Status Report in Compliance with the Final Resolution on Reconsiderations*. The report details the efforts undertaken by PREPA to coordinate with certain commercial and industrial clients regarding demand response during the peak demand season of 2020.

²⁰ Final IRP Order at pag. 16, ¶ 97.

²¹ *Id.* at pag. 16, ¶ 98.

development of its draft Procurement Plan no later than thirty (30) days from the notification of the Final IRP Order.²²

On September 23, 2020, as required by the Final IRP Order, PREPA filed a document titled *Presentation of Status Report on the Development of PREPA's Draft Procurement Plan* in the IRP Docket. PREPA requested the Energy Bureau to schedule a Technical Conference to discuss the status report submitted as part of the September 23 Motion.

On October 6, 2020, the Energy Bureau opened a case to oversee the implementation of the Final IRP Order and Modified Action Plan, including the Procurement Plan and renewables requests for proposals. *In Re: Implementation of the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority Integrated Recourse Plan and Modified Action Plan*, case no. NEPR-MI-2020-0012 (the “Renewables Docket”).²³

Thereafter, on October 9, 2020, the Energy Bureau held a Technical Conference in response to PREPA's request to obtain feedback from the Energy Bureau. With the benefit of the Energy Bureau's comments, on October 23, 2020, PREPA filed a document titled *Motion Submitting Draft Procurement Plan*. As part of the October 23 Motion, PREPA submitted its Draft Procurement Plan.

After several procedural events, on December 8, 2020, the Energy Bureau entered a Resolution and Order in which it ordered PREPA to incorporate certain changes to the Draft Procurement Plan into a Final Procurement Plan and ensure that the final RFP is modified to conform to the changes incorporated into the Final Procurement Plan.

²² *Id.*

²³ The motions and orders listed in the rest of this subpart's narrative were filed or entered in the Renewables Docket.

On January 26, 2021, the Energy Bureau approved the final Tranche 1 RFP. However, on January 27, 2021, the Financial Oversight and Management Board for Puerto Rico (the “Oversight Board”) sent a letter to PREPA related to the Final Procurement Plan and the Tranche 1 RFP.²⁴ On January 29, 2021, PREPA informed the Energy Bureau of the letter and the Oversight Board’s recommendations.²⁵ The Energy Bureau evaluated the Oversight Board’s recommendations and directed PREPA to submit the Trach 1 RFP package with the Oversight Board’s requested modification.²⁶ PREPA complied with the Energy Bureau’s order and submitted the package with the modifications for the Energy Bureau’s consideration.²⁷ Currently, PREPA is waiting for the Energy Bureau’s decision on the Tranche 1 RFP with the Oversight Board’s comments incorporated. PREPA is prepared to open the Tranche 1 RFP once the Energy Bureau approves it.

B. Palo Seco Combined Cycle Studies

The Final IRP Order provides that the Energy Bureau found PREPA’s request to include a new gas-fired combined cycle (CC) unit at Palo Seco by 2025 as not fully supported.²⁸ However, the Energy Bureau determined that, notwithstanding that determination, to protect against the uncertainty of near-future solar PV and battery energy storage price outcomes, or other potential reliability concerns, out of an abundance of caution, PREPA was authorized to begin preliminary work on a new fossil fuel-powered unit and/or energy storage at Palo Seco. The Energy Bureau determined that PREPA could expend up to five million dollars (\$5 million) for preliminary

²⁴ See *Motion Submitting Letter from the Financial Oversight and Management Board for Puerto Rico Regarding Procurement Plan and Renewables RFP Recommendations*.

²⁵ *Id.*

²⁶ February 3, 2021 Resolution and Order.

²⁷ See *Motion in Compliance with Order Submitting Renewables RFP Package with Modifications Requested by the Financial Oversight and Management Board for Puerto Rico and Draft Communications* filed on February 5, 2021.

²⁸ Final IRP Order at pag. 3, ¶ 14

economic, siting, permitting, and planning analysis regarding a new fossil fuel-powered unit at Palo Seco.²⁹ Pursuant to the Final IRP Order, the analysis performed by PREPA must include any associated infrastructure, including but not limited to fuel delivery infrastructure.³⁰ Further, the Energy Bureau warned PREPA that it must be highly cost-efficient with any preliminary permitting and engineering activity it undertakes, and that these activities shall not interfere with or delay the procurement of solar PV (or other renewable energy) and battery energy storage resources as directed in the Modified Action Plan.³¹ PREPA was also ordered to submit quarterly reports, commencing no later than January 1, 2021, describing the work performed, the staffing or consultant resources used to complete the preliminary work and the status of the overall preliminary efforts.³²

After requesting an extension of the deadline to comply with the reporting requirement, on January 15, 2021, PREPA submitted a *Report on Preliminary Work for a New Combined Cycle Power Plan at Palo Seco* in the IRP Docket. In the report, PREPA explains that it is working with the planning and studies for the construction of a new dual-fuel, combined cycle power plant in the San Juan area with a capacity between 300 and 400 MW. PREPA also informed that on October 16, 2020, FEMA obligated \$13,507,500 of mitigation funds under Section 404 for the planning, design, and studies for a new combined cycle power plant. This initial includes an initial obligation of \$5,130,000 and an increment of \$8,377,500. PREPA has estimated that this initial phase should be completed on or around September 2021. Pursuant to FEMA's obligation, if the new CC plant is built, the costs shall not exceed \$572,377,050 and would be 100% federally funded.

²⁹ *Id.*

³⁰ *Id.*

³¹ *Id.* at ¶ 14.

³² *Id.* at pag. 11, ¶ 74.

On February 1, 2021, the Energy Bureau issued a Resolution and Order commencing a case to monitor PREPA's development of the preliminary studies for a new combined cycle power plan in Palo Seco, *In Re: Preliminary Studies for New Combined Cycle Power Plant in Palo Seco*, case no. NEPR-MI-2021-0003 (the "Palo Seco Docket"). In the Palo Seco Docket, the Energy Bureau ordered PREPA to submit detailed quarterly reports on the status of the development of the studies for the CCGT in the San Juan area.³³ The first quarterly report was filed today.³⁴

C. Optimization Proceedings

In the Final IRP Order, the Energy Bureau also accepted PREPA's MiniGrid concept as a mechanism to provide resiliency during the loss of transmission or distribution system operations due to severe weather events.³⁵ Nevertheless, the Energy Bureau did not approve the MiniGrid design/construct, as proposed by PREPA, due to its lack of optimization of MiniGrid transmission system expenditures and distributed resiliency approaches. The Energy Bureau noted that it would initiate an optimization proceeding.³⁶

However, the Energy Bureau recognized the need for transmission system upgrades and therefore accepted PREPA's plans to spend up to \$2 billion for transmission hardening of existing elements and aging infrastructure.³⁷ The Bureau stressed that the acceptance couldn't be construed as an approval of the specific expenditures listed in the Proposed IRP and PREPA was ordered to

³³ Palo Seco Docket, Resolution and Order entered on February 1, 2021, pag. 3.

³⁴ *Id.*, Motion in Compliance with Order Entered on February 1, 2021 filed on February 16, 2021.

³⁵ Final IRP Order at pag. 13, ¶ 86.

³⁶ *Id.* at pag. 19, ¶ 117 ("The Energy Bureau will open a MiniGrid Optimization proceeding (Optimization Proceeding) following the issuance of this Final Resolution and Order. The Energy Bureau FINDS that this proceeding will be the forum to further explore the costs, benefits, and alternative configurations of combinations of wires (i.e., hardened T&D assets) and local distributed resources that best serve Puerto Ricans in safeguarding against the effects of short-term and extended electric system outages that can occur as a result of severe weather events. The Energy Bureau EXPECTS that this proceeding will commence in the Fall of 2020.")

³⁷ *Id.* at pag. 13, ¶ 86.

timely seek the Energy Bureau's approval for the specific expenditures prior to making any final planning and investments.³⁸

On December 22, 2020, the Energy Bureau entered a Resolution and Order commencing the Optimization Proceedings. *In Re: Optimization Proceeding of MiniGrid Transmission and Distribution Investments*, case no. NEPR-MI-2020-0016 (the "Optimization Docket"). The purpose of the Optimization Proceeding is to begin a sequential process of comparing two approaches to attain increased electric power system resiliency: (i) one based on transmission system hardening, coupled with distribution system reinforcements, to reliably deliver broadly localized power to loads even after extreme weather events have severed the transmission system links between regions; and (ii) another based on providing many points of site-specific or microgrid provided distributed generation and storage to serve critical load and potentially other loads, also after an extreme weather event has severed the transmission system.³⁹ As stated in the initial Resolution and Order, the Energy Bureau expects that some of the MiniGrid transmission projects identified by PREPA as part of the IRP Docket will comprise the best solution for some, if not many, of the identified "critical" loads, and potentially "priority" and "balance" loads that exist within the most densely loaded regions of PREPA's system.⁴⁰ Further, it is of the utmost importance to stress that the Energy Bureau recognizes in the first order of the Optimization Docket that "quickly identifying and approving expenditures for the most technically and economically appropriate set of these projects can likely allow PREPA and PREPA's ratepayers to more speedily take advantage of funding available from the Federal Emergency

³⁸ *Id.* at ¶ 87

³⁹ Optimization Docket at pags. 1-2.

⁴⁰ *Id.*

Management Agency ("FEMA") and potentially other federal agencies.”⁴¹

V. FEMA FUNDING TO HARDEN AND REPAIR PREPA’S INFRASTRUCTURE

In September 2017, Puerto Rico’s electric system was completely devastated by the landfall of hurricanes Irma and María, resulting in the longest electrical blackout in modern U.S. history. Following the aftermath of the hurricanes, PREPA worked closely with local and federal agencies, utility partners, contractors, and FEMA to restore electric service. Although electric service was reestablished successfully, the system was restored using temporary or partial repairs. This approach, while necessary due to the urgent nature of the work, did not remediate the permanent damages suffered during the storms. Puerto Rico’s electric grid remains very vulnerable to future catastrophic events. As it is well known, in efforts to mitigate the economic, fiscal, and social impacts of future storms, FEMA announced its plans to award two of its largest grants ever to rebuild Puerto Rico’s electric system. As a part of this plan, a funding obligation of \$10.7 billion was earmarked for PREPA to repair and/or replace its electrical systems including thousands of miles of transmission and distribution lines, electrical substations, power generation systems, office buildings, and other grid improvements under FEMA’s Public Assistance Alternative Procedures, pursuant to Section 428 of the Stafford Act.

FEMA and Puerto Rico’s Central Office for Recovery, Reconstruction and Resiliency (“COR3”) requested from PREPA a 90-days’ work plan to be consistent with the utility’s 10-Year Infrastructure Plan, to be submitted within 90 days of the funding obligation announcement. These plans are required by FEMA for PREPA to be eligible to receive the \$10.7 billion funding obligation. As part of the requirements, the 10-Year Plan must outline PREPA’s proposed investments in Puerto Rico’s electric systems over the next 10 years. The December 10-Year Plan

⁴¹ *Id.* (Emphasis provided)

includes all of PREPA's planned capital investments regardless of whether these are eligible for federal funds, will be funded through PREPA's necessary maintenance expense program or will be developed by private investments (like PPOAs).

To satisfy this requirement, PREPA developed the December 10-Year Plan and the December 90-Day Work Plan. Both plans were submitted for FEMA's review and consideration on December 7, 2020. The December 10-Year Plan is a thorough roadmap that provides an overview of PREPA's infrastructure investment strategy; the context for the selection of projects included in the plan; a prioritized list of the proposed infrastructure projects; the expected benefits, projected costs, key project milestones, and the estimated time horizon for each project; and a brief overview of PREPA's approach to manage execution of this program and the portfolio of projects described therein. Although the plan is only required by COR3 and FEMA to address PREPA's plans for the 428-obligated funds, PREPA took the approach of developing a strategy that includes all planned infrastructure investments regardless of funding source. This was done to provide a holistic view of the work to be performed on PREPA's system and a view of how the 428 funds will support PREPA's overall infrastructure investment strategy and approach. Projects included in the 10-Year Plan include funding from FEMA 428 mitigation programs and from Section 404 of the Stafford Act. This section authorizes FEMA's Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP), which is separate and distinct from Section 428. For example, Section 404 grants are not based on damage to any particular facility of an applicant. Priorities for Section 404 Hazard Mitigation funding are established by Puerto Rico and grant eligibility is determined in accordance with the 2015 Hazard Mitigation Assistance Guidance.

The purpose of the Section 404 program is to reduce the risk of future loss of life and property from natural disasters. FEMA has announced that \$2.999 billion are available to fund

Section 404 hazard mitigation projects in Puerto Rico. As the administrator of Section 404 funding, Puerto Rico, through COR3, establishes project priority for the use of available funding. To date, \$450,000,000 of the available Section 404 funding is prioritized for mitigation projects related to power infrastructure. While FEMA requires a 25 percent cost share from the local entity for approved Section 404 projects, Puerto Rico can use Community Development Block Grant (“CDBG”) funding to cover this cost share, meaning eligible applicants such as PREPA may not itself have to provide any portion of the eligible costs for an approved project.

Other projects included in the 10-Year Plan will be funded through the HUD Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program, and PREPA’s Necessary Maintenance Expense (NME) program. For example, the renewable generation and battery energy storage projects included in page 47 of the 10-Year Plan do not require any funding from PREPA but were included in the plan to provide a complete overview of PREPA’s generation plans and how all these plans converge and align.

As previously stated, the 10-Year Plan is not a straitjacket to PREPA’s futures plans. It is a live document that allows for the incorporation of changes as PREPA deems necessary and allows for PREPA to update and resubmit any revision to the workplan and the 10-Year Plan to COR3 and FEMA every 90 days after the initial submission.

VI. REVISED 10-YEAR PLAN OVERVIEW

On January 25, 2021, the Energy Bureau initiated the captioned case.⁴² In the order opening the docket, the Energy Bureau recounts that it became aware of the 10-Year Plan through the media, and as such, it entered an order in the Optimization Docket directing PREPA to, among other, file an exact copy of the 10-Year Plan that was submitted to FEMA and attend a Technical

⁴² Resolution and Order entered on January 25, 2021 (the “January 25 Order”).

Conference to discuss how the 10-Year Plan was aligned with the Final IRP Order. PREPA complied with the order, it made the filing and attended the Technical Conference.

With the January 25, 2021 Order, PREPA was informed of the Energy Bureau's determination that certain projects included in the 10-Year Plan were not consistent with the Final IRP Order and the Modified Action Plan.⁴³ Further, the Energy Bureau ordered PREPA to:

1. Immediately abstain from exceeding the scope and the budget allocated in the Approved IRP and Modified Action Plan for the preliminary studies for a combined cycle generation plant in Palo Seco;
2. Immediately abstain from making any capital investments in its generation fleet or the T&D system without the prior approval of the Energy Bureau;
3. Immediately abstain from using studies and plans as collateral attacks to the Approved IRP and Modified Action Plan; and
4. Revise the 10-Year Plan to correct its noncompliance with the Approved IRP and Modified Action Plan. PREPA must file a revised copy of the 10-Year Plan in the instant docket, for Energy Bureau's review and approval, on or before February 15, 2021.

PREPA is in compliance with all of these four orders. Moreover, PREPA presents this motion to the Energy Bureau in compliance with the instruction to amend the 10-Year Plan and submit such amendment for the Energy Bureau's review and approval. The Revised 10-Year Plan is attached hereto as Exhibit A for the Energy Bureau's evaluation and approval. PREPA asserts that the Revised 10-Year is aligned with the Final IRP Order and the Modified Action Plan and therefore, requests the Energy Bureau to determine that the Revised 10-Year Plan complies with the Final IRP Order and Modified Action Plan. Furthermore, PREPA requests that it be allowed

⁴³ *Id.* at pag. 9-10.

to move forward with the plans included in the Revised 10-Year Plan and to make capital investments to complete the projects, including requesting federal funds for eligible projects.

VII. PROJECTS MENTIONED BY THE ENERGY BUREAU IN THE JANUARY 25 ORDER

A. Generation Projects

In the January 25 Order, the Energy Bureau identified several near-term generation projects and actions that are “[in]consistent with the Approved IRP and Modified Action Plan.”⁴⁴ The following discussion has the purpose of identifying those projects in the 10-Year Plan, explain to the Energy Bureau the reason behind the decisions. In this section PREPA also discusses how it addresses the Energy Bureau’s directives in the Revised 10-Year Plan.

i. New Renewable Generation and Battery Energy Storage Resources

Projects as described in the December 10-Year Plan:

Renewable Generation Projects⁴⁵

In the Final Resolution and Order on the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority’s Integrated Resource Plan issued in July 2020, the Puerto Rico Energy Bureau orders PREPA to develop solar PV and battery storage resources in accordance with competitive procurement protocols. In addition, Act 82-2010 establishes RPS targets by year, which require significant additions of renewable generation to the PREPA system in the near and mid-terms. Six tranches of solar PV or other renewable (450 MW, 500 MW, 500 MW, 500 MW, 500 MW, and 750 MW, respectively) have been identified for the near- and mid-terms to be distributed throughout the island. Currently these projects are still in the early stages of the public bid and a request for proposal to private entities is expected to be issued in 2021 Q1/Q2. The exact location of each project has not yet been identified since the location of each project will be determined by its developer.

Estimated COR3/FEMA Submission: 2021 Q1

Estimated Cost: \$00.00 (Note: Cost to be estimated in a future plan update)

⁴⁴ January 25 2021 Order at pag. 10.

⁴⁵ 10 Year-Plan at pag. 47.

Battery Energy Storage⁴⁶

In the Final Resolution and Order on the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority's Integrated Resource Plan issued in July 2020, the Puerto Rico Energy Bureau orders PREPA to develop solar PV and battery storage resources in accordance with competitive procurement protocols. In addition, Act 82-2010 establishes RPS targets by year, which require significant additions of battery storage to the PREPA system in the near- and mid-terms. Six tranches of battery storage (225 MW, 250 MW, 250 MW, 250 MW, 125 MW, and 125 MW, respectively) have been identified for the near- and midterms to be distributed throughout the island. Currently these projects are still in the early stages of the public bid and a request for proposal to private entities is expected to be issued in 2021 Q1/Q2. The exact location of each project has not yet been identified. Once battery storage projects are added to the system, these will also provide some grid support.

Estimated COR3/FEMA Submission: 2021 Q3

Estimated Cost: \$00.00 (Note: Cost to be estimated in a future plan update)

PREPA requests the Energy Bureau to allow it to keep the renewables generation and battery storage projects in the 10-Year Plan without requesting funding from PREPA NME or FEMA sections 404, 406 and 428 funds because the renewables generation and battery storage projects are not contrary to the Final IRP Order or the Modified Action Plan.

After evaluating PREPA's Proposed IRP, the Energy Bureau found that PREPA's plan to use RFPs to solicit solar PV and battery energy resource capabilities in line with its need for these resources was acceptable.⁴⁷ The Energy Bureau also found that competitive procurements to obtain PPOAs for these resources must be open to all forms of renewable energy, including, but not limited to wind, hydro, solar PV, VPPs, and storage.⁴⁸ In accordance to that finding, the Energy Bureau ordered "PREPA to develop competitive solicitation processes for procurement of new renewable resources and battery energy storage resources in support of "no regrets" findings for

⁴⁶ *Id.*

⁴⁷ Final IRP Order at pag. 266, ¶ 858.

⁴⁸ *Id.* (Emphasis provided)

these resources from the IRP and in support of meeting Act 17-2019 targets for renewable energy installations and exceeding those targets where economical.”⁴⁹

The Final Procurement Plan and the Tranche 1 RFP were developed by PREPA and approved by the Energy Bureau in accordance with the order cited above. Wherefore, in compliance with the Final IRP Order, PREPA is in the process of procuring PPOAs for new renewable resources and battery energy storage resources.

Neither the 10-Year Plan, nor the Revised 10-Year Plan, provide for investment to acquire new renewable resources and battery energy storage resources because PREPA, in accordance with the Final IRP Order, will not make capital investments to acquire new renewable resources and battery energy storage resources. Generation from new renewable resources and battery energy storage resources will be obtained with PPOAs. However, one of the investment focus areas of PREPA, as reflected in the December 10-Year Plan and the Revised 10-Year Plan, is the renewable integration.⁵⁰ PREPA is committed with supporting and enabling the rapid and substantial increase of renewable generation and energy storage. Examples of the projects that will be supported with the investments included in the 10-Year Plan are renewables, hydroelectric, battery storage, emergency back-up generation and flexible dispatch generation.⁵¹ However, and as the Energy Bureau noted in the Order, PREPA has not listed, in the 10-Year Plan, specific projects that will support the integration of renewables because it's not feasible at this time.⁵² PREPA cannot include specific projects to support the integration of the renewables generation that will be integrated

⁴⁹ *Id.* at ¶ 859.

⁵⁰ December 10-Year Plan at pag. 24, Table 3.2; *See also* Revised 10-Year Plan, pag. 26, Table 3.2.

⁵¹ *Id.*

⁵² January 25 Order at FN. 40 (“*Id.* at p. 47. The 10-Year Plan does not include a timeline for when infrastructure associated to renewable energy and/ or batteries would be requested or any alternate project in case the procurement does not go as planned, albeit statutory changes allow for alternate projects (*i.e.* non-thermal generation).”)

soon after the award of Tranche 1 RFP because PREPA does not know the specific sites in which those projects will be constructed and interconnected. Nevertheless, once the proponents and locations are selected and the Tranche RFP is awarded, PREPA will revisit its capital investment plans and include any projects that will support the integration.

Moreover, it is unlikely that FEMA will approve a proposal by PREPA to use FEMA Section 406/428 or 404 funding to develop renewable energy projects of private (investor-owned) partners, like energy sellers with PPOAs. While it is possible, with FEMA approval, to arrange for the transfer of the FEMA funding or projects constructed with funding provided under the Section 428 fixed estimate, the transferee must be a government or non-profit entity that is an “eligible applicant” under the applicable regulation.⁵³ While an eligible applicant can contract with for-profit entities to construct a facility approved for funding under Section 406/428 or 404, the legal responsibility for the facility must remain with the eligible applicant. Additionally, should PREPA construct a renewable energy project and subsequently transfer or sell title of the project to a private entity, FEMA will likely require PREPA to repay a portion of the funding used to construct the project.⁵⁴

PREPA amended both projects and, as reflected in the Revised 10-Year Plan, the capacity to be procured for both the renewable generation and battery energy storage tranches was revised to conform them to the approved capacity that PREPA must procure in accordance with the Final IRP Order and PREB’s ruling in the Renewables Docket.

⁵³ “The following entities are eligible to apply for assistance under the State public assistance grant: (a) State and local governments. (b) Private non-profit organizations or institutions which own or operate a private nonprofit facility as defined in § 206.221(e). (c) Indian tribes or authorized tribal organizations and Alaska Native villages or organizations, but not Alaska Native Corporations, the ownership of which is vested in private individuals.” 44 C.F.R. § 206.222

⁵⁴ 2 C.F.R. § 200.311(c).

Renewable Energy Storage

In the Final Resolution and Order on the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority's Integrated Resource Plan issued August 24, 2020, the Puerto Rico Energy Bureau ordered PREPA to develop solar PV and battery storage resources in accordance with competitive procurement protocols. In addition, Act 82-2010 establishes RPS targets by year, which require significant additions of renewable generation to the PREPA system in the near- and mid-terms. Six RFP tranches of solar PV or other renewable (1000 MW, 500 MW, 500 MW, 500 MW, 500 MW, and 750 MW, respectively) have been identified for the near- and mid-terms to be distributed throughout the island. The RFP for the first tranche is expected to be issued in 2021 Q1. These projects and assets will be owned by 3rd parties who will enter into offtake agreements with PREPA.

Battery Energy Storage

In the Final Resolution and Order on the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority's Integrated Resource Plan issued August 24, 2020, the Puerto Rico Energy Bureau orders PREPA to develop solar PV and battery storage resources in accordance with competitive procurement protocols. In addition, Act 82-2010 establishes RPS targets by year, which require significant additions of battery storage to the PREPA system in the near- and mid-terms. Six RFP tranches of battery storage (500 MW, 250 MW, 250 MW, 250 MW, 150 MW, and 125 MW, respectively) have been identified for the near- and mid-terms to be distributed throughout the island. Currently these projects are still in the early stages of the public bid and a request for proposal to private entities is expected to be issued in 2021 Q1/Q2. The exact location of each project has not yet been identified. Once battery storage projects are added to the system, these will also provide some grid support. These projects and assets will be owned by 3rd parties who will enter into offtake agreements with PREPA.

Pursuant to the above, PREPA respectfully requests the Energy Bureau to reconsider the decision that not requesting funds for renewable energy or battery storage is inconsistent with the Final IRP Order and the Modified Action Plan and allow PREPA to keep it in the Revised 10-Year

⁵⁵ Revised 10-Year Plan, pags. 48-49.

Plan as a generation project to be completed in the near term without any funding from PREPA NME or FEMA sections 404, 406 and 428 funds.

ii. Generation in the North

Project as described in the December 10-Year Plan:

New Combined-Cycle Near San Juan

The combined cycle plant to be located in the San Juan area addresses a power generation crisis created by the weakening of Puerto Rico's electric grid caused by hurricane María. This project includes the installation of a 400 MW state-of-the-art combined cycle power plant with dual fuel capabilities (with natural gas as the primary fuel and diesel as a secondary fuel) designed to the most current engineering codes and standards and capable of withstanding major catastrophic events, such as hurricanes, high wind events, and major seismic events.⁵⁶

Estimated COR3/FEMA Submission: 2021 Q3

Estimated Cost: \$572.40 (Note: funded through FEMA 404 program)

As mandated in the Energy Bureau's Final IRP Order, PREPA is performing preliminary economic, siting, permitting, and planning analysis for this new generation units, which would be fully funded under FEMA's Section 404 for mitigation projects. Expenditures during this phase will not exceed \$5 million.

The studies and planning being performed for a new combined cycle plant seeks the objective of satisfying the potential need of reliable generation that currently is provided by aged, unreliable thermal units. The new units would serve as a dependable transition to the increasing inclusion of renewable generation and the retirement of 8 thermal units by 2025, including units 7, 8, 9, and 10 in San Juan, units 3 and 4 in Palo Seco, and units 1 and 2 in Aguirre. Coal-fired AES units and Aguirre's combined cycle units complete the retirement plan for this decade, totaling 12 units.

⁵⁶ December 10-Year Plan at pag. 40.

Also, the planning being performed for these new units will be a safeguard to mitigate for the uncertainty of prices that will result from the upcoming renewables and BESS competitive process. The new combined cycle preliminary works are being implemented in parallel with the renewables Tranche 1 RFP issuance.

As part of the analysis being completed, we are considering the feasibility and risks of the installation of a natural gas pipeline to supply fuel to the new power plant. The analysis considers the best location for these combined cycle units. The Final IRP Order proposes Palo Seco as the location for the new units, but San Juan Power Plant is being considered as an alternative.

Results of the analysis and studies will be presented to PREB for discussion.

Revised 10-Year Plan Description:

New Thermal Generation Feasibility Study ⁵⁷

This feasibility study will be conducted in alignment with the PREB's IRP Resolution and Order and will be focused on preliminary economic, siting, permitting, and planning analysis regarding a new fossil-fuel powered unit near the San Juan area (Palo Seco). The feasibility study will take into account responses to PREPA's renewable energy and energy storage RFPs; indicative pricing for combined-cycle, reciprocating engine, and combustion engine generators; siting and feasibility analysis for fueling infrastructure; opportunity cost to siting energy storage systems or renewable resources near the San Juan area (Palo Seco) as a result of fossil-fuel generation development near the San Juan area (Palo Seco); and recommendations regarding specific resources that may be needed near the San Juan area (Palo Seco) in order to most cost-effectively compliment the resources being developed and deployed elsewhere in Puerto Rico.

Estimated COR3/FEMA Submission: N/A

Estimated Cost: \$572.40 (Note: funded through FEMA 404 program)⁵⁸

⁵⁸ Revised 10-Year Plan, pag. 42.

PREPA respectfully requests the Energy Bureau to approve the New Thermal Generation Feasibility Study project as included in the Revised 10-Year Plan.

iii. Installation of thermal Peaking Units

Project as described in the December 10-Year Plan:

New Emergency Generation / Peaker Units⁵⁹

This project includes the installation of dual fuel (natural gas and diesel) gas turbines each with an output of approximately 30 MW, for a total expected generation capacity of approximately 330 MW across five PREPA-owned locations: Daguao, Jobos, Vega Baja, Yabucoa, and a location in the San Juan area. During Phase I of this project, a more in-depth technical study will be conducted as to the optimum permanent locations for the units and to investigate the possibility to procure mobile Generation Turbines that can be deployed as necessary around the island to strategic locations where power may be needed following an emergency, such as hurricanes and earthquakes. This will also support distributed generation alternatives, allowing them to be integrated in the new T&D grid as the system is transformed to make it more robust and resilient.

Estimated COR3/FEMA Submission: 2021 Q3

Estimated Cost: \$280.70 (Note: funded through FEMA 404 program)

After Hurricane María hit the Island, the existing peaking units were gradually started once the powerlines became available, creating power islands or microgrids to supply power to critical loads such as hospitals, shelters, and government emergency response centers. To support this strategy, the US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) installed mobile simple-cycle units in Palo Seco and Yabucoa power plants, which were integrated to the grid as concurrent grid repairs allowed. That strategy proved that the creation of power hubs helps accelerate the recovery of the system when the transmission and distribution lines are severely damaged. FEMA approved \$280.7 million under Section 404 for hazard mitigation to fully cover the costs of the replacement of eleven Frame 5 units (other than those in Aguirre and Costa Sur, which are covered under

⁵⁹ December 10-Year Plan at pag. 40.

Section 428 funds) to avoid the risk of delaying the recovery due to unreliable or unavailable units. It also mitigates the risk of higher expenses related to leases and operation and maintenance of mobile units, which had an approximate cost of \$2 million, to supply temporary generation, per unit per month from FEMA funds after the hurricanes' events in 2017. If the units are not replaced, it may prevent FEMA from responding under a similar emergency scenario where the grid is not interconnected, and it would be required to energize the Island through microgrids. The above would have a serious impact in the response to provide power to critical loads, potentially threatening the lives of thousands, and would severely affect the economy of the Island.

Hazard mitigation concerns require emergency backup power generation. A combined-cycle plant in San Juan, coupled with replacement thermal generation units at the peaking locations have been fully vetted and approved by FEMA as a recognized, reliable, mitigation solution in the aftermath of future hurricanes or other natural catastrophes. The aged, unreliable existing Frame 5 gas turbine units would be replaced by new simple-cycle emergency units that would provide microgrid power in case of an emergency that would prevent the effective interconnection of the whole grid. PREPA would seek the procurement of mobile units that could replace the existing Frame 5 units in their current locations. This will offer the flexibility of a temporary or permanent relocation in case of an energy emergency or for the support of transmission lines repairs. Following the Optimization Process that will be performed by PREB, these units may be relocated to their most efficient locations for emergency and grid support duties.

Electrical system studies are being performed as part of the analysis related to the Modified Action Plan and several significant electrical stability challenges are expected with its implementation. The study includes recommendations to help minimize the risk of stability issues. The sensitivity of the grid to large frequency variations and local electrical grid strength across

Puerto Rico at higher renewable penetration levels are analyzed. As generating units were retired, the rate of change of frequency increased significantly and the frequency reached underfrequency load shedding levels (*i.e.*, power outages to customer service). In addition to the impact on system inertia and frequency, local weak grid conditions were observed as thermal generations were retired or taken offline and the number of inverter-based generation increased.

With this hazard mitigation award, there is an opportunity to successfully integrate new emergency generators into PREPA's fleet that provide multi-purpose solutions to resolve many issues our utility is facing for the transformed future and at the same time, optimize the use of federal funding. With this influx of funding, the issues that are easily addressed with new, efficient and modern thermal machines at grid support centers and near the San Juan area (Palo Seco) are as follows:

- Rotating machines with inertia are necessary to maintain electric grid inertia & stability. These machines may be fired, or unfired and provide needed inertial support to the grid.
- Loss of MWs and low-cost production facilities due to mandates for the retirement of base loaded coal and oil-fired generation plants present both economic and technical concerns to address. These new dual-fuel fired machines will provide a mechanism, when needed, to add MWs when necessary and do so with low-cost natural gas fuel.
- The existing oil-fired units are not well-suited to rapid load changes expected with future intermittent renewable generation facilities. New machines will be fit-for-purpose and suit the renewable integration requirements. These machines would operate on cloudy days, during the night, or as needed to support

the system when renewable production is low. This was evidenced on November 10, 2020 when the solar generation peak was only 37 MW, compared to 90 MW a week before and 117 MW on May 15, 2020.

- PREPA cannot achieve future fleet efficiency requirements without modern, more efficient thermal generation technology. A generation fleet is required for emergency backup power generation.

Following the Energy Bureau's Resolution and Order of August 24, 2020, which approves the replacement of 81 MW of the Frame 5 units, PREPA will proceed with the analysis for the replacement of this generation capacity to maximize its benefits to the grid.

Revised 10-Year Plan Description:

Mobile Emergency Generation⁶⁰

This project includes the procurement of 11 mobile emergency generation units – each with an output of approximately 30 MW for a total of 330 MW – to replace the existing gas turbines and potentially be deployed as necessary around the island to strategic locations where power may be needed following an emergency, such as hurricanes and earthquakes. After Hurricane Maria, the Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) installed mobile generation units on the island to support emergency power generation to critical facilities until repairs could be made to damaged infrastructure. These mobile generating units were critical to restoring power but cost approximately \$2M per unit per month to lease and operate. As FEMA has provided funding through its 404 Hazard Mitigation program for PREPA to secure emergency generation assets, they may not cover costs to lease emergency units should they be required in the future. PREPA will work with the PREB to determine the optimal locations for these mobile generating units as part of the Optimization Process. These mobile generating units will also support distributed generation alternatives, allowing them to be integrated in the new T&D grid as the system is transformed to make it more robust and resilient. This project will also include demolition of any existing gas turbine infrastructure approved for replacement with new mobile emergency generation units.

⁶⁰ Revised 10-Year Plan at pag. 42.

Accordingly, PREPA respectfully requests the Energy Bureau to approve the Mobile Emergency Generation project as included in the Revised 10-Year Plan.

iv. Improvements to several plants

Project as described in the December 10-Year Plan:

Power Plants Other Repairs/Replacement Projects⁶¹

This project is designed to deliver required improvements and upgrades at the following power plants: 1) Cambalache, 2) Aguirre, 3) San Juan, 4) Palo Seco, 5) Costa Sur, and 6) the Aguirre combined cycle power plant. Project work includes site assessments of current systems and installed equipment, verification of code compliance, review of current drawings (mechanical, electrical, and instrument and controls), interview of plant operators to assess current systems and identify required operational improvements, and development of a plan for all required improvements.

Estimated COR3/FEMA Submission: TBD

Estimated Cost: \$44.00 (Note: funded through PREPA NME)

The December 10-Year Plan includes a general description of inspections, replacement, repairs, and maintenance of ancillary equipment, fire protection systems, fuel systems, mechanical, electrical, controls, and any service needed for a safe and dependable operation of PREPA's generation units and facilities. Many of these services are necessary for environmental compliance, as required by state and federal agencies. These works and maintenances will improve the reliability of the steam and gas units and comprise essential and specific services needed for the operation of PREPA's generation fleet under its Necessary Maintenance Expenses.

Revised 10-Year Plan Description:⁶²

Improvements and Upgrades

This project is designed to provide required maintenance at the following power plants: Cambalache, Aguirre, San Juan, Palo Seco, Costa Sur, and the Aguirre combined cycle power plant. Project work includes site assessments of current systems and installed equipment, verification of code compliance, review of current drawings (mechanical, electrical, and

⁶¹ December 10-Year Plan at pag. 41-42.

⁶² Revised 10-Year Plan at pag. 43.

instrument and controls), interview of plant operators to assess current systems and identify operationally required maintenance work, and development of a plan for all required maintenance.

PREPA respectfully requests the Energy Bureau to approve the Power Plants Other Repairs/ Replacement Projects project as included in the Revised 10-Year Plan.

v. Thermal black start

1. Aguirre

Project as described in the December 10-Year Plan:

New Black Start System at Aguirre⁶³

The Aguirre thermal units 1 and 2 each with an output of 450 MW require approximately 27 MW of black start capability. The two existing black start units, GT#21 and GT#22 failed to function after hurricane María. The objective of this project is to replace these two outdated black start units at the Aguirre power plant with new rapid start aeroderivative gas turbines that can provide reliable black start capabilities to the plant and inject power into the grid for voltage stability.

Estimated COR3/FEMA Submission: 2021 Q1

Estimated Cost: \$45.20

As part of an adequate response in an emergency situation, such as a total blackout as a result of natural and non-natural events, PREPA shall guarantee the availability of reliable units to startup its largest units. The black start units function is to energize its ancillary equipment in order to fire the boilers and start the units. Currently, only one of the existing 21 MW black start gas turbines is available but is not enough to start a steam unit. The unavailability of this units would prevent PREPA to energize two of its larger units in the shortest time possible and would negatively affect the essential services and the economy for an indeterminate time.

⁶³ December 10-Year Plan at pag. 41.

FEMA approved Section 428 funds for the replacement of these units as a mitigation solution for future emergency events. These new units would also serve as emergency assets when a microgrid service is required to provide power to critical loads. Following the Optimization Process that will be performed by PREB, these units may be relocated to their most efficient locations for emergency and grid support duties.

Revised 10-Year Plan Description:

New Black Start System at Aguirre⁶⁴

The Aguirre thermal units 1 and 2 each with an output of 450 MW require approximately 27 MW of black start capability. The two existing black start units, GT#21 and GT#22 failed to function after Hurricane María. The objective of this project is to replace these two outdated black start units at the Aguirre power plant with a new black start system that can provide reliable black start capabilities to the plant and inject power into the grid for voltage stability.

PREPA respectfully requests the Energy Bureau to approve the New Black Start System at Aguirre project as included in the Revised 10-Year Plan.

2. Costa Sur

Project as described in the December 10-Year Plan:

New Black Start System at Costa Sur⁶⁵

The Costa Sur power plant with an output of 820 MW requires approximately 27 MW of black start capability. During hurricane María, one of the two black start generators was grounded and the control room that operates both units was severely damaged by heavy rain fall and high winds making the black start system on both GTs inoperable. The objective of this project is to replace two outdated black start units, CT1.1 and CT 1.2, at the Costa Sur power plant with new rapid start aeroderivative gas turbines that can provide reliable black start capabilities to the plant, inject power into the grid for voltage stability, or serve as an emergency generator when needed.

Estimated COR3/FEMA Submission: 2021 Q2

⁶⁴ Revised 10-Year Plan at pag. 43.

⁶⁵ December 10-Year Plan at pag. 41

Estimated Cost: \$45.20

Similar to Aguirre, black start units are needed in Costa Sur to startup the steam units' ancillary equipment in a blackout situation. Currently, there is no black start service available in Costa Sur since none of the two 21 MW units are available. The lack of black start power availability for PREPA's largest units would extend the recovery time of the system under an emergency scenario with a negative effect in the economy and essential services.

New units have also been approved under FEMA's Section 428 funds to replace the existing black start units, which would also serve as emergency units in island mode in case of a grid emergency. Following the Optimization Process that will be performed by PREB, these units may be relocated to their most efficient locations for emergency and grid support duties.

Revised 10-Year Plan Description:⁶⁶

New Black Start System at Costa Sur

The Costa Sur power plant with an output of 820 MW requires approximately 27 MW of black start capability. During Hurricane María, one of the two black start generators was grounded and the control room that operates both units was severely damaged by heavy rain fall and high winds making the black start system on both GTs inoperable. The objective of this project is to replace two outdated black start units, CT1.1 and CT 1.2, at the Costa Sur power plant with a new black start system that can provide reliable black start capabilities to the plant, inject power into the grid for voltage stability, or serve as an emergency generator when needed.

PREPA respectfully requests the Energy Bureau to approve the New Black Start System at Costa Sur project as included in the Revised 10-Year Plan.

⁶⁶ Revised 10-Year Plan at pag. 43.

B. Transmission and Distribution Projects

The January 25 Order directs PREPA to “immediately abstain from making any capital investments in [] the T&D system without the prior approval of the Energy Bureau.”⁶⁷ However, PREPA believes the 10-Year Plan, as submitted to FEMA on December, is mostly aligned with the Final IRP Order in the T&D projects, which represent 74% of the funding. Following PREB’s January 25 Order, PREPA has Revised the 10-Year Plan in order to better align it with the Final IRP Order and Modified Action Plan and to promptly secure approval of projects that are deemed essential for safe operation of the system.

The Revised 10-Year Plan considers near-term improvements in the transmission and distribution (T&D) infrastructure as a fundamental step to achieve a secure and reliable power system. This plan has identified a group of projects that are essential for the efficient operation of the current-state system, as it was badly damaged during Hurricane María (2017) and only received temporary emergency repairs on the disaster-related damaged structures for system restoration purposes.

PREPA has identified a group of transmission projects to provide hardening and resiliency by rebuilding twelve (12) 115kV and 230kV transmission lines (237 circuit miles), the San Juan 115 kV underground cable loop and thirteen (13) 38kV sub-transmission lines (285 circuit miles).⁶⁸ These projects are necessary and essential to PREPA’s current centralized-power system and even with the expected push to adopt distributed energy resources, a need exists to achieve a

⁶⁷ January 25 Order at pag. 11, Sec. V, ¶ 2.

⁶⁸ Revised 10-Year Plan at pags. 14, 36.

reliable transmission system. Furthermore, while these projects will generally provide benefits island-wide, they can serve in the future as a cornerstone backbone for MiniGrids areas.

At the distribution level, initial damage assessments were undertaken for 338 feeders to gather information on the number of damaged poles, transformers, and conductors. Based on this assessment, 103 feeders were identified as critical with an immediate need to repair. These feeders have been included in the near-term and classified in the first tier of projects to be completed.

The rebuilding and reconstruction of the T&D assets will not be merely a replacement in kind; the new infrastructure will be based in updated, consensus-based codes and standards. These codes represent design criteria that gathers the best practices in industry, combined with recent disaster related experience to design infrastructure that is both state of the art and capable of withstanding the most intense natural disasters. For transmission infrastructure, PREPA will be replacing insulators; replacing or adding guy wires; repairing or replacing anchors, structure elements, and foundation; repairing or adding vibration dampers, drag dampers, and armored rods to conform to consensus-based codes. As part of the overall approach to distribution, PREPA will also introduce distribution automation (DA) and reliability equipment onto the distribution system. PREPA considered intelligent reclosers, intelligent fuse cutouts, and replacement of underground switches. DA significantly improves a utility's reliability metrics, such as System Average Interruption Duration Index (SAIDI) and System Average Interruption Frequency Index (SAIFI); in other words, DA keeps customers' power on as outages become less frequent and shorter in duration.

C. PROJECTS NOT INCLUDED IN THE REVISED 10-YEAR PLAN

The Cambalache Unit 1 Repairs project is not included in the Revised 10-Year Plan.

VIII. CONCLUSION AND REQUEST FOR RELIEF

PREPA submits that, as shown above, the Revised 10-Year Plan is aligned with the Final IRP Order and Modified Action Plan. Wherefore, it is hereby requested that the Energy Bureau grants PREPA leave to make capital investments in the generation and T&D system projects listed in the Revised 10-Year Plan.⁶⁹

In San Juan Puerto Rico, this 16th day of February 2021.

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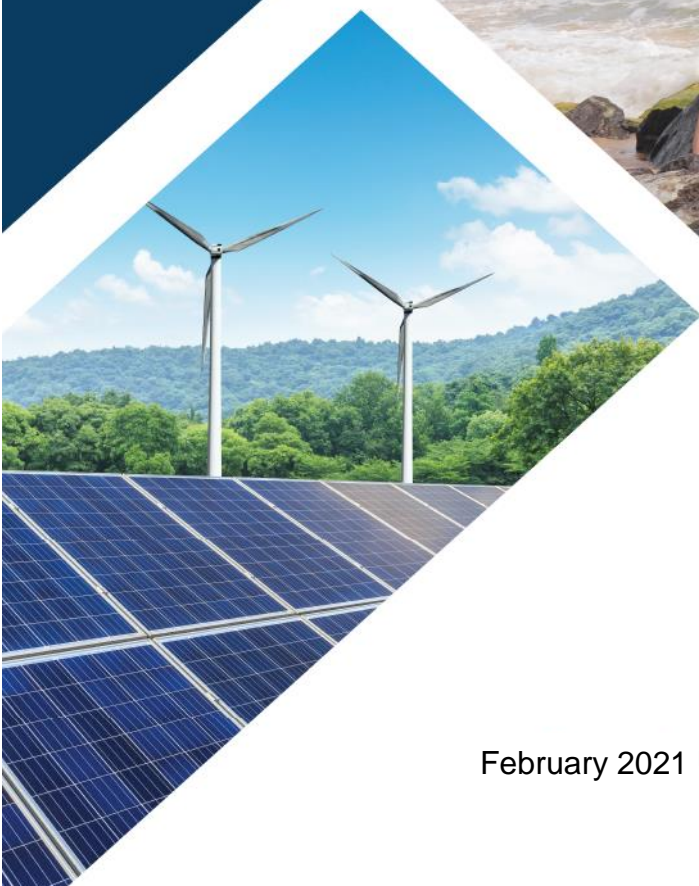
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⁶⁹ Since the 90-Days Work Plan is contingent to the approval of the Revised 10-Year Plan, PREPA submits that it will update and submit for the Energy Bureau's approval the Revised 90-Day Work Plan after the Energy Bureau approves the Revised 10-Year Plan.

Exhibit A
Revised 10-Year Plan



FEMA



PREPA 10-Year Infrastructure Plan

February 2021 Update



Puerto Rico Electric
Power Authority



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I. OVERVIEW OF 10-YEAR INFRASTRUCTURE PLAN UPDATE

This initial update to the PREPA 10-Year Infrastructure Plan was developed in compliance with the PREB's January 25th Order and Resolution, with the intent of aligning the 10-Year Plan to the PREB's August 24, 2020 Final Resolution and Order on the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority's Integrated Resource Plan.

Although it is PREPA's view that only a few of the 256 projects in the initial version of the 10-Year Plan may have been misaligned with the IRP Order, PREPA has taken the opportunity to perform a full review of the 10-Year Plan. In performing this review, PREPA focused the highest level of attention on projects planned to start in 2021-2023 and modified approximately 100 projects for scope, approach, cost, timing, or some combination of these.

It is PREPA's objective to fully align with the IRP Order and continue work as quickly as possible on infrastructure investments that are aligned with the IRP Order and critical to the provision of safe, reliable, and cost-effective power to the residents of Puerto Rico.

Revisions included in this update of the 10-Year Plan impact the Generation, Transmission, Distribution, and Substation asset categories. Key revisions include:

1. Revisions to Generation projects include a project focused on new combined-cycle generation near the San Juan area (Palo Seco). This project was revised to clarify that current work is constrained to the feasibility study authorized by the PREB in the IRP Order, and in alignment with the cost cap established for this work. In addition, PREPA has updated its approach to new thermal generation peaker units.
2. Revisions to Transmission projects include re-evaluating the set of projects to be started in the next three years and breaking up aggregate projects in this timeframe into individual projects to enhance clarity on the work to be completed and rationale for each.
3. The set of Distribution projects planned for the next three years were also re-evaluated with some projects deferred to later dates. Distribution projects that remained in the next three years were modified to remove undergrounding from scope and focus on hardening of existing overhead lines.
4. Finally, Substation projects were re-evaluated to refine the set of projects to be included in the next three years, deferring some projects to future years in the plan.



II. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In September 2017, Puerto Rico's electric system was completely devastated by the landfall of Hurricanes Irma and María, resulting in the longest electrical blackout in modern U.S. history. Following the aftermath of the hurricanes, the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority (PREPA) worked closely with the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), utility partners, contractors, and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) to restore electric service to all customers. Although electric service was reestablished successfully, the system was restored using temporary or partial repairs. This approach, while necessary due to the urgent nature of the work, did not remediate the permanent damages suffered during the storms, rendering Puerto Rico's electric grid very vulnerable to future catastrophic events.

In efforts to mitigate the economic, fiscal, and social impacts of future storms, FEMA announced its plans to award two of its largest grants ever, a total of \$13 billion, to both rebuild Puerto Rico's electric system and support recovery of the territory's education system.

As a part of this, a funding obligation of \$10.7 billion was earmarked for PREPA to repair and/or replace electrical systems including thousands of miles of transmission and distribution lines, electrical substations, power generation systems, office buildings, and make other grid improvements under FEMA's Public Assistance Alternative Procedures, pursuant to Section 428 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act.

As a requirement attendant with this funding obligation, FEMA and COR3 requested from PREPA a work plan, called a 10-Year Infrastructure Plan, to be submitted within 90 days of the funding obligation announcement. This plan would outline PREPA's proposed investments in Puerto Rico's electric systems over the next 10 years. In addition, PREPA is required to update and resubmit this work plan to COR3 and FEMA every 90 days after the initial submission.

To satisfy this requirement, PREPA, with support from expert advisors, developed the initial version of the 10-Year Infrastructure Plan and submitted it ahead of the 90-day deadline.

This 10-Year Infrastructure Plan provides an overview of PREPA's infrastructure investment strategy; the context for the selection of projects included in the plan; a prioritized list of these proposed infrastructure projects; the expected benefits, projected costs, key project milestones, and the estimated time horizon for each project; and a brief overview of PREPA's approach to manage execution of this program and the portfolio of projects described herein.

Although this plan is only required by COR3 and FEMA to address PREPA's plans for the 428-obligated funds, PREPA has taken the approach of developing a plan that includes all planned infrastructure investments regardless of funding source. This is being done to provide a holistic view of the work to be performed on PREPA's system and a view for how the 428 funds will support PREPA's overall infrastructure investment strategy and approach.



Projects in this plan will include funding from the FEMA 428 and 404 mitigation programs, HUD Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program, and PREPA's Necessary Maintenance Expense (NME) program.

Investment Strategy Overview






PREPA's investment strategy for the development of this 10-Year Infrastructure Plan was guided by several foundational elements based on work previously completed by PREPA, its advisors, and other key stakeholders such as FEMA and COR3. These foundational elements include the development of PREPA's Governing Board Vision Statement, FEMA's Damage Assessment Reports, Puerto Rico's Integrated Resource Plan (IRP), PREPA Certified Fiscal Plan(s), Puerto Rico Energy Public Policy Act 17, Sargent & Lundy's (S&L) Engineering Reports including a T&D Roadmap and various Independent Engineer's Reports, as well as components of the COR3's Energy System Modernization Plan.

PREPA and its technical advisors leveraged the information in each of these foundational elements and performed additional analysis to guide the selection of the projects in this 10-Year Infrastructure Plan.

As a result of this process, five investment focus areas were designated to crystallize the intent of what the projects in this plan, taken together, will achieve. In addition, a comprehensive analysis was conducted by PREPA and its lead technical advisor, Sargent & Lundy, to establish projects that address the requirements of PREPA's IRP, including applicable local and federal laws and regulations.

Table 1.1 summarizes the five investment focus areas that were designated and provides illustrative components within each area.

Table 1.1 – Summary of Investment Focus Areas

Reliability and System Resiliency	Renewable Integration	Codes, Standards, & Reg. Compliance	Automation and Modernization	Hazard Mitigation
				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hardening Advanced Metering Infrastructure Circuit Undergrounding Black Start Systems Supplemental, Flexible, Dispatchable, Generation Energy Management System (EMS) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Renewable Energy (e.g., solar and wind) Hydroelectric Revitalization Battery Storage Synchronous Condensers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Environmental – Soil Stabilization and Restoration Codes and Standards Access Roads and Right of Way 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) System Advanced Distribution Management System (ADMS) Cybersecurity Field Area Network (FAN) Control Centers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Flood and Wind Mitigation Damaged Infrastructure Repairs Physical Security Improvements New or Expanded Substations Line Relocation or New Builds Mobile Emergency Generation











Asset Categories and Prioritization Approach

Upon review of the foundational elements and additional analyses, PREPA examined more than 2,000 sub-projects which could be incorporated in this plan. The sub-projects selected for the plan were consolidated into 279 larger projects.

The 279 projects in the plan are organized in eight distinct asset categories. Asset categories in the plan are based on the categorization approach used to reach the FEMA 428-funding obligation. PREPA retained the eight asset categories from that funding obligation and added one additional asset category, Environmental.

Table 1.2 provides the eight asset categories used for the 10-Year Plan.

Table 1.2 – Summary of Asset Categories

Generation  <p><i>Includes new renewable and potentially thermal power plant generation, grid support centers, thermal power plant retirements, mobile emergency power generation, and plant improvements</i></p>	Dams/Hydro  <p><i>Includes dam safety and early warning systems, reservoirs, hydroelectric facilities, and irrigation canals</i></p>	Transmission  <p><i>Includes transmission line restoration and hardening and transmission reconfiguration</i></p>	Distribution  <p><i>Includes feeder, pole, transformer, and conductor replacements, intelligent device and distribution automation installation, and smart meter installation</i></p>
Substations  <p><i>Includes distribution substations, transmission centers, and transmission/generation separation</i></p>	IT/Telecom  <p><i>Includes fiber optic and microwave systems, SCADA, VLAN, and two-way and wireless radio systems</i></p>	Buildings  <p><i>Includes flooded and severely damaged buildings as well as minor damages</i></p>	Environmental  <p><i>Includes demolition, soil stabilization, and restoration projects</i></p>

Asset category teams comprised of PREPA and its advisors were formed for each asset category to identify the projects for inclusion in the 10-Year Plan, prioritize the projects, and develop the right sequencing for FEMA submission, approval, and subsequent execution.

For each project included in the 10-Year Plan, the asset category teams developed a project description, prepared a high-level cost estimate, and identified potential funding sources. The asset category teams also prioritized each project into one of three-time horizons: near-term (i.e., 2021-2023), mid-term (i.e., 2024-2027), and long-term (i.e., 2028 and beyond).

Four standard major milestones were defined and standardized across all projects in the 10-Year Plan. The timing for each major milestone, for each project, was estimated by the asset category team.



The four standardized major milestones are:

1. Project expected to commence 30% architecture and engineering (A/E) work
2. Project expected to be submitted to COR3 and FEMA for review and approval
3. Project expected to commence construction/implementation
4. Project expected to commence FEMA and COR3 closeout activities

Projects were assigned to a time horizon based on when the first major milestone of the project, A/E work, is expected to commence.

Prioritization methodology was based on the considerations most germane to each asset category team, but some of the common criteria evaluated by all the teams include:

- Currently out of service and/or damaged infrastructure
- Safety, environmental, and regulatory compliance needs
- System operation needs and grid constraints
- Impacts to reliability performance and/or critical load infrastructure
- Severe storm hazard mitigation

Plan Overview

PREPA's 10-Year Infrastructure Plan includes approximately \$12.4 billion in investment that is needed to rebuild and transform Puerto Rico's electric system, most of which qualifies for FEMA funding under its 428 and 404 mitigation programs. The \$12.4 billion includes funds to be requested from these programs, plus supplemental funding from PREPA's NME program.

To be clear, this estimate includes only the cost associated with FEMA 428 funds, FEMA 404 funds, and PREPA's NME funds. It therefore excludes infrastructure hardening work that is eligible for funding through FEMA's 406 Public Assistance Mitigation (406) program.

PREPA is to submit proposals for 406 funding with each of its applicable 428 proposals. This approach will ensure the integrity of the process given the differing requirements of each funding source.

FEMA's 406 program is designed to provide funding to rebuild infrastructure in excess of industry standards to prevent damage from future disaster events, which is also referred to as "hardening" of assets.

As described above, and in alignment with COR3 and FEMA's process, PREPA will submit proposals for 406 funding with each of its applicable 428 project submittals. These hardening proposals will add cost that is not currently included in this plan. However, the additional cost is expected to be offset by funding through FEMA's 406 program.

Table 1.3 summarizes the plan by asset category and funding source.



Table 1.3 – Total Estimated Cost by Asset Category and Funding Source

Asset Category	FEMA 428 (\$M)	FEMA 404 (\$M)	FEMA 406 (\$M)	NME Funds (\$M)	Estimated Total Cost ¹ (\$M)
Distribution	\$4,434	\$0	TBD	\$0	\$4,434
Transmission	\$3,565	\$0	TBD	\$0	\$3,565
Generation	\$129	\$858	TBD	\$294	\$1,282
Substations	\$881	\$0	TBD	\$340	\$1,220
Hydro, Dams, and Irrigation	\$901	\$100	TBD	\$0	\$1,001
IT and Telecommunications	\$686	\$0	TBD	\$92	\$778
Buildings	\$63	\$0	TBD	\$0	\$63
Environmental	\$15	\$0	TBD	\$0	\$15
Total	\$10,674	\$958	TBD	\$726	\$12,358

It is important to note that all cost estimates provided in this document are “class 5” estimates. A class 5 cost estimate is one that is prepared at an early stage in the project development process and is expected, based on industry standards, to range from 50% below to 100% above the actual final project cost. Leading industry practice is to revise estimates, so they become more accurate as engineering design progresses and project requirements are solidified.

In addition to the funding sources discussed above, PREPA will seek to leverage funds from Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery (CDBG-DR) for the 10% cost share allocation.

Forecast capital investment projections for each project are scoped to include all project activities from the point at which the project commences initial architectural and engineering work through the completion of project closeout activities.

Several projects within the 10-Year Infrastructure Plan extend throughout the entire 10-year period. Examples of such projects are Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI), Advanced Distribution Management System (ADMS), Streetlights Repair Program, Distribution Automation, Control Centers, Guajataca Dam Repairs, and others.

Figure 1.1 illustrates the forecast capital investment by year and asset category, and Figure 1.2 illustrates the estimated cost-share allocation needs by year.

¹ All costs, funding sources, and subtotals are estimates subject to change.



Figure 1.1 – Forecast Capital Investment by Year and Asset Category (\$ millions)

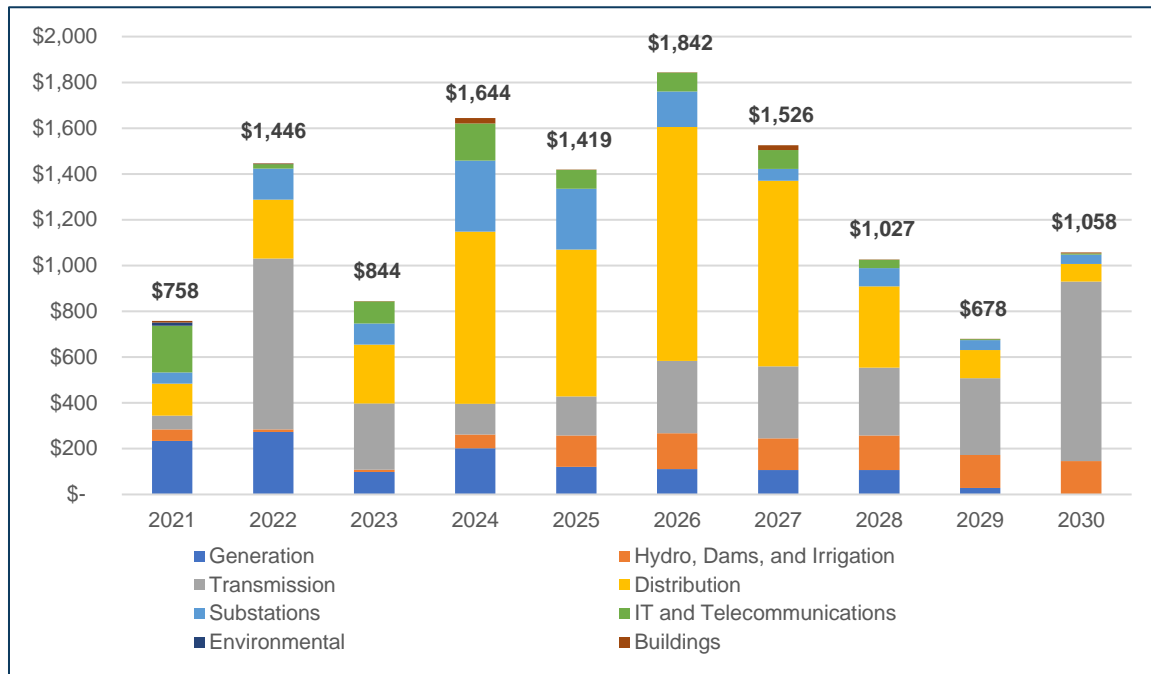
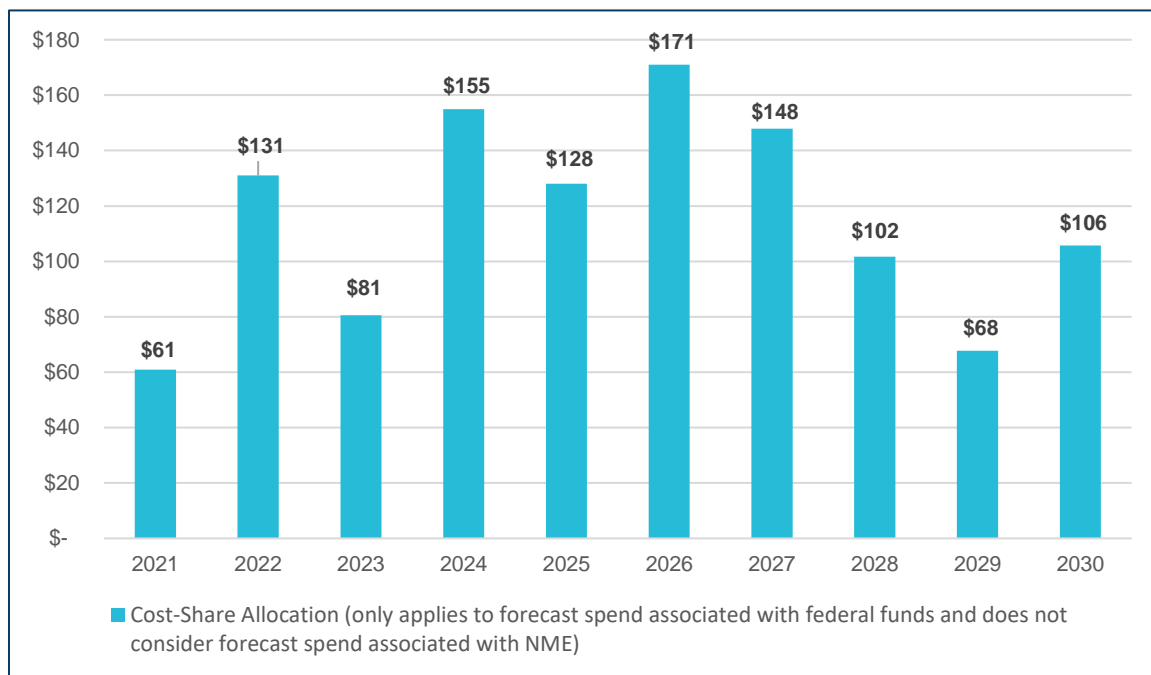


Figure 1.2 – Estimated Cost-Share Allocation by Year (\$ millions)





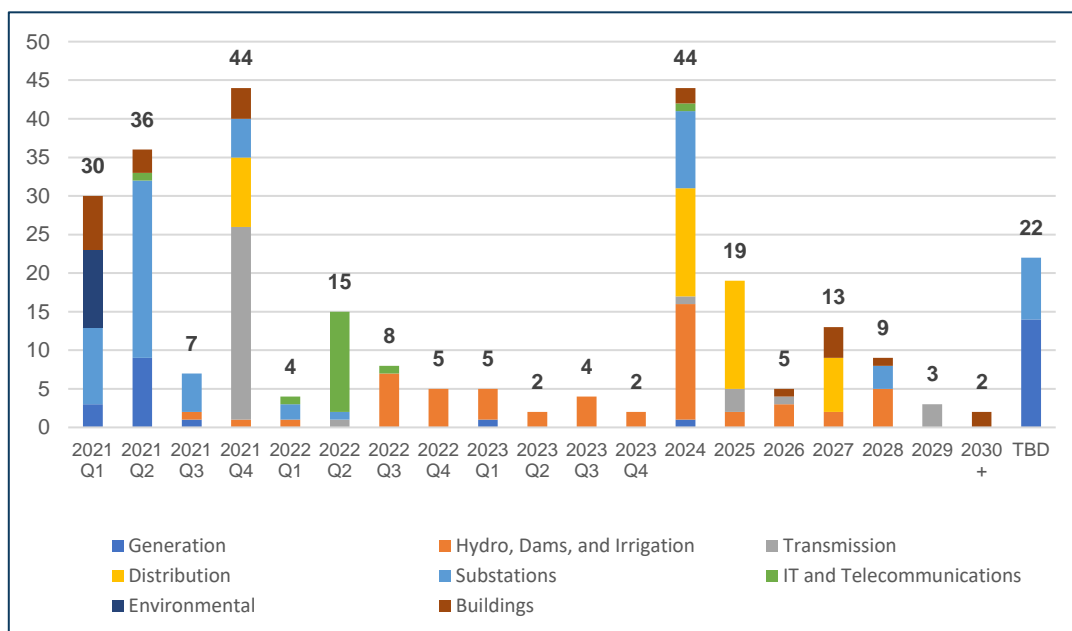
As discussed above, 279 projects were identified, prioritized, and included in the 10-Year Plan. Table 1.4 illustrates the distribution of these projects by asset category and by time horizon.

Table 1.4 - Number of Projects by Asset Category and Time Horizon

Asset Category	Near-Term (2021-2023)	Mid-Term (2024-2027)	Long-Term (2028 +)	Total
Substations	46	18	3	67
Hydro, Dams, and Irrigation	35	14	5	54
Distribution	9	35	0	44
Generation	26	3	0	29
Buildings	14	7	3	24
IT and Telecommunications	16	1	0	17
Environmental	10	0	0	10
Transmission	26	5	3	34
Total	182	83	14	279

Figure 1.3 provides the estimated timeframe as to when each project is expected to be submitted to FEMA for review and approval. The number of projects is expected to change over time as PREPA works in close collaboration with FEMA and COR3 to evaluate each individual project and optimize its strategy for project submission and evaluation.

Figure 1.3 – FEMA SOW Submission Timeline





As the size and location of new renewable energy and energy storage resources will be determined in the near to mid-term periods, the timing, sequence, scope, and priority of certain projects and sub-projects may need to be adjusted, including essential elements of grid support systems such as synchronous condensers. Additionally, project milestone dates are based on the best available information at the time and are subject to change in future updates to the 10-Year Plan.

The sections that follow provide additional information about each of the priority categories, near-term, mid-term, and long-term.

Near-Term Projects Profile (2021-2023)

The near-term priority category is comprised of 182 projects. These projects either have already begun 30% architectural and engineering (A&E) design or are expected to do so in years 2021, 2022, and 2023.

The in-scope estimated cost of projects expected to begin within this time horizon is \$4.33 billion. Figure 1.4 illustrates the breakdown of estimated cost by asset category for projects commencing during this time period. Table 1.5 provides a representative sample of notable projects slated to commence during this period.

Figure 1.4 – Total Estimated Cost by Asset Category for Near-Term Projects (\$M)

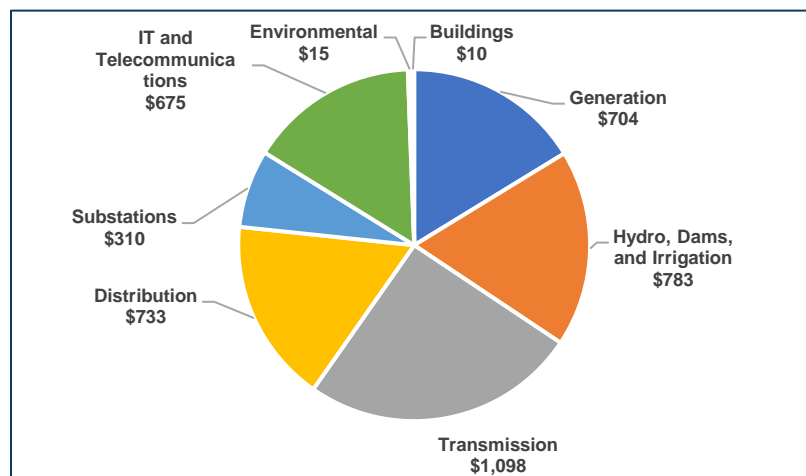


Table 1.5 – Near-Term (2021-2023), Notable Projects

Asset Category	Brief Description	Estimated Cost (\$M)	Begin A&E Work	Submit SOW to FEMA
Generation	New Black Start Systems at Aguirre and at Costa Sur	\$90.40	2021 Q1	2021 Q1
Generation	New Thermal Generation Feasibility Study	\$5.00	N/A	N/A

PREPA 10-YEAR INFRASTRUCTURE PLAN



Puerto Rico Electric
Power Authority



FEMA

Asset Category	Brief Description	Estimated Cost (\$M)	Begin A&E Work	Submit SOW to FEMA
Generation	Renewable Energy and Battery Storage Projects (Note: These projects and assets will be owned by 3 rd parties who will enter into offtake agreements with PREPA)	TBD (based on PPOAs)	N/A	N/A
Generation	New Mobile Emergency Generation	\$280.80	2021 Q2	2021 Q3
Generation	Synchronous Condensers	TBD	2022 Q2	2023 Q1
Transmission	Set of 12 projects to harden and/or rebuild ≈ 237 miles of 115 kV and 230 kV transmission lines to conform with consensus-based codes and standards	\$524.56	2021 Q1	2021 Q4
Transmission	Set of 13 projects to harden and/or rebuild ≈ 285 miles of 38 kV transmission lines to conform with consensus-based codes and standards	\$563.91	2021 Q1	2021 Q4
Transmission	San Juan 115kV Underground Transmission Loop	\$10.00	2021Q1	2022Q2
Distribution	Distribution Automation – All Regions	TBD	2021 Q1	2021 Q4
Distribution	Smart Street Lighting – All Regions	\$185.50	2021 Q2	2021 Q4
Distribution	Restore and harden 13 distribution feeders (≈ 25 mi) serving critical loads in the <u>San Juan region</u> to conform with consensus-based codes and standards	\$42.70	2021 Q1	2021 Q4
Distribution	Restore and harden 14 distribution feeders (≈ 46 mi) serving critical loads in the <u>Bayamón region</u> to conform with consensus-based codes and standards	\$78.70	2021 Q1	2021 Q4
Distribution	Restore and harden 10 distribution feeders (≈ 38 mi) serving critical loads, in the <u>Carolina region</u> to conform with consensus-based codes and standards	\$65.10	2021 Q1	2021 Q4
Distribution	Restore and harden 30 distribution feeders (≈ 117 mi) serving critical loads in the <u>Caguas region</u> to conform with consensus-based codes and standards	\$198.40	2021 Q1	2021 Q4
Distribution	Restore and harden 8 distribution feeders (≈ 32 mi) serving critical loads in the <u>Arecibo region</u> to	\$54.60	2021 Q1	2021 Q4



Asset Category	Brief Description	Estimated Cost (\$M)	Begin A&E Work	Submit SOW to FEMA
	conform with consensus-based codes and standards			
Distribution	Restore and harden 18 distribution feeders (\approx 39 mi) serving critical loads, in the <u>Ponce region</u> to conform with consensus-based codes and standards	\$66.60	2021 Q1	2021 Q4
Distribution	Restore and harden 10 distribution feeders (\approx 25 mi) serving critical loads in the <u>Mayagüez region</u> to conform with consensus-based codes and standards	\$41.80	2021 Q1	2021 Q4
Substation	Flooded Substations Hazard Mitigation (10 across the 7 PREPA regions)	\$95.00	2021 Q1	2021 Q4
IT / Telecom	MPLS Network Deployment	\$150.92	2021 Q1	2022 Q2
IT / Telecom	Advanced Distribution Monitoring System (ADMS)	\$48.02	2021 Q1	2022 Q3
IT / Telecom	Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI)	TBD	2021 Q1	2022 Q2
IT / Telecom	Next-generation Field Area Network (FAN)	\$93.60	2021 Q1	2022 Q2
IT / Telecom	Cybersecurity Program Implementation	\$74.30	2021 Q1	2022 Q2

Mid-Term Projects Profile (2024-2027)

The mid-term priority category is composed of 83 projects that are expected to begin 30% A&E design in years 2024, 2025, 2026, and 2027.

The in-scope estimated cost of projects expected to begin within this time horizon is \$7.13 billion. Figure 1.5 illustrates the breakdown of estimated cost by asset category for projects commencing during this time period. Table 1.6 provides a representative sample of notable projects slated to commence during this period.



Figure 1.5 – Total Estimated Cost by Asset Category for Mid-Term Projects (\$M)

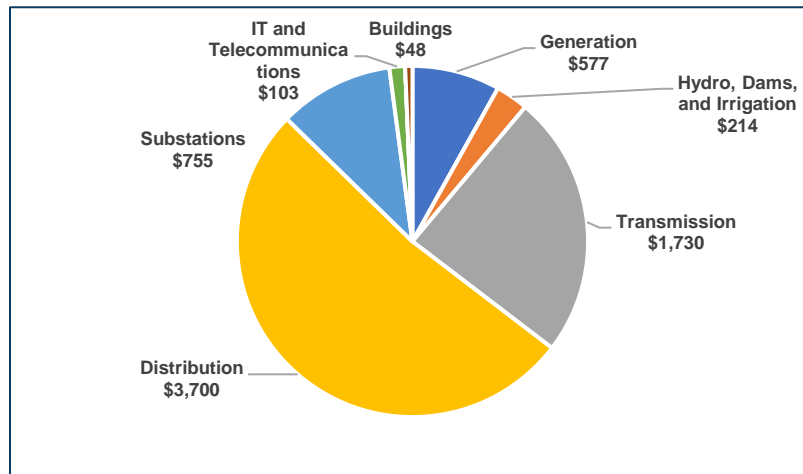


Table 1.6 – Mid-Term (2024-2027), Notable Projects

Asset Category	Brief Description	Estimated Cost (\$M)	Begin A&E Work	Submit SOW to FEMA
Generation	Additional Renewable Energy and Battery Storage Projects (Note: These projects and assets will be owned by 3 rd parties who will enter into offtake agreements with PREPA)	TBD (based on PPOAs)	N/A	N/A
Transmission	In aggregate, mid-term 115kV and 230kV transmission projects are designed to harden and/or rebuild 37 transmission lines (≈ 496 mi) to conform with consensus-based codes and standards	\$548.60	2025	2025
Transmission	In aggregate, mid-term 38kV transmission projects are designed to harden and/or rebuild 49 transmission lines (≈ 651.5 mi) to conform with consensus-based codes and standards	\$675.40	2024	2024
Transmission	In aggregate, mid-term new transmission line projects are designed to build 29 new underground or overhead transmission lines across all three voltage levels (38 kV,	\$505.67	2024	2026

PREPA 10-YEAR INFRASTRUCTURE PLAN



Puerto Rico Electric
Power Authority



FEMA

Asset Category	Brief Description	Estimated Cost (\$M)	Begin A&E Work	Submit SOW to FEMA
	115 kV, and 230 kV) to provide redundancy to existing lines damaged in the disaster			
Distribution	In aggregate, <u>San Juan region</u> distribution projects are designed to harden or underground 298 Distribution Feeders (≈ 385.36 mi), including critical loads, to conform with consensus-based codes and standards	\$248.59	2025	2025
Distribution	In aggregate, <u>Arecibo region</u> distribution projects are designed to harden or underground 108 Distribution Feeders (≈ 367.62 mi), including critical loads, to conform with consensus-based codes and standards	\$115.08	2025	2025
Distribution	In aggregate, <u>Ponce region</u> distribution projects are designed to harden or underground 142 Distribution Feeders (≈ 385.69 mi), including critical loads, to conform with consensus-based codes and standards	\$70.85	2025	2025
Distribution	In aggregate, <u>Mayagüez region</u> distribution projects are designed to harden or underground 150 Distribution Feeders (≈ 486.49 mi), including critical loads, to conform with consensus-based codes and standards	\$75.19	2025	2025
Substation	San Juan 115kV GIS	\$64.60	2024	2024
Substation	Grid Concern Substation projects are designed to modernize and harden equipment at numerous distribution and transmission substations	\$204.00	2024	2024



Asset Category	Brief Description	Estimated Cost (\$M)	Begin A&E Work	Submit SOW to FEMA
IT / Telecom	SCADA – RTU Protocol Conversion from serial to ethernet	\$102.90	2024	2024

Long-Term Projects Profile (2028 and beyond)

The long-term priority category is composed of 14 projects that are expected to begin 30% A&E design in years 2028 and beyond.

The in-scope estimated cost of projects expected to begin within this time horizon is \$0.90 billion. Figure 1.6 illustrates the breakdown of estimated cost by asset category for projects commencing during this time period. Table 1.7 provides a representative sample of notable projects slated to commence during this period

Figure 1.6 – Total Estimated Cost by Asset Category for Long-Term Projects (\$M)

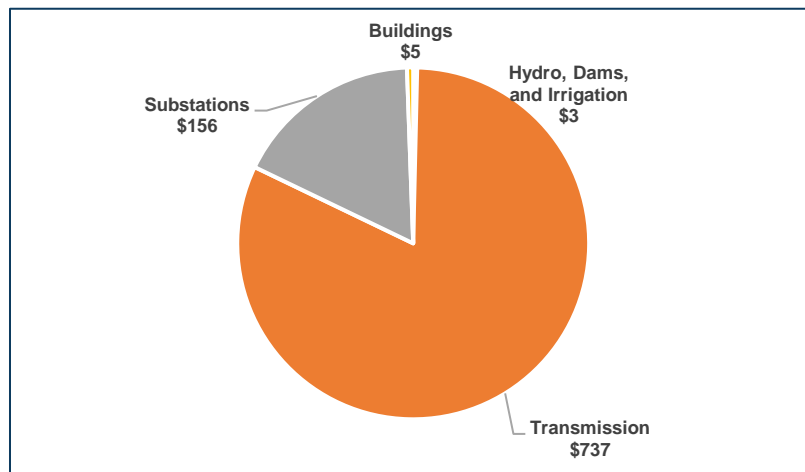


Table 1.7 – Long-Term (2028 and beyond), Notable Projects

Asset Category	Brief Description	Estimated Cost (\$M)	Begin A&E Work	Submit SOW to FEMA
Generation	Additional Renewable Energy and Battery Storage Projects (the projects will be owned by 3 rd parties and will enter into offtake agreements with PREPA)	TBD (based on PPOAs)	N/A	N/A



Asset Category	Brief Description	Estimated Cost (\$M)	Begin A&E Work	Submit SOW to FEMA
Transmission	Harden and/or rebuild 28 Transmission Lines (\approx 354 mi) of 115 kV and 230 kV to conform with consensus-based codes and standards	\$322.65	2029	2029
Transmission	Harden and/or rebuild 86 Transmission Lines (\approx 345 mi) of 38 kV to conform with consensus-based codes and standards	\$313.70	2029	2029
Transmission	New build of 6 underground or overhead Transmission Lines across all three voltage levels (38 kV, 115 kV, and 230 kV) to provide redundancy to existing lines damaged in the disaster	\$101.00	2028	2029
Substation	Grid Concern Substations – Modernize and hardened the equipment at multiple 3 distribution and 106 transmission substations	\$97.74	2028	2028
Substation	Modernization & Hardening Substations – Modernize and hardened the equipment at multiple 12 distribution and 1 transmission substations, including 4 transmission line terminals	\$52.13	2028	2028

Project and Portfolio Management

PREPA has implemented project management standards and controls in accord with leading practices.

PREPA is currently extending and expanding this and implementing an Enterprise Project Management (EPM) program.

This EPM program is further based on leading practices and is comprised of these components: a strong centralized governance of the portfolio of projects; a standard, rigorous process from project initiation to closeout for all projects in the portfolio; a centralized system to provide a single source of truth for all projects (with particular focus on scope, schedule, and budget); and standardized project controls across PREPA.

The EPM program is outlined in Table 1.8 below.



Table 1.8 – EPM Foundational Components

Strong Governance	Standard Project Management Process	Centralized System	Project Controls
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Strong governance and oversight, by senior executives, of all projects Project justification is rigorous, documented, and includes assessment of costs, benefits, and alternative course of action Project authorization is based on a well-defined process with clear roles and responsibilities Authorized projects work together as a cohesive portfolio of projects 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rigorous process for the management of each project with clear accountabilities Consistent standards based on leading practices for managing and governing all PREPA projects Holistic governance, oversight, and optimization of the portfolio of PREPA projects 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Single source of the truth for project to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Create transparency for project performance, especially scope, schedule, and budget Enable accountability and performance management Provides integrated portfolio view Automates approval workflows to improve controls and efficiency 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Proper quality management controls Effective project management controls and execution procedures, including risk management FEMA grant and fund management controls to ensure compliance Leading practice executive portfolio dashboards, project reports, and monthly operating sequences



III. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this document is to provide an overview of PREPA's current infrastructure investment plan for the next decade, covering projects initiated in the years 2021-2030.

This plan is being submitted to COR3 and FEMA to satisfy the requirement for a work plan to be submitted within 90 days of the \$10.7 Bn funding obligation under the Stafford Act, Section 428 Public Assistance (428) program, and is required to be updated and resubmitted to COR3 and FEMA every 90 days after the initial submission. Accordingly, we have conferred with FEMA and COR3 during plan development in order to gain the best possible understanding of their requirements for this plan and to meet those requirements.

PREPA's 10-Year Infrastructure Plan is not subject to approval by COR3 or FEMA nor does it secure the release of any obligated 428 funds. Rather, the plan serves as a working document to provide context for and support collaboration among PREPA, COR3, and FEMA in the process of developing and submitting individual projects for review, approval, and funds disbursement. Importantly, that process begins now. Submission of this plan is an important first step followed by PREPA submitting individual project funding requests and beginning 30% A/E design for 2021 projects. PREPA plans to begin requesting funding as soon as practicable, now that the initial version of this plan has been completed and submitted.

Although this plan is only required by COR3 and FEMA to address PREPA's plans for the 428-obligated funds, PREPA has taken the approach of developing a plan that includes all planned infrastructure investments, regardless of funding source. This is being done to provide a holistic view of the work to be performed on PREPA's system and a view for how the 428 funds will support PREPA's overall infrastructure investment strategy and approach. Projects in this plan include those that are eligible for funding from the FEMA 428 and 404 Mitigation (404) programs, the HUD CDBG program, and projects that will require some self-funding through PREPA's NME program.

This document will provide:

- An overview of PREPA's infrastructure investment strategy, to provide context for the selection of projects in the plan
- A prioritized list of the infrastructure projects that comprise the plan with brief descriptions and class 5 cost estimates
- A section that shows the estimated timing of key project milestones by quarter for 2021-2023 and by year for 2024-2030
- An overview of PREPA's EPM program that will be instrumental to management of the infrastructure portfolio described herein, including governance, oversight, and controls.



These document elements were designed to be responsive to COR3 and FEMA's request for information to be provided under their 428-work plan requirement.

The major projects identified in this plan, together with their associated timeline, provide a framework outlining the work and an expected sequence for its execution.

While much of the pre-existing electrical infrastructure has been restored, PREPA continues to provide service to customers in a fragile state, challenged most recently by tropical storms and seismic activity in 2020.

There are engineering challenges with replacing an operating system that millions of residents and businesses depend upon 24/7. Moreover, 10 years is a long-planning horizon. As such, and as FEMA has explained to us, adjustments to this 10-Year Infrastructure Plan are expected—whether driven by study results, natural events, advances in technology, implementation or scheduling constraints, or other influences.

This plan is based on the most current information available to PREPA and will be updated on a quarterly basis. With this submittal, PREPA intends to execute a set of defined, effective, multi-faceted projects to transform Puerto Rico's electrical grid as described herein.

PREPA's 10-Year Infrastructure Plan was prepared by a team of individuals that included direction, oversight, and guidance from PREPA's leadership as well as technical support from professional firms in the areas of engineering, grant management, and project management.



IV. PREPA'S INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT STRATEGY

Context

In the aftermath of the 2017 hurricane season, PREPA suffered great losses across much of its electric power grid. Sequential Hurricanes, Irma followed by María, devastated the electrical transmission and distribution system. After facing the challenge of restoring the system from these disastrous events, PREPA faced the additional and necessary challenge of making the infrastructure stronger and less vulnerable to future storms while delivering a more reliable and resilient supply of power to its customers.

Since that time, a series of foundational steps have been taken that have set the path to transforming Puerto Rico's electric sector. Some of these events include the development of PREPA's Governing Board Vision Statement, Puerto Rico Energy Public Policy Act 17, Puerto Rico's Integrated Resource Plan (IRP), PREPA Certified Fiscal Plan(s), FEMA's Damage Assessment Reports, Sargent & Lundy's (S&L) T&D Roadmap accompanied by other feasibility studies, and COR3's Energy System Modernization Plan.

These steps provide the foundation for this plan. Table 3.1 illustrates the five foundation components of PREPA's 10-Year Infrastructure Plan.

Table 3.1 – Foundational Components of 10-Year Infrastructure Plan

PREPA's Vision Statement	<i>Aligns and motivates all stakeholders on the future plans, structure, and objectives of the Puerto Rico electric utility. It addresses the need for a transformed electrical system with statements grounded on five fundamental principles: Customer-Centric, Financially Viable, Reliable and Resilient, Model of Sustainability, and Economic Growth Engine for Puerto Rico.</i>
Puerto Rico Energy Public Policy Act 17	<i>Establishes parameters for a resilient, reliable, and sustainable energy system for all customers classes, makes it feasible for energy system users to produce and participate in energy generation, facilitates the interconnection of distributed generation systems and microgrids, and unbundles the electrical power system into an open system. Sets renewable portfolio standard (RPS) targets of 40% by 2025, 60% by 2040, and 100% by 2050.</i>
Puerto Rico's Integrated Resource Plan (IRP)	<i>Provides a roadmap to meet expected electricity demand over a set planning horizon through the future development of the utility's electrical infrastructure with specific plans to improve the resiliency and reliability of its electrical generation and delivery systems; reduce the cost of energy to customers; and limit PREPA's future</i>



	<i>dependence on fossil fuels as it transitions to a system that is more heavily based on renewable generation.</i>
PREPA Certified Fiscal Plan (s)	<i>Lays out the path for operational and financial restructuring of the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority (PREPA) in order to enable the transformation of Puerto Rico's energy system and exit the Title III bankruptcy process.</i>
FEMA's Damage Assessment Reports	<i>Provides a description of the damages, related causes, location, and dimensions of the equipment and facilities damaged during the 2017 hurricanes and other catastrophic events.</i>
Sargent & Lundy's T&D Roadmap	<i>Provides the planning, framework, and project development plans of more than 3,500 T&D projects that touch all aspects of the grid system including transmission, distribution, substation, grid modernization, telecommunications, generation, and system operations to improve the overall reliability and resiliency of the utility.</i>
COR3's Energy System Modernization Plan	<i>Provides an initial transformation approach and input for the permanent reconstruction of a more reliable, resilient, and decentralized Puerto Rico energy system. Serves as an initial guide to fund repair and reconstruction activities in the energy sector and to initiate FEMA program-funding support activities.</i>

Overview of Investment Strategy





PREPA and its technical advisors leveraged the foundational components outlined in Table 3.1 and performed additional analysis to guide the selection of the projects in this 10-Year Infrastructure Plan.

To align and guide our work, we designated five investment focus areas that summarize the intent of what our projects will collectively achieve.

In addition, a comprehensive analysis was conducted by PREPA and its lead technical advisor, Sargent & Lundy, to establish projects that address the requirements of PREPA's IRP, including applicable local and federal laws and regulations.



Table 3.2 – Investment Focus Areas

<p>Reliability and System Resiliency</p> 	<p><i>Provide safe, adequate, and reliable service while ensuring the electric system is prepared for, able to respond to, and recover from any events causing outages. Examples include:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Transmission and Distribution Hardening ▪ Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) ▪ Circuit Undergrounding ▪ Black Start Systems ▪ Supplemental, Flexible, Dispatchable Generation ▪ Energy Management System (EMS)
<p>Renewable Integration</p> 	<p><i>Support and enable the rapid and substantial increase of renewable generation and energy storage. Examples include:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Renewable Energy (e.g., solar and wind) ▪ Hydroelectric Revitalization ▪ Battery Energy Storage ▪ Synchronous Condensers
<p>Codes, Standards, and Regulatory Compliance</p> 	<p><i>Ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations and alignment with consensus-based codes and standards. Examples include:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Environmental – Soil Stabilization and Restoration ▪ Codes and Standards (e.g., Buildings, Dams, Wind Speed, Protection and Controls, Feeder Loading, etc.) ▪ Access Roads and Right of Way
<p>Automation and Modernization</p> 	<p><i>Enable and support the automation and modernization of electric system operations, including telecommunications, connectivity, and security of utility assets. Examples include:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) System ▪ Advanced Distribution Management System (ADMS) ▪ Cybersecurity ▪ Field Area Network (FAN) ▪ Control Centers
<p>Hazard Mitigation</p> 	<p><i>Reduce or eliminate risk(s) to grid operations, people, or property from future disasters. Examples include:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Flood and Wind Mitigation ▪ Damaged Infrastructure Repairs ▪ Physical Security Improvements ▪ New or Expanded Substations ▪ Line Relocation or New Builds ▪ Mobile Emergency Generation



Investment Strategy Highlights – Generation Infrastructure

The Puerto Rico Energy Bureau (PREB) reviewed the IRP plan and issued its Final Resolution on August 24, 2020, providing detailed findings, conclusions, and orders to PREPA. Some of the key mandates included in the IRP Resolution include:

- Retirement of a significant number of existing oil-fired thermal units in the next five years, including Aguirre 1 and 2; Palo Seco 1, 3, and 4; and San Juan 7, 8, 9, and 10
- Retirement of AES' coal-fired power plant by 2027
- Retirement of Aguirre diesel-fired Combined Cycle Units 1 and 2 by 2030
- Integrate renewable generation projects to achieve a 40% renewable portfolio standard (RPS) by 2025; 60% by 2040; and 100% by 2050, in line with Puerto Rico Energy Policy Act 17
- Renewable energy projects and energy storage projects will primarily be owned by 3rd parties. PREPA will enter into Power Purchase and Operating Agreements (PPOAs) or Energy Storage Service Agreements (ESSAs) with the projects.

This rapid and substantial addition of renewable generation and energy storage systems coupled with the significant retirement of existing gas and thermal generation requires extensive planning and analysis work. The challenge resides in identifying the projects within the 10-Year Infrastructure Plan that will enable the penetration of renewable generation and integration with ongoing grid modernization projects, while ensuring the reliable operation and maintenance of the grid. PREPA studies regarding renewable integration system impacts and support infrastructure requirements show that system stability could be compromised under certain operational and weather conditions, including elevated grid stability risks as instantaneous inverter-based generation levels reach and exceed 60%. PREPA is currently analyzing system impacts from its existing renewable generation facilities to forecast system impacts under higher renewable penetration levels currently planned for integration. In response to PREB's guidance, PREPA has identified several key Generation infrastructure projects that, based on its studies and analysis, are required to enable the effective execution of PREB's guidance within the constraints of systems operations, reliability, and maintenance.

Table 3.3 – Strategic Projects, Generation Infrastructure

Project	Enabling Factors
New Thermal Generation Feasibility Study	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ This feasibility study will be conducted in alignment with the PREB's IRP Resolution and Order and will be focused on preliminary economic, siting, permitting, and planning analysis regarding a new fossil-fuel powered unit near the San Juan area (Palo Seco). ▪ The feasibility study will take into account responses to PREPA's renewable energy and energy storage RFPs; indicative pricing for combined-cycle generation, reciprocating engine projects, and combustion engine generators; siting and feasibility analysis for fueling



Project	Enabling Factors
	<p>infrastructure; and opportunity cost to siting battery energy storage systems or renewable resources near the San Juan area (Palo Seco) as a result of fossil-fuel generation development.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Recommendations will be made regarding specific resources that may be needed near the San Juan area (Palo Seco) to most cost-effectively compliment the resources being developed and deployed elsewhere in Puerto Rico. ▪ FEMA 404 hazard mitigation funding for replacing the units has been approved
All-Source Renewables and Energy Storage RFP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Supports compliance with renewable energy goals and Final Resolution and Order on the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority's Integrated Resource Plan ▪ Includes generation equipment and energy storage facilities ▪ Provides information about the market price of the full range of possible renewable generation and energy storage technologies ▪ Establishes, pending system planning studies, how much renewable generation can be incorporated into the grid in the near-term (i.e., 1-3 years) ▪ Identifies further additions of renewable projects that can be integrated to the system in the mid-term (i.e., 4-7 years)
Synchronous Condenser Machines	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Provides some of the functions that the retired spinning generation used to provide for system stability but inverter-based generation (e.g., solar) cannot, such as short-circuit strength and system inertia ▪ Supports the integration of inverter-based generation systems such as photovoltaic solar panels without loss in stability
Hydroelectric Power Plants	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Currently undergoing a revitalization study to determine feasible concepts for restoring capacity and/or upgrading the facilities to contribute as part of the planned renewable portfolio of generation projects. ▪ Supports achievement of renewable energy goals and provides system flexibility and stability benefits ▪ Reduces reliance on imported fuel sources ▪ Provides essential backup power during major electricity outages or disruptions
Battery Energy Storage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Provides frequency support (an important element of power quality on which customers rely) as solar and other renewable generation technologies are introduced ▪ Enables the utility to retire of some of its thermal generation by shifting loads (i.e., store generated energy during the day and dispatch it during other periods as needed) ▪ Supports compliance with renewable energy goals ▪ Provides the utility with operational experience with battery storage systems and supports transition to a 100% renewable generation



Project	Enabling Factors
Mobile Emergency Generation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provides a safeguard for areas that are vulnerable to becoming disconnected from the grid when transmission infrastructure is damaged by extreme weather events, serving as generation sources in microgrids Provides backup and support to the integration of renewable generation systems during the early years of deployment and/or limited storage Provides emergency generation services for the safety and security of the island's residents during major outage events Supports transition period from fossil-based generation sources to a 100% renewable sources FEMA 404 hazard mitigation funding for the units has been approved
Black Start Systems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provides new black start power generation systems to provide plant power to each of the Costa Sur and Aguirre facilities so that the main thermal plants may be restarted without an external power feed Supports grid restoration efforts and alleviates grid constraints during blackout scenarios (e.g., hurricane-caused severe outages) Qualifies for FEMA 428 funding

Investment Strategy Highlights – Transmission, Substation, and Distribution Infrastructure

In 2019, PREPA, with support from Sargent & Lundy, prepared a 10-Year T&D Capital Expenditure (CapEx) Plan. This plan, which included thousands of T&D projects (ranging in size from very small to large), focused on replacing aging and damaged infrastructure, including grid modernization projects and taking other steps to improve the reliability and resilience of the utility's overall system. Subsequently in 2020, PREPA and Sargent & Lundy issued the T&D Roadmap which provided the planning, framework, and project development plans for the implementation of these capital investments. By mid-2020, PREPA and Sargent & Lundy synchronized the T&D Roadmap project types with the overall FEMA workplan previously developed by PREPA's Disaster Funding Management Office (DFMO). This included evaluating the projects for the applicability of funding sources (e.g., FEMA 428, 404, and/or 406) and expanding the work to encompass the complete vision of a modern telecommunication system. Table 3.4 summarizes major Transmission, Substation, and Distribution infrastructure projects within the 10-Year Infrastructure Plan.

Note: For ease of Plan review and manageability, in some cases we have consolidated smaller individual projects from the 3,500 originally articulated in the Sargent & Lundy roadmap into a larger project in this plan. As the size and location of new renewable energy and energy storage resources are determined in the future, the timing, sequence, scope, and priority of certain projects and sub-projects may need to be adjusted.



Table 3.4 – Strategic Projects, Transmission, Substation, and Distribution Infrastructure

Project Summary	Asset Category Impacted		
	Transmission	Substation	Distribution
Restore the 38-kV sub-transmission lines that have been out of service since the 2017 hurricane season	X		
Rebuild and harden the T&D systems	X		X
Deploy distribution automation technology			X
Deploy fiber optic connectivity for a robust communication network	X	X	X
Rebuild and/or relocate existing distribution substations and transmission centers		X	
Add new transmission lines and substations to mitigate the risk of widespread system failure	X	X	
Alleviate thermal constraints on the transmission system through new hazard mitigation projects	X		
Modernize the existing central dispatch center in Monacillo, add a new backup central dispatch center in Ponce, and integrate emergency remote grid control centers at Dagua and Mayagüez	X	X	X
Acquire modern equipment to support the maintenance, repair, and installation of equipment and infrastructure	X	X	X
Coordinate necessary support for retired, new, or converted thermal generation and/or new renewable generation projects, as appropriate	X	X	X

Other Considerations

The approach and processes required to execute this 10-Year Infrastructure Plan are like those successfully used by other electric utilities.

However, given PREPA's current financial condition along with the 2017 hurricanes and the earthquake damage at Costa Sur in early 2020, budget and staffing constraints along with restoration priorities have severely limited the amount of engineering and construction that



could be performed by PREPA in recent years. Therefore, as a part of this plan, additional external resources such as a program management team (PM), architectural and engineering (A&E) firms, and technical advisors (TA) will be required to supplement PREPA's resources and effectively execute and manage the massive volume of work and projects required to meet FEMA's, COR3's and PREPA's objectives as outlined in this plan. This is a common industry practice as many mainland electric utilities have used these kinds of external services to support large engineering and construction project workload. All PREPA's directorates, such as Operations, Maintenance, Engineering, Environmental, and Procurement, will benefit from working with these external professional organizations, which will be coordinated by PREPA's Project Management Office (PMO).

PREPA and P3A have advocated for contractors and the grid operator, LUMA, to open training facilities on the island. As part of the 10-Year Infrastructure Plan, it is essential for PREPA and LUMA to advocate for and support the implementation of local-training centers to educate staff for T&D and associated Generation work. Training programs like these, especially in the light of 10 plus years of planned work, can provide significant, sustained employment opportunities for the people of Puerto Rico, additional benefits to the economy, and support for our local communities. Additionally, enabling and strengthening increased use of local labor and expertise could help reduce capital investment program costs.



V. PREPA'S PRIORITIZED INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS

A. Introduction

This section of PREPA's 10-Year Infrastructure Plan categorizes each project in the plan as to priority. The three priority categories are near-term (2021-23 start), mid-term (2024-27 start), and long-term (2028 or later start).

We established a number of criteria and considerations to assign projects to categories. Project start, for the purposes of this prioritization, was defined as when 30% A/E design work is expected to commence. A/E work is PREPA's first standard milestone for projects in its infrastructure plan.

In this section, each priority category is accompanied by a description of the type of infrastructure projects contained within it, a summary overview of the number and estimated costs of projects in the priority category broken down by asset type, and an overview of the estimated timing for submission of projects to COR3 and FEMA. These overviews are then followed by a series of tables containing the name, brief description, estimated COR3 and FEMA submission timing, and class 5 cost estimate for each project in the priority category.

It is important to note that this infrastructure plan includes projects regardless of funding source, so although most projects include FEMA funding, some projects will be noted as being funded solely through PREPA's NME program. In addition, as PREPA has sought to identify a comprehensive set of infrastructure projects in this plan, some projects are included but do not yet have sufficient clarity on approach, cost, and timing to specify these elements in the plan. In these cases, the projects will be listed and described but may include "TBD" for project cost or timing elements. PREPA expects to provide additional details on these projects in a future update to the plan.

Lastly, in accordance with direction from COR3 and FEMA, PREPA will update this plan every 90 days after the initial submission and will update project details and prioritization based on coordination with COR3 and FEMA, its own internal findings, and feedback from other stakeholders.

B. Asset Category Descriptions

The table below defines each asset category contained in this plan and characterizes the types of projects found within each category:



Figure 4.1 – Asset Category Descriptions

GENERATION 	<i>Includes new renewable and potentially thermal power plant generation, grid support centers, thermal retirements, mobile emergency power generation, and plant improvements</i>
DAMS AND HYDRO 	<i>Includes dam safety and early warning systems, reservoirs, hydroelectric facilities, and irrigation canals</i>
TRANSMISSION 	<i>Includes transmission line restoration, hardening, and transmission reconfiguration</i>
DISTRIBUTION 	<i>Includes feeder, pole, transformer, and conductor replacements, intelligent device and distribution automation installation, and smart meter installation</i>
SUBSTATIONS 	<i>Includes distribution substations, transmission centers, and transmission/generation separation</i>
IT / TELECOM 	<i>Includes fiber optic and microwave systems, SCADA, VLAN, and two-way and wireless radio systems</i>
BUILDINGS 	<i>Includes flooded and severely damaged buildings as well as minor damages</i>
ENVIRONMENTAL 	<i>Includes demolition, soil stabilization, and restoration projects</i>



C. Project Prioritization Approach

Once projects were identified—as informed by the infrastructure investment strategy described above—PREPA prioritized projects in its portfolio based on the sequencing of projects required to support execution of its Governing Board's vision and the IRP, including PREB's guidance in response to the Final Resolution and Order on the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority's Integrated Resource Plan. Other overarching prioritization criteria were safety, impact to the community, relative complexity of the work, and regulatory requirements. In addition, projects were further prioritized within each asset category based on factors specific to each asset category. Some of these asset category-specific prioritization criteria are described below.

Transmission projects were prioritized based on the current status of the lines and if they are currently in or out of service; coordination with PREPA Operations to take into account system limitations and the feasibility of taking lines out of service to perform transmission line work, whether or not lines support critical loads; and the appropriate alignment and sequencing with other infrastructure projects including substations.

For Distribution projects, priorities were based on the identification of specific feeders deemed to be both critical and in immediate need of repair, feeders with critical customers, and projects required to support renewable integration and grid modernization.

Prioritization of Substation projects was based on numerous factors including significant storm damage, equipment at risk of failure, and need for relocation to prevent future flooding. Other prioritization factors considered include alignment of substation priorities with T&D priorities/cross-dependencies, support of grid constraint mitigation, and generation switchyard modernization needs.

IT/Telecom prioritization criteria included the need to repair existing systems required to support the grid, systems required to assess system damage, systems required to support new IT capabilities, and systems requiring additional engineering studies to solidify or refine project approach.

PREPA's Generation and Dams and Hydro projects were prioritized based on impact to the stable and reliable production of electricity for the island, the ability to recover from system events including improved black start capabilities, and the capabilities needed to support the integration of increased levels of renewable generation. Dams and Hydro project prioritization focused on safety of the impacted communities and the continued availability of water resources for human consumption and agriculture.

Building project prioritization was based primarily on importance of the facility and the need to relocate a facility to prevent future flooding damage. Environmental projects were



prioritized to create quick wins and to address immediate actions required to protect PREPA's assets.

Projects were assigned to one of the three priority categories described above based on these criteria and considerations.

D. Near-Term Category Overview

The near-term priority category is composed of projects that have either already begun 30% A/E design or are expected to do so in 2021-2023.

PREPA intends to pursue a high proportion of its projects in the near-term for several reasons: 1) it is PREPA's objective to deliver results as quickly as possible, 2) some projects already have preliminary engineering and are ready to proceed into the 30% A/E design phase, and 3) some projects are very large in scope and must be initiated in the near-term to be completed within the later years of the plan.

In the sections that follow, we provide this information on near-term priority projects:

Table 4.1 – Provided Project Information

Section	Plan Information Provided
1. Description of projects	An overview of the projects in the priority category and the approach used to designate them, organized by asset type
2. Summary of projects	Number of projects by asset category and start year, along with total dollars by asset category
3. COR3 and FEMA submission timeline	Estimated timeline for submittal to indicate number of projects for each year and asset category
4. List of projects	Project name, a brief description, estimated submittal timing, estimated cost, and IRP reference section for each project included in the plan



1. *Description of Near-Term Priority Projects*

Generation and Dams and Hydro

Near-term Generation projects consist largely of repairs of damages incurred during the 2017 hurricanes at several generating facilities. This includes all projects included in the application submitted under the FEMA 428 program. Priority will be given to remediating safety issues. Aside from repairs at the existing generating facilities, near-term generation projects also include the construction of renewable generation and battery storage projects by third-party developers who will enter into power purchase and operating agreements with PREPA.

PREPA will administer a series of renewable energy and energy storage RFPs beginning in early 2021 and continuing for at least several years, but likely will continue for many years. New renewable energy projects and energy storage projects will be developed and owned by 3rd parties. PREPA will enter into Power Purchase and Operating Agreements (PPOAs) or Energy Storage Service Agreements (ESSAs) with the projects.

Synchronous condensers will be added to the system to provide the grid support required for a system with large amounts of inverter-based generation as much of the existing thermal generation is retired.

In addition, a new thermal generation feasibility study will be performed to conduct preliminary economic, siting, permitting, and planning analysis regarding a new thermal fired unit near the San Juan area (Palo Seco). This near-term planning also includes establishing a retirement sequence for aged fossil-fired generation equipment and all associated activities to facilitate the work (e.g., decommissioning, demolition, salvage, remediation, and restoration work). Areas that have been selected for the development of new facilities, or repurposing such as synchronous condensing services, are also planned in the near-term.

Near-term Dams and Hydro projects are focused on improving dam safety and repairing damages from sediment, storm debris, and erosion.

Transmission

All the existing 115kV and 230kV Transmission Lines experienced hurricane-related disaster damage due to Hurricanes Irma and María. PREPA performed temporary emergency repairs on the hurricane-related disaster damaged structures for system restoration purposes. The near-term objective is to provide hardening/resiliency and/or rebuild 12 115kV and 230kV transmission lines (237 circuit miles) and 13 38kV sub-transmission lines (285 circuit miles) in the near term. In addition, PREPA is pursuing a project to repair and bring back into service a damaged section of the San Juan 115kV Underground Transmission Loop, which is designed to provide a highly reliable power path around San Juan that is protected from severe weather.



The near-term A/E effort will determine the complete scope of work for each transmission line to determine the structure replacement plan and potential rebuild of the transmission line. It was assumed for the purposes of this plan that all wood structures and 20% of the concrete or steel poles would be replaced. The remaining transmission structures would be part of a hardening/resiliency program for each transmission line. For the resiliency improvements, PREPA will be replacing insulators; replacing or adding guy wires; repairing or replacing anchors, structure elements, and foundation; repairing or adding vibration dampers, drag dampers, and armored rods to conform to consensus-based codes.

Distribution

After the 2017 hurricanes, initial damage assessments were undertaken for 338 feeders to gather information on the number of damaged poles, transformers, and conductors. Based on this assessment, 103 feeders were identified as critical with an immediate need to repair. These feeders have been included in the near-term and classified in the first tier of projects to be completed.

The scope of the work primarily will be to rebuild the feeders to the current standards and to include distribution automation (DA) equipment. First each feeder will be hardened up to current codes and standards for all its backbone length, including feeders that have critical loads.

As part of the overall approach to distribution, PREPA will also introduce DA and reliability equipment onto the distribution system. PREPA considered intelligent reclosers, intelligent fuse cutouts, and replacement of underground switches. DA is part of a family of new electric utility technology solutions generally referred to as “Smart Grid” within the industry and has become an industry standard for leading utilities in the United States. DA significantly improves a utility’s reliability metrics, such as System Average Interruption Duration Index (SAIDI) and System Average Interruption Frequency Index (SAIFI); in other words, DA keeps customers’ power on as outages become less frequent and shorter in duration.

Substations

Substations are being evaluated for modernization, hardening, and relocation to meet new codes and standards to improve the resilience and reliability of the electric grid system throughout the island, including mitigation measures for previously flooded substations. These substations are categorized into four general groups: generation and switchyard modernization, flooded substation relocation, grid concerns, and modernization and hardening. Modernization will include the upgrade of existing protective relays to modern digital relays and replacement of existing oil circuit breakers with SF6 gas breakers. This will improve system protection and eliminate some grid constraints. Hardening will include strengthening and/or replacement of existing control buildings/enclosures, structures, and



components to better withstand a storm event and thereby improve grid reliability and resilience.

IT/Telecom

The telecommunication projects support the overall T&D and Generation programs. Telecommunications projects that must be undertaken immediately include fiber optics, land mobile, or 2-way, radio (LMR), microwave radio, infrastructure, DA, field area (radio) networks (FAN), advanced meter infrastructure (AMI), and communications network (IP/MPLS).

Fiber optics is the primary pathway to transport critical operational technology (OT) applications including protective relaying and supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA), as well as information technology (IT) due to its bandwidth, latency, and data security. One of the first priorities is to largely replace the fiber optic backbone which suffered extensive storm damage and has insufficient capacity for a modern telecommunication system. This work must begin immediately due to the urgent, critical need and to leverage the opportunity to install new cable during planned, near-term T&D line work, thereby reducing costs. High fiber count, 96 fibers, optical ground wire (OPGW) will be used to replace the static, or ground, wire on transmission lines, while all-dielectric self-supporting (ADSS) cable will be installed on distribution lines.

Microwave radios suffered severe damage and are beyond their end-of-life, meaning they are no longer supported by their manufacturers. New standards-based, Internet Protocol (IP) radios must be deployed with greater bandwidth, reliability, and system gain. The new radios will contribute to a far more resilient, robust telecommunications transport network infrastructure.

Common, foundational communications infrastructure, such as radio towers, batteries, and communications generators and associated fuel tanks, suffered extensive damage and must be replaced. New radio towers will be designed to the newer, more stringent tower standards, so they will withstand higher wind speeds and provide greater resiliency to the threat from hurricanes and severe storms. This work must begin immediately as it is foundational to other critical telecommunications systems, including LMR, microwave radio, and FAN.

Replacement of the damaged end-of-life LMR system is a lengthy, complex project and is expected to take five years. Planning, including technology assessment, must begin immediately to ensure the right solution is developed and implemented for a survivable, resilient radio capability based on standards and industry best practices.

Similarly, the FAN represents a lengthy, complex project and is expected to take more than five years, possibly up to 10, to complete. The technology assessment, which must begin immediately, will consider use of standards-based technologies and radio spectrum to support multiple requirements to the greatest extent possible. For example, if suitable sub-one



gigahertz (<1 GHz) radio spectrum can be acquired, long-term evolution (LTE) infrastructure may be a viable, long-term, unified solution for serving DA, LMR, and AMI, as well as distributed energy resources (DER) and such technologies as smart streetlights.

Finally, in order to avoid duplication of costs and effort, the communications network must begin migration to the IP/MPLS standard immediately, as microwave radio and fiber optics transport assets are deployed. IP/MPLS is a proven, standards-based technology that has become the best practice in the U.S. utility industry and will effectively serve teleprotection, SCADA, and other critical applications with alternate routing, greater flexibility, and room for growth.

Buildings

Planned near-term projects related to buildings consist of repairs to approximately 14 buildings that were damaged by the 2017 hurricanes. These building repairs are important to facilities in use for ongoing operations and have been prioritized according to need and/or coordination with other related projects.

Environmental

Environmental permitting and remediation of near-term activities for the acquisition or divestiture of real property project categories include a Phase I and Phase II Environmental Site assessment.

Near-term activities will be required for projects that involve construction activities, construction-related soil disturbance, and potential impacts to environmental or cultural resources. These activities include definition of project and project-related construction activities and project area; a desktop review; the identification of potential environmental impacts and mitigation measures; and the development of a permitting/approval matrix.

Near-term activities for projects that include the installation or modification of new or existing generating resources include a compliance audit (if applicable); a desktop review; identification of applicable permits; and the preparation of a permit matrix and schedule.

Near-term activities for projects that include generating resource retirements and demolition activities include project-related construction activities, demolition activities, and project schedule to be clearly defined; soil sampling (if applicable); the identification of remediation requirements; the development of a waste management plan; and the preparation of permitting/approval matrix.

Information on each project in the near-term category can be found in Section 4. "List of Near-Term Priority Projects" below.



2. *Summary of Near-Term Priority Projects*

The following table summarizes the near-term project volume and aggregate cost by asset category:

Table 4.2 – Summary of Near-Term Priority Projects

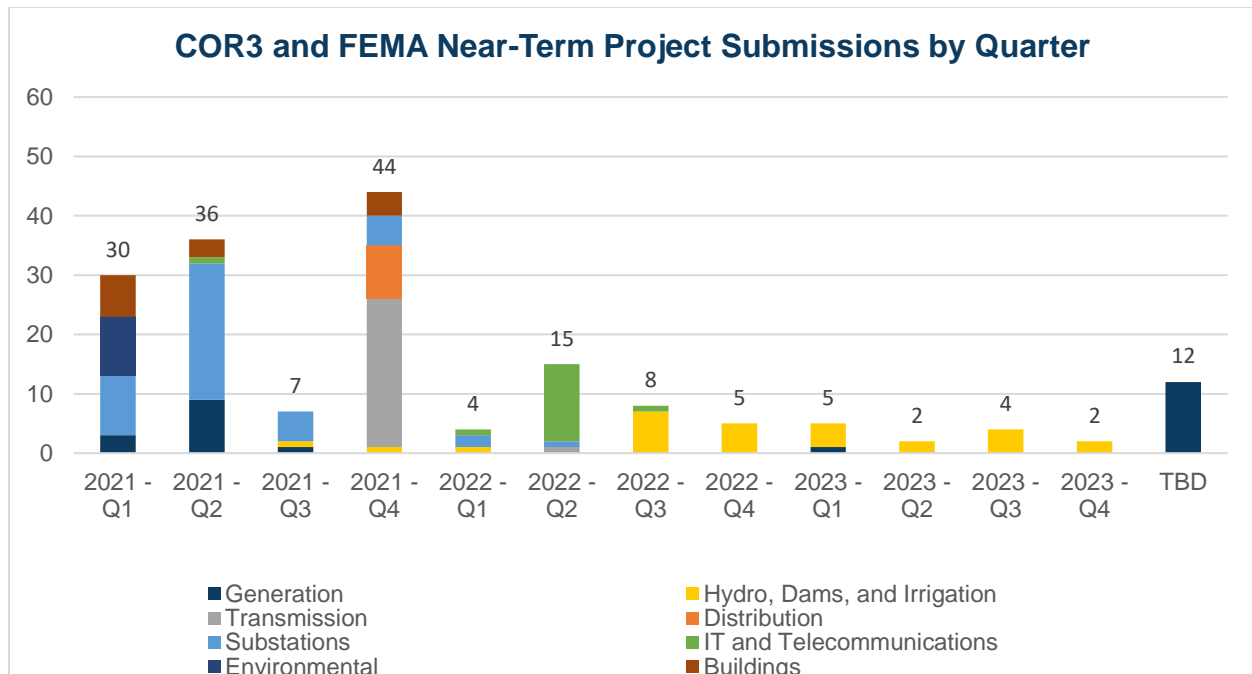
Asset Category	# of Projects Initiated			Total Projects	Total Cost Estimates (millions)
	2021	2022	2023		
Generation	25	1	0	26	\$704
Dams and Hydro	12	11	12	35	\$783
Transmission	26	0	0	26	\$1,098
Distribution	9	0	0	9	\$733
Substations	41	5	0	46	\$310
IT/Telecom	16	0	0	16	\$675
Buildings	14	0	0	14	\$10
Environmental	10	0	0	10	\$15
Total	153	17	12	182	\$4,329



3. COR3 and FEMA Submission Timeline

The following bar chart shows the estimated timeline for submittal of individual projects to COR3 and FEMA for review and approval:

Figure 4.2 – COR3 and FEMA Near-Term Project Submissions by Quarter



4. List of Near-Term Priority Projects

The tables below contain details on each of the individual projects in the near-term priority category.

Projects are grouped by asset category and contain project name, brief description, estimated timing for submission to COR3 and FEMA for review and approval, a class 5 cost estimate, and a reference to the section of PREB's Final Resolution and Order on the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority's Integrated Resource Plan to which each project relates.

It is important to note that the cost estimate provided does not include potential hazard mitigation funding that may be available through FEMA's 406 Hazard Mitigation Program. PREPA intends to submit applications for 406 funding with each of its 428 projects, where applicable. These additional funds will be critical to reinforcing the new infrastructure to protect against damage from future disaster events.



All projects in the tables below are funded through FEMA's 428 program unless otherwise noted. Other funding sources included in PREPA's infrastructure plan include FEMA's 404 program and PREPA's NME. In addition, HUD's CDBG funds will support some of the infrastructure projects contained in this plan, but the allocation of the HUD funds has not yet been tied to specific projects, which will occur in a future update of this plan.

Generation – Near-Term (2021-2023)

Table 4.3 – Near-Term Generation Projects

Generation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Sub- mission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
New Thermal Generation Feasibility Study	This feasibility study will be conducted in alignment with the PREB's IRP Resolution and Order and will be focused on preliminary economic, siting, permitting, and planning analysis regarding a new fossil-fuel powered unit near the San Juan area (Palo Seco). The feasibility study will take into account responses to PREPA's renewable energy and energy storage RFPs; indicative pricing for combined-cycle, reciprocating engine, and combustion engine generators; siting and feasibility analysis for fueling infrastructure; opportunity cost to siting energy storage systems or renewable resources near the San Juan area (Palo Seco) as a result of fossil-fuel generation development near the San Juan area (Palo Seco); and recommendations regarding specific resources that may be needed near the San Juan area (Palo Seco) in order to most cost-effectively compliment the resources being developed and deployed elsewhere in Puerto Rico.	N/A Feasibility Study Only	\$5.00 Note: Funded through FEMA 404 program	Section III E
Mobile Emergency Generation	This project includes the procurement of 11 mobile emergency generation units – each with an output of approximately 30 MW for a total of 330 MW – to replace the existing gas turbines and potentially be deployed as necessary around the island to strategic locations where power may be needed following an emergency, such as hurricanes and earthquakes. After Hurricane Maria, the Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) installed mobile generation units on the island to support emergency power generation to critical facilities until repairs could be made to damaged infrastructure. These mobile generating units were critical to restoring power but cost approximately \$2M per unit per month to lease and operate. As FEMA has provided funding through its 404 Hazard Mitigation program for PREPA to secure emergency generation assets, they may not cover costs to lease emergency units should they be required in the	2021 Q3	\$280.80 Note: Funded through FEMA 404 program	Section III E

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Generation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Sub-mission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	future. PREPA will work with the PREB to determine the optimal locations for these mobile generating units as part of the Optimization Process. These mobile generating units will also support distributed generation alternatives, allowing them to be integrated in the new T&D grid as the system is transformed to make it more robust and resilient. This project will also include demolition of any existing gas turbine infrastructure approved for replacement with new mobile emergency generation units.			
Power Plants Units-Related Works and Repairs Projects	This project is designed to provide required inspection, repairs, replacement, and maintenance at the following power plants: 1) Aguirre, 2) San Juan, 3) Palo Seco, 4) Costa Sur, 5) and the Aguirre combined cycle power plant. Project work includes site assessments of current systems and installed equipment, verification of code compliance, review of current drawings (mechanical, electrical, and instrument and controls), interview of plant operators to assess current systems and identify operationally-required maintenance work, and development of a plan for all required maintenance.	N/A	\$157.50 Note: Funded through PREPA NME	N/A Necessary PREPA Maintenance
New Black Start System at Aguirre	The Aguirre thermal units 1 and 2 each with an output of 450 MW require approximately 27 MW of black start capability. The two existing black start units, GT#21 and GT#22 failed to function after Hurricane María. The objective of this project is to replace these two outdated black start units at the Aguirre power plant with a new black start system that can provide reliable black start capabilities to the plant and inject power into the grid for voltage stability.	2021 Q1	\$45.20	Section III C
New Black Start System at Costa Sur	The Costa Sur power plant with an output of 820 MW requires approximately 27 MW of black start capability. During Hurricane María, one of the two black start generators was grounded and the control room that operates both units was severely damaged by heavy rain fall and high winds making the black start system on both GTs inoperable. The objective of this project is to replace two outdated black start units, CT1.1 and CT 1.2, at the Costa Sur power plant with a new black start system that can provide reliable black start capabilities to the plant, inject power into the grid for voltage stability, or serve as an emergency generator when needed.	2021 Q1	\$45.20	Section III C
Power Plants Other	This project is designed to provide required maintenance at the following power plants: 1) Cambalache, 2) Aguirre,	N/A	\$44.00	N/A

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Generation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Sub-mission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Repairs/ Replacement Projects	3) San Juan, 4) Palo Seco, 5) Costa Sur, and 6) the Aguirre combined cycle power plant. Project work includes site assessments of current systems and installed equipment, verification of code compliance, review of current drawings (mechanical, electrical, and instrument and controls), interview of plant operators to assess current systems and identify operationally-required maintenance work, and development of a plan for all required maintenance.		Note: Funded through PREPA NME	Necessary PREPA Maintenance
Power Plants Storage Tanks/Fuel Systems Projects	Power plant unit-related maintenance is needed at the following power plants: 1) Cambalache power plant, 2) Aguirre power plant, 3) San Juan power plant, 4) Palo Seco power plant, and 5) Aguirre combined cycle power plant. Work includes site assessment of current systems and installed equipment, verification of code compliance, review of current drawings (mechanical, electrical, and instrument and controls), interview of operators to assess the current systems and identify operationally-required maintenance, development of preliminary design requirements, and review of requirements with PREPA for comment and approval.	N/A	\$32.00 Note: Funded through PREPA NME	N/A Necessary PREPA Maintenance
Aguirre Unit 1 Major Overhaul	Perform maintenance overhaul of the steam turbine and boiler Unit #1 at the Aguirre power plant per original equipment manufacturer standards.	N/A	\$18.00 Note: Funded through PREPA NME	N/A Necessary PREPA Maintenance
Power Plants Electrical/Controls Projects	Power plant electrical/controls maintenance projects are needed at the following power plants: 1) Cambalache power plant, 2) Aguirre power plant, 3) San Juan power plant, 4) Palo Seco power plant, and 5) Costa Sur power plant. Work includes site assessment of current systems and installed equipment, verification of code compliance, review of current drawings (mechanical, electrical, and instrument and controls), interview of operators to assess the current systems and identify operationally-required improvements, development of preliminary maintenance design, and review with PREPA for comment and approval.	N/A	\$14.00 Note: Funded through PREPA NME	N/A Necessary PREPA Maintenance
Power Plants Water Systems Projects	Water system maintenance is needed at the following power plants: 1) Cambalache Water Systems, 2) Aguirre Water Systems, 3) San Juan Water Systems, and 4) Palo Seco Water Systems. Work includes site assessment of the current water protection system and installed	N/A	\$12.80 Note: Funded through	N/A Necessary PREPA Maintenance

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Generation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Sub-mission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	equipment, verification of code compliance, determination if current water protection system meets plant requirements, review of current drawings (mechanical, electrical, and instrument and controls), interview of operators to assess the current water protection system and identify operationally-required maintenance.		PREPA NME	
Aguirre Steam Plant Repairs	The Aguirre power plant complex suffered extensive damage from Hurricane María. A site visit was conducted on August 9, 12, 22, and 26 of 2019 by a team of inspectors from FEMA and PREPA that included the steam plant, the combined cycle plant, and black start units. Most of the direct hurricane damage identified were in luminaries, buildings throughout the plant, the cooling tower, which was destroyed, structures such as roofs and siding, interior building damage caused by water and miscellaneous equipment. The objective of this project is to evaluate all claims submitted to FEMA for the settlement and develop individual scope of work packages, execution timeline, sequence, and cost estimates to complete the needed Hurricane María repairs. The two black start gas turbines, which failed to operate during the hurricane, are separate projects under the FEMA settlement.	2021 Q2	\$9.20	Section III C
Aguirre CC Main Power Transformer	The power plant main power transformers at the Aguirre combined cycle plant have been operating for more than 45 years and have reached the end of their operating useful life. These main power transformers are to be maintained and replaced under this project.	N/A	\$6.60 Note: Funded through PREPA NME	N/A Necessary PREPA Maintenance
Cambalache Power Plant Repairs	The Cambalache power plant suffered extensive damage as a result of Hurricane María. A site visit to the plant was conducted on August 7, 2019, by a team of inspectors from FEMA and PREPA. Damages identified included site flooding due to damage to the flood dam structure around the plant, damages to various structures, equipment, roofs, siding, exterior and interior lights, interior building damages caused by high speed winds, water, and flying debris. Many of these damages were repaired immediately after the storm to put the generating units back in service and avoid further deterioration. The objective of this project is to evaluate all claims submitted to FEMA for the settlement and develop individual scope of work, execution timeline, sequence, and cost	2021 Q2	\$6.41	Section III C

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Generation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Sub-mission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	estimates to complete the needed Hurricane María related repairs.			
Palo Seco Steam Plant Repairs	The Palo Seco power plant suffered extensive damage as a result of Hurricane María. Two site visits were conducted on July 31, 2019, and August 1, 2019, by a team of inspectors from FEMA and PREPA. Most of the damages identified at the Palos Seco plant were flooding and water filtration due to excessive rain, damage to luminaries, structural elements, equipment, metal lagging and thermal insulation material blown away due to high winds and flying debris during the storm. Many of the damaged components were repaired immediately after the storm to put the generating plant back in service and to avoid further damages. The objective of this project is to evaluate all claims submitted to FEMA for the settlement and develop individual scope of work, execution timeline, sequence, and cost estimates to complete the needed Hurricane María related repairs.	2021 Q2	\$5.00	Section III C
Jobos Gas Plant Repairs	The Jobos peaker power plant received damage from damaging high winds and flying debris during the storm. A site visit of the Jobos peaker power plant was conducted on September 12, 2019, by a team of inspectors from FEMA and PREPA. Most of the damages identified were roof blown away on offices and warehouses, interior acoustic ceiling damage, windows, diesel tank #1 and #2 secondary container liner, main facility fence, and miscellaneous plant control failure. Many of the hurricane-related damages were repaired immediately after the storm to avoid further damages. The objective of this project is to evaluate all claims submitted to FEMA for the settlement and develop individual scope of work, execution timeline, sequence, and cost estimates to complete the needed Hurricane María related repairs.	2021 Q2	\$4.22	Section III C
Power Plants Fire Systems Projects	Fire protection system maintenance is needed at the following power plants: 1) Cambalache Fire Systems, 2) Aguirre Fire Systems, 3) San Juan Fire Systems, and 4) Palo Seco Fire Systems. Work includes site assessment of the current fire protection system and installed equipment, verification of code compliance, determination if current fire protection system meet plant requirements, review of current drawings (mechanical, electrical, and instrument and controls), interview of operators to assess the current fire protection system and identify operationally-required maintenance.	N/A	\$4.20 Note: Funded through PREPA NME	N/A Necessary PREPA Maintenance

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Generation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Sub-mission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Cambalache Dike	During Hurricane María, the Cambalache flood protection barrier structure was damaged, eroded, and sediment accumulated around the dike due to the flood caused by the Arecibo River, which was 6 inches below the crest of the dike during the event. Also, the site is located within coastal flooding limit (1 mile). The objective of this project is to make improvements and reinforce the dike to withstand future flooding. But in order to reach an engineering solution, a civil structural study must be conducted by experts in this matter to determine the extent of the damage, conduct an evaluation, and provide recommended solutions.	2021 Q1	\$4.00	Section III C
San Juan Steam Plant Repairs	PREPA's San Juan Power Plant received hurricane damage from high speed damaging winds and flying debris. A site visit of the San Juan power plant was conducted on August 2, 2019, by a team of inspectors from PREPA. Many of the damages identified include warehouse roofs and siding, galvanized steel structures, boiler lagging and insulation on units 7, 8, 9, and 10, overhead crane for main equipment units 9 and 10, battery charger's units 7 and 8, and other miscellaneous structures. Many of the damages were repaired following the storm to place the units back in service and to avoid further deterioration. The objective of this project is to evaluate all claims submitted to FEMA for the settlement and develop individual scope of work, execution timeline, sequence, and cost estimates to complete the needed Hurricane María related repairs.	2021 Q2	\$3.83	Section III C
Mayagüez Gas Plant Repairs	Mayagüez Power Plant received hurricane damage from high speed damaging winds and flying debris during the storm. A site visit was conducted on April 11, 2019, by inspectors from FEMA and PREPA. Damages identified include liner damaged during storm, the geomembrane was broken in various sections, faded peeled off paint, damage to the tank coating, RO contaminated water/membranes failed failure following the hurricane due to contaminated water, Units 1 and 2 transformer cooling fan failure, and miscellaneous corrugated metal sheets were blown away from equipment roofs during the storm. Many of the damaged power plant components and structures were repaired to put the generating units back in service and avoid further deterioration.	2021 Q2	\$2.66	Section III C
Daguao Gas Plant Repairs	PREPA's Dagua Power Plant received damage from high speed damaging winds and flying debris during the storm. A site visit was conducted on August 23, 2019, by	2021 Q2	\$1.96	Section III C

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Generation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Sub-mission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	a team of inspectors from FEMA and PREPA. Damages identified include luminaries throughout the plant, damage to the fuel transfer pumps electrical system, fuel tank dike membrane liner, main power transformer dike interior, gas turbine air filters enclosures, access doors, stack paint, perimeter fence, building roofs, and other miscellaneous structures. Many of the damaged power plant components and structures were repaired to put the generating units back in service and avoid further deterioration.			
Yabucoa Gas Plant Repairs	Yabucoa Power Plant received damage from flooding, high speed damaging winds and flying debris during the storm. A site visit was conducted on April 8, 2019, followed by a second visit on August 23, 2019, by inspectors from FEMA and PREPA. Damages identified include the diesel tank S2 concrete liner and paint, chain link fence concrete foundation, metal roof maintenance shops, air conditioners, and other miscellaneous structures. Many of the damaged power plant components and structures were repaired to put the generating units back in service and avoid further deterioration.	2021 Q2	\$1.10	Section III C
Vega Baja Gas Plant Repairs	Vega Baja peaker plant received damage from high hurricane winds and flying debris during the storm. A site visit of the Vega Baja plant was conducted on August 30, 2019, by a team of inspectors from FEMA and PREPA. Damages identified include a blown away metal roof of a warehouse, destroyed light fixtures, a damaged A/C window unit, the emergency diesel engine cooling fan, the main facility entrance electric gate opening mechanism and miscellaneous structures. Many of the damaged power plant components and structures were repaired to put the generating units back in service and avoid further deterioration.	2021 Q2	\$0.49	Section III C
Renewable Generation Projects	In the Final Resolution and Order on the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority's Integrated Resource Plan issued August 24, 2020, the Puerto Rico Energy Bureau ordered PREPA to develop solar PV and battery storage resources in accordance with competitive procurement protocols. In addition, Act 82-2010 establishes RPS targets by year, which require significant additions of renewable generation to the PREPA system in the near- and mid-terms. Six RFP tranches of solar PV or other renewable (1000 MW, 500 MW, 500 MW, 500 MW, 500 MW, and 750 MW, respectively) have been identified for	2021 Q1	N/A	Section III E

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Generation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Sub-mission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	the near- and mid-terms to be distributed throughout the island. The RFP for the first tranche is expected to be issued in 2021 Q1. These projects and assets will be owned by 3rd parties who will enter into offtake agreements with PREPA.			
Battery Energy Storage	In the Final Resolution and Order on the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority's Integrated Resource Plan issued August 24, 2020, the Puerto Rico Energy Bureau orders PREPA to develop solar PV and battery storage resources in accordance with competitive procurement protocols. In addition, Act 82-2010 establishes RPS targets by year, which require significant additions of battery storage to the PREPA system in the near- and mid-terms. Six RFP tranches of battery storage (500 MW, 250 MW, 250 MW, 250 MW, 150 MW, and 125 MW, respectively) have been identified for the near- and mid-terms to be distributed throughout the island. Currently these projects are still in the early stages of the public bid and a request for proposal to private entities is expected to be issued in 2021 Q1/Q2. The exact location of each project has not yet been identified. Once battery storage projects are added to the system, these will also provide some grid support. These projects and assets will be owned by 3rd parties who will enter into offtake agreements with PREPA.	2021 Q3	N/A	Section III E
Synchronous Condensers	Synchronous condensers will become necessary to provide different types of grid support as existing rotating generators are retired and non-rotating intermittent renewable generation is added. The Puerto Rico Energy Bureau ² calls for the conversion of several units to synchronous condensers in the future as PREPA's grid is modified post Hurricane María. Dynamic models are being updated and system studies are currently underway to determine the types of support the system will need as the newly approved solar PV projects are implemented, including inertia, short circuit strength, reactive power compensation, voltage stability, etc. PREPA island wide generators are being evaluated to identify potential units that could be converted and what it would take to convert them. In conjunction with the results from the system studies, this information will be used to determine which conversions are recommended and the timeline for each conversion. Preliminary studies	2024	\$0.00 Note: Cost to be estimated in a future plan update	Section III C

²The Final Resolution and Order on the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority's Integrated Resource Plan issued in July 2020



Generation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Sub- mission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	<p>indicate that two synchronous condenser projects will be required in the mid-term in order to ensure that enough renewable generation can be added to the system at the pace required to achieve the renewable generation targets for the mid and long terms.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Synchronous condenser Unit 1 Synchronous condenser Unit 2 			
Demolition of Generating Units (Aguirre U1-U2, Palo Seco U1-U4, San Juan U7-U10, Aguirre CC 1-2, Costa Sur U1-U4)	<p>According to the Final Resolution and Order on the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority's Integrated Resource Plan (IRP) issued in July 2020, the Puerto Rico Energy Bureau (PREB) approved PREPA's plans for retirement of the oil-fired steam resources over the next five (5) years and warns PREPA that undue delays in the retirement of these units will result in stringent penalties. As these plants are retired, they will be demolished to make room at each of these facilities for other uses.</p>	N/A	<p>\$0.00</p> <p>Note: PREPA NME; Cost to be estimated in a future plan update</p>	Section III C

Dams and Hydro – Near-Term (2021-2023)

Table 4.4 – Near-Term Dams and Hydro Projects

Dams and Hydro Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3/ FEMA Sub- mission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Guajataca Dam - Study/Assessment - Detailed Design - Procurement	The purpose of this project is to increase the Guajataca Dam spillway capacity, stabilize the earth embankment and abutment landslide while providing seismic resilience to the dam. With this project, the intent is to reduce the dam operational risks below the United States Army Corps of Engineers tolerable risk safety guidelines.	2023 Q3	\$566.09	Section III C
Early Warning System (Dams) Project	The purpose of this project is to install an island-wide early warning system (EWS) for thirty-seven (37) dams administered by PREPA. Each installed EWS will monitor the risk of dam rupture or damage, providing a warning signal to vulnerable areas downstream of the dam and first responders.	2022 Q3	<p>\$100.00</p> <p>Note: Funded through FEMA 404 program</p>	Section III C
Diversion Canal and Forebay	The Isabela Irrigation District is composed of the Guajataca Dam and the Derivation Irrigation Canal, the Moca Canal, the principal and Aguadilla Canals. The	2022 Q3	\$20.00	Section III C



Dams and Hydro Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3/ FEMA Sub- mission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	system bring water from the Guajataca Ward all the way to the Aguadilla Municipality. The most critical of this system is the derivation canal which is 10 miles long along the Guajataca Forrest. The canal is highly inaccessible and is prone to landslides and floating debris clogging the water flow. Due to its inaccessibility the cleaning and unclogging work must be done manually. The system provides a water source for the Municipalities of Quebradillas, Isabela, San Sebastián, Moca, Aguadilla and Rincón. The time to put the Isabela Irrigation District back to operation after an event like María will be shorten by at least 3 weeks. Depending on the impact in the Moca, Principal and Aguadilla Canal the time of response could be from 2 to 3 days instead of weeks.			
Río Blanco Hydroelectric System Connection	This project consists of replacing damaged infrastructure from lateral erosion that led to abutment failure of a 70-foot aluminum truss bridge aerial pipe crossing. The erosion caused the bridge and 30-inch diameter fiberglass/concrete pipe to collapse, severing the gravity pipeline between the Cubuy and Sabana diversion dams that feed the Icacos Reservoir. A new 30-inch aerial pipe crossing is proposed for reconstruction with new pipe pedestal abutments and suspension bridge to support the new pipe crossing and span across the widened gully.	2023 Q3	\$19.84	Section III C
Guerrero Reservoir	The objective of this project is to restore the Guerrero reservoir storage to a condition optimal for operations, water supply, and flood control after damage from Hurricane María. The Guerrero Reservoir is supplied by the Isabela Main Irrigation Canal and receives water from Guajataca Reservoir. This reservoir captured large quantities of sediment and debris from heavy rains, surface water runoff carrying debris, soil erosion, and landslides.	2022 Q3	\$19.47	Section III C
Guajataca Reservoir	The objective of this project is to restore the Guajataca reservoir storage to a condition optimal for operations, water supply, and flood control after damage from Hurricane María. The Guajataca Reservoir is supplied by the Río Guajataca and Río Chiquito de Cibao and captured large quantities of sediment and debris from heavy rains, surface water runoff carrying debris, soil erosion, and landslides.	2022 Q4	\$18.99	Section III C
Toro Negro Hydroelectric System	The Toro Negro Hydroelectric System Connection between the Splitter Box and Aceitunas Forebay was damaged primarily due to gully erosion, abutment scour,	2023 Q1	\$10.18	Section III C

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Dams and Hydro Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3/ FEMA Sub- mission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Connection between Splitter Box and Aceitunas Forebay	and/or debris transport. Damage led to the failure of a concrete bridge aerial pipe crossing, causing the bridge and pipe to collapse. Pipeline connections have both been temporarily restored but is not a long-term solution; pipelines and aerial crossing are not properly protected from future storm damage. This project would permanently restore the existing conveyance functionality.			
Guayabal Reservoir	The Guayabal Reservoir is supplied by Toro Negro Plant 1 via Río Jacaguas and the Toa Vaca Reservoir via Río Toa Vaca. This reservoir captured large quantities of sediment and debris from heavy rains, surface water runoff carrying debris, soil erosion, and landslides. The project objective is to restore the reservoir storage to a condition optimal for operations, water supply, and flood control.	2024	\$7.75	Section III C
Matrullas Reservoir	The Matrullas Reservoir is supplied by Río Matrullas and captured large quantities of sediment and debris from heavy rains, surface water runoff carrying debris, soil erosion, and landslides. The project objective is to restore the reservoir storage to a condition optimal for operations, water supply, and flood control.	2024	\$3.08	Section III C
Toro Negro 1	The purpose of this project is to restore/repair the Toro Negro 1 hydropower plant from hurricane/flooding damage suffered as a result of Hurricane María. The plant sustained exterior site and equipment damage as well as interior damage from water inside the power building covering the bottom floors affecting critical generation equipment. With this project, the intent is to evaluate all claims submitted to FEMA for the settlement and develop individual scope of work, execution timeline, sequence, and cost estimates to complete the needed Hurricane María related repairs.	2023 Q1	\$2.47	Section III C
Main and Aguadilla Canal	The Main and Aguadilla Canal's damage was primarily caused from high winds, wind-driven rainfall, flash flooding (erosion), and fallen trees. Additionally, the breach of Guajataca Dam and subsequent canal operations caused cracking and scouring. This erosion of the side slopes and canal bottom led to canal failure. This project restores the existing canal functionality by repairing and replacing damaged concrete lining, which is cracked, displaced, and scouring below the surface of the lining, and damaged railings, fences, and gates.	2023 Q4	\$2.01	Section III C

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Dams and Hydro Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3/ FEMA Sub- mission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Juana Díaz Canal	The Juana Díaz Canal and adjacent areas were damaged from rushing waters and debris from an adjacent plantain farm, heavy rainfall, and landslides. This project repairs and replaces damaged items including the concrete canal lining, gabion baskets, and chain-link fence. This canal needs sediment removal from pipes and gravel fill for the road, which requires special consideration for extra drainage and landscape modifications to mitigate future damage.	2022 Q4	\$1.96	Section III C
Toro Negro 2 Penstock	A 6,370-foot-long pipeline (transitioning from 36" to 30" to 24" hammer welded steel pipe) serves as the penstock conveying raw water from the El Guineo Reservoir to the Toro Negro 2 Hydroelectric Plant. Along an 817 linear foot segment of the 30" above-grade penstock, significant erosion or debris transport caused damage to two aerial pipe supports. One support has tilted and is no longer supporting pipe. Severe erosion and leakage from a 3" hole in the pipe has exposed the foundation of a second support and is in danger of failure. Project objectives should upgrade and maintain a functioning penstock in a manner that would prevent similar damages during future storms.	2023 Q1	\$1.74	Section III C
Caonillas 1	The purpose of this project is to restore/repair the Caonillas 1 Hydropower Plant from hurricane/flooding damage suffered as a result of Hurricane María. The plant sustained exterior site and equipment damage as well as interior damage from water inside the power building affecting critical generation equipment. The two hydroelectric units remain out-of-service due to these damages. With this project, the intent is to evaluate all claims submitted to FEMA for the settlement and develop individual scope of work, execution timeline, sequence, and cost estimates to complete the needed Hurricane María related repairs.	2022 Q3	\$1.65	Section III C
Garzas Reservoir	The Garzas Reservoir is supplied by the Río Las Vacas and captured large quantities of sediment and debris from heavy rains, surface water runoff carrying debris, soil erosion, and landslides. The project objective is to restore the reservoir storage to a condition optimal for operations, water supply, and flood control.	2024	\$1.53	Section III C
Guineo Reservoir	The Guineo Reservoir is supplied by Río Toro Negro and captured large quantities of sediment and debris from heavy rains, surface water runoff carrying debris, soil erosion, and landslides. The project objective is to restore	2024	\$1.25	Section III C

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Dams and Hydro Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3/ FEMA Sub- mission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	the reservoir storage to a condition optimal for operations, water supply, and flood control.			
Patillas Canal	The Patillas Canal and adjacent areas were damaged from rushing waters with debris, heavy rainfall, embankment wash-out, and landslides. This project repairs right and left sidewalls and embankments with concrete and gravel fill material. Additional repairs include sinkhole, level measure ruler, access road, bridges, bridge access, gabion baskets, culvert, spillway, flume, and siphon.	2024	\$1.05	Section III C
Guamaní Canal	The Guamaní Canal and adjacent areas were damaged from rushing waters and debris from heavy rainfall, flash flooding, and landslides. This project restores the existing canal and surrounding site improvements by rebuilding the damaged dam and flume, including base, walls, columns, support beams. Additionally, the canal's concrete lining and potential scoured soil underneath canal will be repaired. The concrete bridge shall be repaired and replaced in-kind, and earthen or gravel fill materials for all damaged areas will be provided.	2024	\$0.87	Section III C
Guayabal Dam	The Guayabal Dam damage was primarily caused from high winds, wind-blown debris, landslides, floodwaters discharge, and surface flow erosion. This project will repair these damages including access roads, parking lots, fencing, building shell, repainting, crane structures, electrical components, erosion, flood gates, signs, and spillway to restore the dam back to pre-hurricane functionality.	2024	\$0.78	Section III C
Patillas Dam	The Patillas Dam damage was primarily caused from high winds, heavy rainfall, wind-blown debris, and wave action during storm event. Repairs within this project's scope include concrete beams at the intake tower access bridge, building cracks, paint, windows, roofing, doors, communication system components, gate alarm system, power distribution components, lighting, stairs, railing, flooring, fencing, and slope stabilization.	2022 Q4	\$0.47	Section III C
Moca Canal	The Moca Canal's damage was mainly caused by the breach of Guajataca Dam and subsequent canal operations caused cracking and scouring. This erosion of the side slopes and canal bottom lead to canal failure. Project scope includes repairing and replacing damaged concrete lining, which is cracked, displaced, and scouring below the surface of the lining. Also repair of other	2023 Q3	\$0.41	Section III C



Dams and Hydro Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3/ FEMA Sub- mission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	damaged components such as light fixtures, power lines, railings, fences, gates, pavements, and antennas to restore this area to pre-event functionality.			
Dos Bocas Dam	The Dos Bocas Dam damage was primarily caused from high winds, intense rainfall, landslides, and a crane structure collapse. Damages include communications systems, valves, dam foundation, electrical components, the hydraulic power unit and motor, reservoir monitoring system, crane structure, sedimentation of sluiceway, lights, fencing, drainage ditches, and tile drains.	2022 Q4	\$0.38	Section III C
Dos Bocas	The purpose of this project is to restore/repair the Dos Bocas Hydroelectric Power Plant from hurricane/flooding damage suffered as a result of Hurricane María. The plant sustained equipment and building damage from heavy winds, wind driven rain, and flooding. With this project, the intent is to evaluate all claims submitted to FEMA for the settlement and develop individual scope of work, execution timeline, sequence, and cost estimates to complete the needed Hurricane María related repairs.	2022 Q3	\$0.37	Section III C
Garzas Dam	The Garzas Dam damage was primarily caused from surface flow erosion, floodwaters, high winds, and fallen debris. On the exterior, a series of repairs will be needed damaged roads, electrical infrastructure, fences, and poles. The diversion tunnel was submerged and requires the replacement of electrical equipment, wiring, and conduit, as well as the mechanical equipment used for operation of the sluice gate. Additionally, railing repair and concrete repair in diversion tunnel and spillway tunnel are also required to restore the dam back to pre-hurricane functionality.	2022 Q1	\$0.24	Section III C
Carite Dam	The Carite Dam damage was primarily caused from high winds, wind-blown debris, landslides, floodwaters discharge, and surface flow erosion. This project will repair these damages including the reservoir spillway, erosion, access roads, parking areas, safety railing, valves, gabion baskets, expansion joints, access bridge to intake tower, and intake tower structure to restore the dam back to pre-hurricane functionality.	2024	\$0.14	Section III C
Garzas 2	The purpose of this project is to restore/repair the Garzas Hydroelectric Power Plant No. 2 from hurricane/flooding damage suffered as a result of Hurricane María. The plant sustained exterior site and equipment damage as well as interior damage to battery systems as a result of	2023 Q2	\$0.12	Section III C



Dams and Hydro Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3/ FEMA Sub- mission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	lack of power in the electrical grid. With this project, the intent is to evaluate all claims submitted to FEMA for the settlement and develop individual scope of work, execution timeline, sequence, and cost estimates to complete the needed Hurricane María related repairs.			
Toro Negro Hydroelectric System Connection (4)	Four raw water conveyance pipelines located throughout the Toro Negro Hydroelectric System were damaged by falling or transported debris, causing impact damage to multiple above-grade pipelines or pipeline components (including leaks from holes or cracks of undetermined size). Damage was observed at 12 segments, generally concentrated to three locations throughout the Toro Negro system; upstream of the Toro Negro Diversion Dam, downstream of the Matrullas Dam, and between the Toro Negro Splitter Box and Aceitunas Forebay. Project generally consists of pipeline point repairs to restore and maintain full conveyance capacity to damaged segments throughout the Toro Negro System.	2022 Q3	\$0.11	Section III C
Coamo Dam	The Coamo Dam damage was primarily caused from erosion when spillway floodwaters were discharged at the dam. These damages include fencing, slope erosion, and cracks in the dam's gallery. This project would restore the fencing, fill the gallery cracks with epoxy, repair eroded areas, and install concrete barrier to mitigate further issues with erosion.	2023 Q4	\$0.08	Section III C
Río Blanco	The purpose of this project is to restore/repair the Río Blanco Hydroelectric Power Plant from hurricane/flooding damage suffered as a result of Hurricane María. The plant sustained exterior site and equipment damage as well as interior damage affecting critical generation equipment. With this project, the intent is to evaluate all claims submitted to FEMA for the settlement and develop individual scope of work, execution timeline, sequence, and cost estimates to complete the needed Hurricane María related repairs.	2023 Q1	\$0.08	Section III C
Yauco 1	The purpose of this project is to restore/repair the Yauco Hydroelectric Power Plant No. 1 from hurricane/flooding damage suffered as a result of Hurricane María. The plant sustained exterior site and equipment damage as well as interior damage from water/debris inside the power building affecting critical generation equipment. With this project, the intent is to evaluate all claims submitted to FEMA for the settlement and develop individual scope of work, execution timeline, sequence,	2022 Q3	\$0.06	Section III C



Dams and Hydro Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3/ FEMA Sub-mission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	and cost estimates to complete the needed Hurricane Maria related repairs.			
Matrullas Dam	The Matrullas Dam damage was primarily caused from high winds and wind-blown debris. Damages include fencing, flow measurement instrumentation, an access roadway, and signage. This project would restore access to the dam and improve public safety with the repair of fencing and signs.	2022 Q4	\$0.06	Section III C
Guineo Dam	The Guineo Dam damage was primarily caused from increased wave action during the storm and impact of debris. The project scope entails removal and replacement of chain link fence surrounding the morning glory spillway and to remove and replace upstream and downstream sluice valves.	2021 Q4	\$0.03	Section III C
Icacos Dam	The Icacos Dam damage was primarily caused from the impact of debris. Repairs within this project's scope include handrail replacement on catwalk bridge, in-kind removal and replacement of a steel plate door, and in-kind removal and replacement of a sluice valve operator.	2021 Q3	\$0.01	Section III C
Río Blanco Penstock	The Río Blanco penstock has not been inspected due to safety reasons, therefore the extent of damages and repair scope is currently unknown. Conflicting information alludes to either pipe rehabilitation or replacement of the entire 3,677 LF of 32" penstock pipeline. A functioning penstock is the final conveyance pipeline in the Río Blanco system and is necessary as the direct connection to supply raw water to the 5 MW Río Blanco Hydroelectric Plant. The project objective should upgrade and maintain a functional penstock.	2023 Q3	\$0.00 Note: Cost to be estimated in a future plan update	Section III C
Matrullas Building	The Matrullas Building's damage stemmed mostly from high winds, wind-driven rainfall, and flash flooding (erosion). The project consists primarily trades-level repairs consisting of remove-dispose-replace fence, roof panels, paint, lights, windows, etc. A terrace/concrete barrier to mitigate further issues with erosion of the building's foundation material will require civil engineering. Roadway and building damage may require engineering efforts. The project objective is to restore the building in a manner to protect existing infrastructure and building foundation material.	2023 Q2	\$0.00 Note: Cost to be estimated in a future plan update	Section III C



Transmission – Near-Term (2021-2023)

Table 4.5 – Near-Term Transmission Projects

Transmission Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Existing 115 kV - Line 36100 Dos Bocas to Monacillos	The objective of this project is to replace temporary emergency repairs after Hurricane Maria with permanent repairs and to harden existing 115kV transmission line 36100 to consensus-based codes and standards and in alignment with IRP exhibit 2-11. Project work is designed to improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure serving critical loads and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on approximately 49 miles of transmission lines prioritized for repair and hardening when taking into account operational considerations regarding system limitations and the ability to take transmission lines out of service for repair and hardening. This project, along with other near-term transmission projects, will lay the foundation that allows transmission lines prioritized for the mid and long-terms to be taken out of service for repair and hardening.	2021 Q4	\$115.49	Section III C
Existing 38 kV - Line 3100 Monacillos TC to Daguao TC	The objective of this project is to repair and harden disaster-damaged 38kV line 3100 to consensus-based codes and standards, including replacement of temporary emergency repairs with permanent ones. Line 3100 is listed in IRP Exhibits 2-44 and 2-62 and provides service to the Rio Grande Estates substation, which is also prioritized for repair in the near term. Project work is designed to improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure serving critical loads, and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on approximately 57.4 miles of transmission lines.	2021 Q4	\$113.34	Section III C
Existing 38 kV - Line 2200 Dos Bocas HP to Dorado TC	The objective of this project is to repair and harden disaster-damaged 38kV line 2200 to consensus-based codes and standards and in alignment with IRP Exhibit 2-52, including repair of out-of-service segments and replacement of temporary emergency repairs with permanent ones. Project work is designed to improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure serving critical loads, and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures	2021 Q4	\$103.81	Section III C

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Transmission Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	and components. This project includes work on approximately 52.6 miles of transmission lines.			
Existing 115 kV Line 37100 Costa Sur to Acacias	The objective of this project is to replace temporary emergency repairs after Hurricane Maria with permanent repairs and to harden existing 115kV transmission line 37100 to consensus-based codes and standards and in alignment with IRP exhibit 2-11. Project work is designed to improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure serving critical loads and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on approximately 38 miles of transmission lines prioritized for repair and hardening when taking into account operational considerations regarding system limitations and the ability to take transmission lines out of service for repair and hardening. This project, along with other near-term transmission projects, will lay the foundation that allows transmission lines prioritized for the mid and long-terms to be taken out of service for repair and hardening. This project is also critical to the integration and support of potential renewable generation projects in the area.	2021 Q4	\$91.99	Section III C
Existing 115 kV Line 36400 Dos Bocas to Ponce	The objective of this project is to replace temporary emergency repairs after Hurricane Maria with permanent repairs and to harden existing 115kV transmission line 36400 to consensus-based codes and standards. Project work is designed to improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure serving critical loads and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on approximately 36 miles of transmission lines prioritized for repair and hardening when taking into account operational considerations regarding system limitations and the ability to take transmission lines out of service for repair and hardening. This project, along with other near-term transmission projects, will lay the foundation that allows transmission lines prioritized for the mid and long-terms to be taken out of service for repair and hardening.	2021 Q4	\$87.44	Section III C
Existing 38 kV - Line 100 Ponce TC to Jobos TC	The objective of this project is to repair and harden disaster-damaged 38kV line 100 to consensus-based codes and standards, including repair of out-of-service segments and replacement of temporary emergency repairs with permanent ones. Line 100 provides service	2021 Q4	\$85.86	Section III C

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Transmission Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	to substation Salinas 4501, which is also prioritized for repair in the near term. Project work is designed to improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure serving critical loads and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on approximately 43.5 miles of transmission lines.			
Existing 38 kV - Line 5400 Rio Blanco HP to Dagua TC	The objective of this project is to repair and harden disaster-damaged 38kV line 5400 to consensus-based codes and standards, including replacement of temporary emergency repairs with permanent ones. Line 5400 is listed in IRP Exhibit 2-36 and provides power to Vieques and Culebra substations, which are also prioritized for repair in the near term. Project work is designed to improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure serving critical loads and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on approximately 37 miles of transmission lines. This project is also critical to the integration and support of potential renewable generation projects in the area.	2021 Q4	\$73.06	Section III C
Existing 38 kV - Line 200 Ponce TC to Jobos TC	The objective of this project is to repair and harden disaster-damaged 38kV line 200 to consensus-based codes and standards, including repair of out-of-service segments and replacement of temporary emergency repairs with permanent ones. Project work is designed to improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure serving critical loads and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on approximately 35.8 miles of transmission lines and is prioritized in coordination with work on Salinas Substation 4501, which is also prioritized for the near-term.	2021 Q4	\$70.69	Section III C
Existing 38 kV - Line 1200 Mayaguez GP to Yauco 2 HP	The objective of this project is to repair and harden disaster-damaged 38kV line 1200 to consensus-based codes and standards, including repair of out-of-service segments and replacement of temporary emergency repairs with permanent ones. Line 1200 is listed in IRP Exhibit 2-24 and provides service to substation Sabana Grande 6501, which is also prioritized for repair in the near-term. Project work is designed to improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure serving critical loads	2021 Q4	\$55.37	Section III C

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Transmission Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on approximately 28 miles of transmission lines.			
Existing 230 kV - Line 50100 Cambalache to Manati	The objective of this project is to replace temporary emergency repairs after Hurricane Maria with permanent repairs and to harden existing 230kV transmission line 50100 to consensus-based codes and standards. Project work is designed to improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure serving critical loads and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on approximately 20 miles of transmission lines prioritized for repair and hardening when taking into account operational considerations regarding system limitations and the ability to take transmission lines out of service for repair and hardening. This project, along with other near-term transmission projects, will lay the foundation that allows transmission lines prioritized for the mid and long-terms to be taken out of service for repair and hardening.	2021 Q4	\$43.47	Section III C
Existing 115 kV - Line 36200 Monacillos to Juncos	The objective of this project is to replace temporary emergency repairs after Hurricane Maria with permanent repairs and to harden existing 115kV transmission line 36200 to consensus-based codes and standards and in alignment with IRP exhibit 2-11. Project work is designed to improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure serving critical loads and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on approximately 22 miles of transmission lines prioritized for repair and hardening when taking into account operational considerations regarding system limitations and the ability to take transmission lines out of service for repair and hardening. This project, along with other near-term transmission projects, will lay the foundation that allows transmission lines prioritized for the mid and long-terms to be taken out of service for repair and hardening.	2021 Q4	\$42.74	Section III C
Existing 115 kV - Line 37800 Jobos to Cayey	The objective of this project is to replace temporary emergency repairs after Hurricane Maria with permanent repairs and to harden existing 115kV transmission line 37800 to consensus-based codes and standards and in alignment with IRP exhibit 2-11. Project work is designed	2021 Q4	\$26.87	Section III C

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Transmission Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	to improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure serving critical loads and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on approximately 15 miles of transmission lines prioritized for repair and hardening when taking into account operational considerations regarding system limitations and the ability to take transmission lines out of service for repair and hardening. This project, along with other near-term transmission projects, will lay the foundation that allows transmission lines prioritized for the mid and long-terms to be taken out of service for repair and hardening.			
Existing 230 kV - Line 51300 Ponce to Costa Sur	The objective of this project is to replace temporary emergency repairs after Hurricane Maria with permanent repairs and to harden existing 230kV transmission line 51300 to consensus-based codes and standards. Project work is designed to improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure serving critical loads and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on approximately 12 miles of transmission lines prioritized for repair and hardening when taking into account operational considerations regarding system limitations and the ability to take transmission lines out of service for repair and hardening. This project, along with other near-term transmission projects, will lay the foundation that allows transmission lines prioritized for the mid and long-terms to be taken out of service for repair and hardening.	2021 Q4	\$26.08	Section III C
Existing 38 kV - Line 4100 Guaraguao TC to Comerio TC	The objective of this project is to repair and harden disaster-damaged 38kV line 4100 to consensus-based codes and standards, including repair of out-of-service segments and replacement of temporary emergency repairs with permanent ones. Project work is designed to improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure serving critical loads, and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on approximately 12.8 miles of transmission lines.	2021 Q4	\$25.28	Section III C
Existing 115 kV - Line 37800 Cayey to Caguas	The objective of this project is to replace temporary emergency repairs after Hurricane Maria with permanent repairs and to harden existing 115kV transmission line 37800 to consensus-based codes and standards and in	2021 Q4	\$25.13	Section III C



Transmission Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	alignment with IRP exhibit 2-11. Project work is designed to improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure serving critical loads and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on approximately 12 miles of transmission lines prioritized for repair and hardening when taking into account operational considerations regarding system limitations and the ability to take transmission lines out of service for repair and hardening. This project, along with other near-term transmission projects, will lay the foundation that allows transmission lines prioritized for the mid and long-terms to be taken out of service for repair and hardening.			
Existing 115 kV - Line 37800 Caguas to Buen Pastor	The objective of this project is to replace temporary emergency repairs after Hurricane Maria with permanent repairs and to harden existing 115kV transmission line 37800 to consensus-based codes and standards. Project work is designed to improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure serving critical loads and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on approximately 10 miles of transmission lines prioritized for repair and hardening when taking into account operational considerations regarding system limitations and the ability to take transmission lines out of service for repair and hardening. This project, along with other near-term transmission projects, will lay the foundation that allows transmission lines prioritized for the mid and long-terms to be taken out of service for repair and hardening.	2021 Q4	\$22.37	Section III C
Existing 115 kV - Line 40200 Aguirre to Jobos	The objective of this project is to replace temporary emergency repairs after Hurricane Maria with permanent repairs and to harden existing 115kV transmission line 40200 to consensus-based codes and standards. Project work is designed to improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure serving critical loads and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on approximately 9 miles of transmission lines prioritized for repair and hardening when taking into account operational considerations regarding system limitations and the ability to take transmission lines out of service for repair and hardening. This project, along with other near-term transmission	2021 Q4	\$15.98	Section III C

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Transmission Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	projects, will lay the foundation that allows transmission lines prioritized for the mid and long-terms to be taken out of service for repair and hardening.			
Existing 115 kV - Line 40100 Aguirre to Jobos	The objective of this project is to replace temporary emergency repairs after Hurricane Maria with permanent repairs and to harden existing 115kV transmission line 40100 to consensus-based codes and standards. Project work is designed to improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure serving critical loads and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on approximately 9 miles of transmission lines prioritized for repair and hardening when taking into account operational considerations regarding system limitations and the ability to take transmission lines out of service for repair and hardening. This project, along with other near-term transmission projects, will lay the foundation that allows transmission lines prioritized for the mid and long-terms to be taken out of service for repair and hardening.	2021 Q4	\$15.98	Section III C
Existing 38 kV - Line 8900 Monacillos TC to Adm. Tribunal Apelaciones	The objective of this project is to repair and harden disaster-damaged 38kV line 8900 to consensus-based codes and standards, including replacement of temporary emergency repairs with permanent ones. Line 8900 provides service to the Centro Medico and Fonalledas substations, which are prioritized for repair in the near term. Project work is designed to improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure serving critical loads, and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on approximately 5.8 miles of transmission lines.	2021 Q4	\$11.51	Section III C
Existing 115 kV - Line 37800 Buen Pastor to Monacillos	The objective of this project is to replace temporary emergency repairs after Hurricane Maria with permanent repairs and to harden existing 115kV transmission line 37800 to consensus-based codes and standards and in alignment with IRP exhibit 2-11. Project work is designed to improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure serving critical loads and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on approximately 5 miles of transmission lines prioritized for repair and hardening when taking into account operational considerations regarding system limitations	2021 Q4	\$11.03	Section III C

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Transmission Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	and the ability to take transmission lines out of service for repair and hardening. This project, along with other near-term transmission projects, will lay the foundation that allows transmission lines prioritized for the mid and long-terms to be taken out of service for repair and hardening.			
San Juan 115-kV Underground Transmission Loop	The San Juan 115kV Underground Transmission Loop is designed to provide a highly reliable power path around San Juan that is protected from severe weather. The Loop consists of various underground segments that tie together the most significant transmission centers around San Juan, providing reliable power to the metropolitan area. The 115kV Line #38000 is a damaged portion of the Loop that needs to be returned to service. Also, in order to optimize operation of the loop, circuit breakers require repair or replacement at identified terminals, and protection and control (grid modernization) upgrades are required.	2022 Q2	\$10.00	Section III E
Existing 38 kV - Line 8200 San Juan SP to Catano Sect	The objective of this project is to repair and harden disaster-damaged 38kV line 8200 to consensus-based codes and standards, including replacement of temporary emergency repairs with permanent ones. Line 8200 provides service to the Catano SECT substation, which is also prioritized for repair in the near term. Project work is designed to improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure serving critical loads, and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on approximately 4.1 miles of transmission lines.	2021 Q4	\$8.07	Section III C
Existing 38 kV - Line 9500 Palo Seco SP to Catano Sect	The objective of this project is to repair and harden disaster-damaged 38kV line 9500 to consensus-based codes and standards, including replacement of temporary emergency repairs with permanent ones. Line 9500 is listed in IRP Exhibit 2-71 and provides service to the Catano SECT substation, which is prioritized for repair in the near term. Project work is designed to improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure serving critical loads, and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on approximately 3.4 miles of transmission lines.	2021 Q4	\$6.71	Section III C
Existing 38 kV - Line 7300 Baldrich Sect	The objective of this project is to repair and harden disaster-damaged 38kV line 7300 to consensus-based codes and standards, including replacement of	2021 Q4	\$4.21	Section III C

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Transmission Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
to San Jose TO	temporary emergency repairs with permanent ones. Project work is designed to improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure serving critical loads, and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on approximately 2.1 miles of transmission lines.			
Existing 38 kV - Line 1100 Garzas 1 HP to Garzas 2 HP	The objective of this project is to repair and harden disaster-damaged 38kV line 1100 to consensus-based codes and standards, including repair of out-of-service segments and replacement of temporary emergency repairs with permanent ones. Line 1100 is a generation priority as it interconnects Hydro Power Plants Garzas 2 with the Grid. Project work is designed to improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure serving critical loads, and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on approximately 44 miles of transmission lines.	2021 Q4	\$3.58	Section III C
Existing 38 kV - Line 7200 Baldrich Sect to Escuela Industrial TO	The objective of this project is to repair and harden disaster-damaged 38kV line 7200 to consensus-based codes and standards, including replacement of temporary emergency repairs with permanent ones. Project work is designed to improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure serving critical loads, and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on approximately 1.2 miles of transmission lines.	2021 Q4	\$2.43	Section III C



Distribution – Near-Term (2021-2023)

Table 4.6 – Near-Term Distribution Projects

Distribution Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities to critical customers such as hospitals, water/wastewater facilities, transportation hubs, and emergency response facilities, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 30 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 116.7 miles.	2021 Q1	\$198.40	Section III C
Streetlights - All Regions	The Smart Street Lighting project is a critical component of the plan to build back a more reliable and resilient grid in Puerto Rico. The project will require a two-part approach to repair the broken streetlights throughout the island followed by a permanent smart street light solution for all 481,000 units. In addition to repairing damage from the 2017 hurricanes, the smart street lighting solution will provide improve reliability and safety, increased resiliency, energy and cost savings, platform for additional smart city technologies, economic development, enhanced billing structure, and improved relationships with municipalities. The streetlight project will leverage either (or both) RF mesh and PLC networks which are two of the most common communication solutions today. Effective mesh networks are self-configuring and self-healing. PLC technology creates a network over a city's power lines, which are connected to most streetlights already. In some deployments, PLC is used to connect the streetlights and the mesh network is added for any additional sensors needed to deploy other smart city applications.	2024	\$185.50	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamón Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities to critical customers such as hospitals, water/wastewater facilities, transportation hubs, and	2021 Q1	\$78.70	Section III C

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Distribution Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	emergency response facilities, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 14 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 46.3 miles.			
Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities to critical customers such as hospitals, water/wastewater facilities, transportation hubs, and emergency response facilities, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 18 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 39.23 miles.	2021 Q1	\$66.60	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities to critical customers such as hospitals, water/wastewater facilities, transportation hubs, and emergency response facilities, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 10 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 38.32 miles.	2021 Q1	\$65.10	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities to critical customers such as hospitals, water/wastewater facilities, transportation hubs, and emergency response facilities, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 8 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 32.13 miles.	2021 Q1	\$54.60	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by	2021 Q1	\$42.70	Section III C

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Distribution Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
- San Juan Region	strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities to critical customers such as hospitals, water/wastewater facilities, transportation hubs, and emergency response facilities, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 13 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 25.05 miles.			
Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayagüez Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities to critical customers such as hospitals, water/wastewater facilities, transportation hubs, and emergency response facilities, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 10 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 24.65 miles.	2021 Q1	\$41.80	Section III C
Distribution Automation - All Regions	<p>PREPA will implement distribution automation (DA) with line devices and apparatus on the distribution system comprising 1228 circuits feeding 1.5 million customers. PREPA will install new switches, reclosers, capacitor bank controllers, and voltage regulators, all equipped with communications. On average, one-line reclosure device will be added for approximately every 500 customers. Intelligent fuse cutouts reclosers are planned for 8 devices per 500 customers.</p> <p>Coupled with the Advanced Meter Infrastructure (AMI), Advanced Distribution Management System (ADMS), and the Field Area Network (FAN) IT / Telecom projects, this DA project will contribute to PREPA's full realization of a self-healing Smart Grid to allow PREPA to realize significant improvements in customer reliability as measured by industry standard performance metrics or indices such SAIDI, SAIFI, and CAIDI.</p> <p>In addition, line conditioning will be implemented with the installation of voltage regulators and cap bank controllers to maintain grid health (e.g., power factor and quality) delivered to customers which will be important as more and more distributed energy resources (e.g., solar and wind farms) are being deployed across the grid.</p>	2024	<p>\$0.00</p> <p>Note: Cost to be estimated in a future plan update</p>	Section III E



Substations – Near-Term (2021-2023)

Table 4.7 – Near-Term Substations Projects

Substation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Flooded Substations	The objective of this project is to relocate 10 substations that are prone to flooding conditions from their current locations within floodplains to greenfield sites while correcting continued challenges in service limitations continue to this day. The relocation and subsequent new facilities will harden substation components and systems, design equipment to consensus-based codes and standards, increase reliability of service to customers, reduce risk of future flooding, and improve safety to personnel and public.	2021 Q4	\$42.00	Section III C
Fonalledas GIS Rebuilt 1401 1421	Fonalledas 38/13.2kV Substation is currently located in a floodplain. The objective is rebuilt this facility at the current site location, conform this critical asset substation facility to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment damage and environmental concerns.	2021 Q3	\$30.00	Section III C
Tapia GIS Rebuilt	Tapia 38/4.16.2 kV substation is currently located in a floodplain and was flooded up to 3 feet by the nearby accumulation of water during heavy rain. The objective is rebuilt this facility at the existing site location on elevated platform/foundations, conform this critical asset substation facility to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and mitigate safety hazards due to equipment damage and environmental concerns.	2022 Q2	\$21.40	Section III C
Guaynabo Pueblo Substation	Guaynabo Pueblo is a 38/4.16/13.2 kV Substation currently located at 18.3648289, -66.113482. This facility substation switchgear (1901) with 5 feeders is out of service due to water damage, equipment failure, cracked foundations and burnt equipment. The second substation (1904) 2 recloser are attached to temporary and wood structure that are currently at risk to collapse. The control house is crowded with old and burnt equipment too small to accommodate any equipment upgrades. The objective is to bring this critical substation facility up to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age or environmental concerns.	2021 Q4	\$16.10	Section III C

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Substation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Centro Médico 1 & 2 1327 & 1359	Centro Médico 1 & 2 is a 38/4.16kV substation located at 18.3925, -66.0728. The two (2) 4.16-kV metal-clad switchgear enclosure structures are leaking and causing failures, end of life has been reached and spare parts are hard to find. The objective is to replace the control house and the two (2) switchgear to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age or environmental concerns.	2022 Q1	\$10.70	Section III C
Santurce Planta (Sect) 1116	Santurce Planta (Sect) is a 38/4.16kV substation located at 18.45422, -66.076038. The 4.16-kV metal-clad switchgear enclosure structure is leaking and causing failures, end of life has been reached and spare parts are hard to find. The objective is to replace the control house and the switchgear to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age or environmental concerns.	2022 Q1	\$10.30	Section III C
Cataño Modernization and Hardening Project	This project will modernize and harden the Cataño substation and the associated distribution feeder circuits to meet the latest industry codes and standards to improve the reliability and resiliency of the grid and mitigate potential flood concerns. Replace existing equipment, including 38 kV breakers, 15 kV power distribution enclosure and 38/15kV step down transformer. Expand the 38 kV bays to accommodate 2 new transmission lines. Add a new drop in control enclosure. Raise equipment above flood level. Upgrade the protection and controls, including the remote ends. Reroute the entrance of the existing 38 kV sub transmission lines to connect to the new 38 kV bays. The objective of this project is to update substation equipment to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age or environmental concerns.	2021 Q2	\$8.00	Section III C
Victoria TC 7008	This transmission center was flooded as a result of Hurricane Maria. The flood mitigation scope includes installing a perimeter flood wall, stormwater collection basin and pump. The electrical scope is to replace equipment that is damaged, leaking and causing failures, or has reached its end of life (and for which spare parts are hard to find), and other related damaged equipment. This project is designed to bring this critical substation facility to PREPA and industry standards, improve system	2021 Q2	\$7.90	Section III C

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Substation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	resiliency, and mitigate safety hazards due to equipment damage and environmental concerns.			
Isla Grande 1101	This substation includes two 38kV OCB's (Oil Circuit Breakers) configuration that feed Line 5000 which goes to Miramar and Covadonga Sectionalizers (See picture attached). On the medium voltage side (4.16kV) it include a metal clad switchgear with (1) main breaker cubicle, (2) Service Transformer cubicles, (2) feeder positions cubicles (Feeder 1(1101-1, 02 & 1101-1, 1107-3 to Elliot J. Marti & Miramar Place) & Feeder 2 (1101-2 & 1107-4 Fez. Juncos, Miramar & Las Palmas). The objective is to conform this substation facility to PREPA and industry standards, improve resiliency, and mitigate safety hazards, and environmental concerns.	2021 Q1	\$4.40	Section III C
Bayamón TC - MC - 1711	Bayamón TC is a 115/13.2kV substation located at 18.399022, -66.141036. The 13.2-kV metal-clad switchgear enclosure is leaking and causing failures, end of life has been reached and spare parts are hard to find. The objective is to replace this switchgear to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age or environmental concerns.	2021 Q2	\$4.00	Section III C
Berwind TC-MC - 1336	Berwind TC is a 115/38/13.2/4.16kV substation located at 18.41013, -66.01138. The 13.2-kV metal-clad switchgear enclosure structure is leaking and causing failures, end of life has been reached and spare parts are hard to find. The objective is to replace this switchgear to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age or environmental concerns.	2021 Q2	\$4.00	Section III C
Cachete - MC - 1526	Cachete is a 38/4.16kV substation located at 18.398077, -66.099033. The 4.16-kV metal-clad switchgear enclosure structure is leaking and causing failures, end of life has been reached and spare parts are hard to find. The objective is to replace this switchgear to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age or environmental concerns.	2021 Q2	\$4.00	Section III C
Caridad - MC - 1714	Caridad is a 38/4.16kV substation located at 18.39836, -66.14126. The 4.16-kV metal-clad switchgear enclosure structure is leaking and causing failures, end of life has been reached and spare parts are hard to find. The	2021 Q2	\$4.00	Section III C

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Substation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	objective is to replace this switchgear to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age or environmental concerns.			
Condado - MC - 1133	Condado is a 38/4.16kV substation located at 18.45215, -66.06697. The 4.16-kV metal-clad switchgear enclosure structure is leaking and causing failures, end of life has been reached and spare parts are hard to find. The objective is to replace this switchgear to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age or environmental concerns.	2021 Q2	\$4.00	Section III C
Crematorio - MC - 1512	Crematorio is a 38/4.16kV substation located at 18.42969, -66.08352. The 4.16-kV metal-clad switchgear enclosure structure is leaking and causing failures, end of life has been reached and spare parts are hard to find. The objective is to replace this switchgear to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age or environmental concerns.	2021 Q2	\$4.00	Section III C
Egozcue - MC - 1109	Egozcue is a 38/4.16kV substation located at 18.440870, -66.068687. The 4.16-kV metal-clad switchgear enclosure structure is leaking and causing failures, end of life has been reached and spare parts are hard to find. The objective is to replace this switchgear to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age or environmental concerns.	2021 Q2	\$4.00	Section III C
Esc. Industrial M. Such - MC - 1423	Esc. Industrial M. Such is a 38/4.16kV substation located at 18.410550, -66.043396. The 4.16-kV metal clad switchgear enclosure structure is leaking and causing failures, end of life has been reached and spare parts are hard to find. The objective is to replace this switchgear to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age or environmental concerns.	2021 Q2	\$4.00	Section III C
Llorens Torres - MC - 1106	Llorens Torres is a 38/4.16kV substation located at 18.44647, -66.04438. The 4.16-kV metal-clad switchgear enclosure structure is leaking and causing failures, end of life has been reached and spare parts are hard to find. The objective is to replace this switchgear to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to	2021 Q2	\$4.00	Section III C

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Substation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age or environmental concerns.			
Parques y Recreos - MC - 1002	Parques y Recreos is a 38/4.16kV substation located at 18.46208, -66.09013. The 4.16-kV metal-clad switchgear enclosure structure is leaking and causing failures, end of life has been reached and spare parts are hard to find. The objective is to replace this switchgear to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age or environmental concerns. In addition to the switchgear, the transformer oil containment, fence, equipment cabinets, and yard safety gravel will be replaced.	2021 Q2	\$4.00	Section III C
Puerto Nuevo - MC - 1520	Puerto Nuevo is a 38/4.16kV substation located at 18.416170, -66.079538. The 4.16-kV metal-clad switchgear enclosure structure is leaking and causing failures, end of life has been reached and spare parts are hard to find. The objective is to replace this switchgear to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age or environmental concerns.	2021 Q2	\$4.00	Section III C
Taft - MC - 1105	Taft is a 38/4.16kV substation located at 18.45091, -66.06074. The 4.16-kV metal-clad switchgear enclosure structure is leaking and causing failures, end of life has been reached and spare parts are hard to find. The objective is to replace this switchgear to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age or environmental concerns.	2021 Q2	\$4.00	Section III C
Viaducto TC - MC - 1100	Viaducto TC is a 115/38/13.2/4.16kV substation located at 18.44655, -66.07787. The 4.16-kV metal-clad switchgear enclosure structure is leaking and causing failures, end of life has been reached and spare parts are hard to find. The objective is to replace this switchgear to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age or environmental concerns.	2021 Q2	\$4.00	Section III C
Baldrich - MC - 1422	Baldrich is a 38/4.16kV substation located at 18.41243, -66.05708. The 4.16-kV metal-clad switchgear enclosure structure is leaking and causing failures, end of life has been reached and spare parts are hard to find. The objective is to replace this switchgear to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to	2021 Q2	\$3.98	Section III C

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Substation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age or environmental concerns.			
Río Grande Estates - CH - 2306	Perimeter fence, retaining wall, ground grid and other equipment on the yard are also damage. The 38-kV Line wood pole just outside the fenced area also sustained damage during the storm. The objective is to replace damaged control house, transmission line pole, and other related damaged equipment and to conform this critical asset substation facility to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment damage and environmental concerns.	2021 Q2	\$2.90	Section III C
Aguirre BKRS 230kV	Aguirre TC is a 230/115-kV substation and the 230-kV yard consists of a five-bay, breaker-and-a-half arrangement. Four (4) existing 230-kV oil-circuit breakers are now beyond their useful recommend service life and are obsolete. Spare parts are difficult to locate and the ability for these breakers to meet the required electrical and short circuit ratings is unknown. Retaining the oil-filled breakers further poses environmental concerns and mitigation is necessary. The objective is to replace the end-of-life, oil-filled breakers with new SF6 circuit breakers to conform this facility to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age or environmental concerns.	2021 Q2	\$2.30	Section III C
Costa Sur BKRS 230kV	Costa Sur is a 230/115/38-kV substation and the 230-kV yard consists of a five-bay, breaker-and-a-half arrangement. Four (4) existing 230-kV oil-circuit breakers are now beyond their useful recommend service life and are obsolete. Spare parts are difficult to locate and the ability for these breakers to meet the required electrical and short circuit ratings is unknown. Retaining the oil-filled breakers further poses environmental concerns and mitigation is necessary. The objective is to replace the end-of-life, oil-filled breakers with new SF6 circuit breakers to conform this facility to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age or environmental concerns.	2021 Q3	\$2.30	Section III C

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Substation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Minor Repairs Projects (Group A)	The objective is to clean, repair, restore and/or replace minor items that are beyond their industry standard useful life within substations and bring substations to PREPA and industry standards, mitigating safety hazards and environmental concerns.	2021 Q2	\$2.30	Section III C
Sabanera TRF 3603	Sabanera 3603 Substation transformer has reached end of serviceable life and will be decommissioned. The objective is to replace and to conform this critical asset to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age and/or environmental concerns. The transformer oil containment, fence, equipment's cabinets, and yard safety gravel will also be replaced.	2021 Q1	\$2.30	Section III C
Bartolo TRF 7902	Bartolo 7902 Substation transformer has reached end of serviceable life and will be decommissioned. The objective is to replace and to conform this critical asset to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age and/or environmental concerns.	2021 Q1	\$2.20	Section III C
Ceiba Baja TRF 7012	Ceiba Baja 7012 Substation transformer has reached end of serviceable life and will be decommissioned. The objective is to replace and to conform this critical asset to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age and/or environmental concerns.	2021 Q1	\$2.20	Section III C
Las Lomas TRF 1525	Las Lomas Substation transformer has reached end of serviceable life and will be decommissioned. The objective is to replace and to conform this critical asset to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age and/or environmental concerns.	2021 Q1	\$2.10	Section III C
Isla Grande GIS	The substation shows evidence of flooding inside the GIS building where major equipment and Protection/Control/SCADA are located. The roof appears to have significant damage and is causing water egress throughout the building. Additionally, the substation shows significant amount of debris and tripping hazards in and outside the building. The objective is to remove debris, paint the structure, repair and replace damaged equipment – such as battery banks, flooring, roofing, luminaries, motorized doors – to conform this critical asset substation facility to PREPA and industry	2021 Q1	\$2.00	Section III C

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Substation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	standards. This project will improve system resiliency and help mitigate safety hazards due to equipment failure, age, or environmental concerns.			
Vieques SUB 2501	<p>The island of Vieques has a main electrical substation of 7.5 MVA served off a 38 kV electrical line (TL 5400). This substation steps down the 38 kV to 4.16 kV and serves 3 feeders that supplies the island.</p> <p>High winds and debris damaged multiple disconnect switches, fittings, structures, and circuit breakers. Failed control house waterproofing allowed water ingress damaging control equipment. Perimeter fence and station ground grid are destroyed representing an electrical safety hazard. All electrical distribution equipment to be replaced shall be specified to support increased capability for future renewable power integration. The objective is to conform this critical asset substation facility to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment failure, age, or environmental concerns.</p>	2021 Q2	\$2.00	Section III C
Canas TC BKRS 115kV	<p>Canas TC is a 115/38-kV substation and the 115-kV yard consists of a six-position ring bus. Three (3) existing 115-kV oil-circuit breakers are now beyond their useful recommend service life and are obsolete. Spare parts are difficult to locate and the ability for these breakers to meet the required electrical and short circuit ratings is unknown. Retaining the oil-filled breakers further poses environmental concerns and mitigation is necessary. The objective is to replace the end-of-life, oil-filled breakers with new SF6 circuit breakers to conform this facility to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age or environmental concerns.</p>	2021 Q4	\$1.40	Section III C
Costa Sur BKRS 115kV	<p>Costa Sur is a 230/115/38-kV substation and the 115-kV yard consists of an eight-bay, breaker-and-a-half arrangement. Three (3) existing 115-kV oil-circuit breakers are now beyond their useful recommend service life and are obsolete. Spare parts are difficult to locate and the ability for these breakers to meet the required electrical and short circuit ratings is unknown. Retaining the oil-filled breakers further poses environmental concerns and mitigation is necessary. The objective is to replace the end-of-life, oil-filled breakers with new SF6 circuit breakers to conform this facility to PREPA and</p>	2021 Q3	\$1.40	Section III C

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Substation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age or environmental concerns.			
Bayamón TC BKRS 230kV	Bayamón TC is a 230/115/38-kV substation and the 230-kV yard consists of a three-position ring bus. Two (2) existing 230-kV oil-circuit breakers are now beyond their useful recommend service life and are obsolete. Spare parts are difficult to locate and the ability for these breakers to meet the required electrical and short circuit ratings is unknown. Retaining these oil-filled breakers further poses environmental concerns and mitigation is necessary. The objective is to replace these end-of-life, oil-filled breakers with new SF6 circuit breakers to conform this facility to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age or environmental concerns.	2021 Q2	\$1.30	Section III C
Culebra SUB 3801	The island of Culebra has a main electrical substation of 3.2 MVA served off the 38 kV electrical line (TL 5400). This substation steps down the 38 kV to 4.16 kV and serves 2 feeders that supplies the island. Failed control house waterproofing allowed water ingress damaging control equipment. Perimeter fence and station ground grid are destroyed representing an electrical safety hazard. The objective is to conform this critical asset substation facility to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment failure, age, or environmental concerns. All electrical distribution equipment to be replaced shall be specified to support increased capability for future renewable power integration.	2021 Q2	\$1.00	Section III C
Caguas TC BKRS 115kV	Caguas TC is a 115/38-kV substation and the 115-kV yard consists of a five-position ring bus. Two (2) existing 115-kV oil-circuit breakers are now beyond their useful recommend service life and are obsolete. Spare parts are difficult to locate and the ability for these breakers to meet the required electrical and short circuit ratings is unknown. Retaining the oil-filled breakers further poses environmental concerns and mitigation is necessary. The objective is to replace the end-of-life, oil-filled breakers with new SF6 circuit breakers to conform this facility to PREPA and industry standards, improve system	2021 Q3	\$0.94	Section III C



Substation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age or environmental concerns.			
Caparra 1911 & 1924	The perimeter fence, retaining wall, ground grid and other equipment on the yard are damaged. The objective is to replace damaged control house and other related damaged equipment and to conform this critical asset substation facility to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment damage and environmental concerns. Equipment that has reached its standard useful life, is leaking, or causing failures, will be replaced.	2021 Q2	\$0.90	Section III C
Tallaboa 5402	This substation was flooded following Hurricane Maria. As part of the scope the substation will be rebuilt at a higher elevation. The perimeter fence, retaining wall, ground grid and other equipment on the yard are damaged. The objective is to replace damaged control house and other related damaged equipment and to conform this critical asset substation facility to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment damage and environmental concerns. Equipment that has reached its standard useful life, is leaking, or causing failures, will be replaced.	2021 Q2	\$1.50	Section III C
Covadonga GIS Minor Rprs - 1011	Covadonga GIS is a 38/13.2/4.16kV substation located at 18.465536, -66.107085. Minor equipment and materials at the station were damaged during the 2017 storm. The objective is to clean, repair, restore and replace minor items such as control building's paint, flooring, roofing, luminaires, motorized door, and perimeter fence paint to mitigate safety hazards and environmental concerns.	2021 Q4	\$0.70	Section III C
Manatí TC BKR 230kV	Manatí TC is a 230/115/38-kV substation and the 230-kV yard consists of a four-position ring bus. One (1) existing 230-kV oil-circuit breaker is now beyond useful recommend service life and is obsolete. Spare parts are difficult to locate and the ability for this breaker to meet the required electrical and short circuit ratings is unknown. Retaining the oil-filled breaker further poses environmental concerns and mitigation is necessary. The objective is to replace the end-of-life, oil-filled breaker with a new SF6 circuit breaker to conform this facility to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment age or environmental concerns.	2021 Q3	\$0.67	Section III C

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Substation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Jayuya Minor Rprs - 8301	The objective is to clean, repair, restore and replace minor items such as yard safety gravel, transformer oil containment, 115kV wood structure, fence, control room window & cable and substation luminaires to mitigate safety hazards and environmental concerns. Equipment that has reached its standard useful life, is leaking, or causing failures, will be replaced.	2021 Q1	\$0.50	Section III C
Salinas Urbano Minor Rprs - 4501	The objective is to clean, repair, restore and replace minor items such as transformer oil containment, perimeter concrete wall, warehouse door, control room door and paint, insulator, substation poles, and substation luminaires to mitigate safety hazards and environmental concerns. Equipment that has reached its standard useful life, is leaking, or causing failures, will be replaced.	2021 Q1	\$0.50	Section III C
Coamo PDS Minor Rprs - 4603	Coamo PDS is a 38/13.2kV substation located at 18.067291, -66.368349. Minor equipment and materials at the station were damaged during the 2017 storm. The objective is to clean, repair, restore and replace minor items such as transformer oil containment, fence, equipment cabinets and yard safety gravel to mitigate safety hazards and environmental concerns. Equipment that has reached its standard useful life, is leaking, or causing failures, will be replaced.	2021 Q4	\$0.25	Section III C
Sabana Grande Minor Rprs - 6501	The objective is to clean, repair, restore and replace minor items such as transformer oil containment, fence, and substation luminaires to mitigate safety hazards and environmental concerns. Equipment that has reached its standard useful life, is leaking, or causing failures, will be replaced.	2021 Q1	\$0.15	Section III C



IT / Telecom – Near-Term (2021-2023)

Table 4.8 – Near-Term IT/Telecom Projects

IT / Telecom Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
MPLS Network Deployment	PREPA has 349 network sites that form its current telecommunications transport network. In total, between substations, microwave sites, and data center locations, the communication network will eventually extend to approximately 400 sites. This Operations Technology (OT) network, communicating over a combination of fiber and wireless, allows for remote monitoring, control, protection, and engineering access to the electric grid. As part of the rebuilding effort, PREPA will have new fiber cables installed, wireless infrastructure built out, and a Dense Wavelength Division Multiplexing (DWDM) and Internet Protocol (IP) / multiprotocol label switching (MPLS) network created to connect its substation, generation, and office facilities. A robust communication network is the cornerstone to safe and reliable operation, maintenance, and recovery of the electric grid. During both normal and storm conditions, communication networks allow operators and engineers insight into the state of the grid, providing the key information that will drive and guide any response. As has been shown in utilities across the world, a communication system built around an IP/MPLS network provides the scalability, reliability, and adaptability required for SCADA, Distribution Automation (DA), engineering access, Field Area Network (FAN) backhaul, advanced metering infrastructure (AMI) backhaul, distributed energy resource (DER) control, Security systems connectivity, and other services.	2022 Q2	\$150.92	Section III E
FAN	PREPA's existing field area network is used to support various substation communications requirements including supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) remote terminal units (RTUs), remote revenue/billing metering, and telephone. The two systems historically used by PREPA for the Field Area Networks, to extend beyond the traditional network boundary at the substation, are the legacy narrowband GE iNET and RAD Airmux point-to-point (PTP) platforms. Virtually all Airmux radios were damaged in the hurricanes and require replacement, while approximately 70% of the total iNET devices suffered severe damage and must be replaced. The legacy iNET radio platform has reached end-of-life and has limited availability of	2022 Q2	\$93.60 Note: Funded through 428 and PREPA NME	Section III E



IT / Telecom Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	<p>spares and support. Additionally, the technology's performance, in terms of data rate and latency, is unable to support the density and aggregate number of field devices and connectivity demands of PREPA's future hardened electric distribution grid and systems.</p> <p>Due to the increased density of devices in a modern power grid, only a broadband solution will effectively serve those needs at an economic price point. PREPA's next-generation distribution grid will rely on a foundational wireless field area network that provides connectivity and services to every grid asset requiring communications. This wireless network must meet the utility requirements for reliability and resiliency of a connected grid, must adhere to the stringent safety standards required for power delivery, be standards based, vendor agnostic, and capable of supporting the density of devices required for all current and future applications.</p>			
Cybersecurity Program Implementa- tion	<p>Support of PREPA's modernized OT systems, such as the EMS and ADMS systems, requires developing and implementing a modern cybersecurity program to achieve cyber resiliency for PREPA's most critical infrastructure. This includes PREPA's substations, Field Area Network (FAN), Control Centers, and all other facilities and devices utilizing PREPA's telecommunication system. This project will implement a risk-centric program, to be integrated with PREPA's existing cybersecurity network architecture, by setting realistic implementation goals based on assessed cyber threats and risks. The cybersecurity project will enhance cyber resiliency (including increased detection and responding to/recovery from cyber events) by providing security controls such as intrusion detection technologies, malware protections, gateway and endpoints, file integrity checking software, and encryption, to prevent security damage or unplanned disruption to operations resulting in system downtime. The project will, therefore, both enable and protect the modernized OT systems through the implementation of an evolving cybersecurity program based on business and technology risk and readiness factors.</p>	2022 Q2	<p>\$74.30</p> <p>Note: Funded through 428 and PREPA NME</p>	Section III E
Advanced Distribution Monitoring System	<p>An Advanced Distribution Management System (ADMS) is the combination of a Distribution Management System (DMS, D-SCADA) with an Outage Management System (OMS). Parts of the PREPA grid were damaged and restoration efforts created inconsistencies in system data</p>	2022 Q2	\$48.02	Section III E



IT / Telecom Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
(ADMS) (OT/ Backoffice)	<p>and modeling. This project will define requirements and capabilities, modernizing PREPA's existing OMS by implementing a new ADMS, preparation of the data needed for movement into the ADMS system, building interfaces to new replacement OT PREPA systems, and training of operators in its use. The modern systems that will be installed as part of this program will also need to interface with inputs from the new AMI system planned for deployment.</p> <p>Putting in an ADMS system, and populating the OMS portion first, provides PREPA a modern OMS and the ability to update meter location information, and transformer to meter relationships, as the AMI system is deployed, making system information readily available and immediately useful. This new system will help aid in a reduction in SAIDI and CAIDI scoring.</p>			
GIS System	<p>The geospatial information system (GIS) is the central operational technology system in a utility. Updating the accuracy of PREPA's GIS information is vital to the foundation of the IT/OT systems that import data to, and export data from the GIS system. PREPA's current GIS platform cannot meet the needs of the incoming data from replaced and reconfigured infrastructure. PREPA's existing GIS will be updated to provide accurate asset locations, model and simulation storage, asset information, planning information and models, outage location in geographic terms, vehicle routing, and many other services for management of new infrastructure. In the near-term, an updated GIS platform will provide efficiencies in the execution of projects while providing the long-term benefit of operation support and planning of future projects.</p>	2022 Q2	\$48.02	Section III C
Monacillo Control Center	<p>The objective of this project is to modernize and harden the Monacillo control dispatch center to new industry standards and codes to enhance system operations, realize improvements in reliability, and expand situational awareness of the Puerto Rico electric grid. Hardening of the building will include the new increased wind requirements in accordance with the 2018 Puerto Rico Building Code (PRBC). An underground fiber backbone will be run between the Monacillo and Ponce Control centers.</p>	2022 Q1	\$41.16	Section III C

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IT / Telecom Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Ponce Control Center	The objective of this project is to install a new Ponce control dispatch center to new industry standards and codes to improve reliability and situational awareness of the Puerto Rico electric grid, and to serve as a backup to the Monacillo control dispatch center. The new building will be constructed to meet the new wind requirements in accordance with the 2018 Puerto Rico Building Code (PRBC). An underground fiber backbone will be run between the Monacillo and Ponce Control centers.	2022 Q2	\$41.16	Section III E
Energy Management System (EMS) (OT/ Backoffice)	The EMS (energy management system) monitors and controls the distribution of power across the power transmission system (e.g., transmission lines, substations, reclosers, sensors, RTUs, etc.), providing operators visibility into the flow of energy by helping to spot potential troubles or respond efficiently to outages. This makes the EMS one of the most urgent and crucial elements in keeping the lights on and improving resilience of any kind. This project will modernize PREPA's existing EMS to maintain system reliability and allows for implementation of a new EMS system. The new EMS will be industry standards driven, and capable of interfacing with other replaced systems such that all Backoffice systems, including the EMS, form a cohesive and holistic IT/OT architecture for PREPA's operations. This approach centers on the immediate benefits of reliable power supply, while laying the foundation for much more robust system architecture to withstand a wider range of outages and better fault location.	2022 Q2	\$39.30 Note: Funded through 428 and PREPA NME	Section III C
LMR Two-way radio P-25	The PREPA two-way voice radio system also known as the Land Mobile Radio system (LMR) suffered severe damage from Hurricane María. The current two-way system consists of EDACS and MotoTrbo Radio equipment which are incompatible with each other. The existing LMR system incurred significant damage and must be replaced to restore LMR services to its previous full and reliable operational status. Given the existing PREPA LMR technology is obsolete, unrepairable, and incompatible with any modern replacement LMR systems, it will need to be completely replaced with a modern Trunked LMR system. Implementing a modern system will provide additional crew safety with the availability of a dedicated button to initiate an emergency alert notification and the availability of an automatically activated man down emergency notification alert. Optionally, implementing a P-25 standard based LMR	2022 Q2	\$34.30	Section III E

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IT / Telecom Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	system would also allow the interoperability with other P-25 LMR systems operated by public safety and other governmental agencies throughout Puerto Rico.			
Physical Security Assessment for Facilities	In order to modernize damaged camera and badge reader systems, this project includes a detailed assessment that will provide security profiles of each facility, as a simple like-for-like replacement may not be up to industry standards. The collected data and information will be used to create a risk profile that will provide guidance on required Electronic Security systems, processes, and procedures for each type of facility. This project will secure current facilities and provide a roadmap for the deployment and timing of the projects to update those facilities; develop standards, processes, and specifications for execution by EPC or other means; group substations into tiers to facilitate electronic security budgeting and deployment; and provide Electronic Security system designs and installation at Facilities. This project aligns PREPA facilities with current Industry Standards for Physical Security, providing monitorization and protection of critical assets, which saves potential costs from future damage or theft.	2022 Q2	\$34.30	Section III C
SCADA RTU Replacement	<p>PREPA has 349 Remote Terminal Units (RTU) that form its Transmission and Distribution Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) system, providing monitoring and operation of the devices within its substations. The RTUs collect data from site-level devices and provide subsets of that data to the EMS. The EMS collects this data from the RTUs for monitoring, storing, and analyzing purposes. Additionally, the EMS sends controls to the RTUs and the RTUs pass these controls to the respective site-level devices for operation. Damage caused by Hurricane María resulted in the replacement of thirty-five (35) of the existing RTUs. An additional Ninety-nine (99) of the existing RTUs have been identified to have system interoperability issues from lack of Distributed Network Protocol (DNP3) support and Internet Protocol (IP) support. A total of 134 new RTUs are needed as part of near-term projects for the SCADA system.</p> <p>The new RTUs will be up to date with current technology and will support remote access requirements. All communications-capable protective relays, meters, network devices and other intelligent electronic devices (IEDs) will receive remote access through RuggedCom's</p>	2022 Q2	\$32.44 Note: Funded through 428 and PREPA NME	Section III E

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IT / Telecom Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	Crossbow platform. Crossbow provides an integrated, comprehensive solution with a seamless configuration environment, ensuring IED connectivity and activity logging is maintained at the substation level, even if the connection to the central server is temporarily disabled. In addition to capturing compliance record information, the project will ensure Crossbow connectivity to all appropriate devices identified at the 134 substation locations.			
Meter & Automation Lab	The objective of this project is to build a PREPA meter and automation lab. Building and maintaining PREPA's modern processor-based systems will require a Meter & Automation Laboratory, that will allow for testing (prior to installation) of any automation equipment to be deployed within the grid.	N/A	\$14.00 Note: Funded through PREPA NME	N/A Necessary PREPA Maintenance
Telecom Infrastructure	PREPA's communication towers and telecommunication buildings suffered severe damage during Hurricane Maria. Most of the towers were damaged beyond repair and must be replaced. The telecommunication buildings are of concrete-block construction and suffered damage. This project will cover replacement of 50 towers, and repair of 20 buildings at standalone telecom sites. Several sites are within US Forest Service or PR Department of Natural Resources protected land and must adhere to federal and state requirements for building aesthetics. Additional construction regulations or permits may be required. Replacement of towers provides a hardened telecommunications network, to help mitigate damage from future weather-related events, increasing reliability. Where possible, replacement with taller towers will provide better coverage of the LMR system and provide space for future RF solutions.	2022 Q2	\$9.86 Note: Funded through 428 and PREPA NME	Section III C
Microwave PTP	The PREPA transmission microwave network consists of multiple point to point (PTP) microwave (MW) links. These PTP links utilize licensed frequencies granted by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) in both the 6 GHz and 11 GHz MW bands. The FCC license database list 49 actively licensed links in the 6 GHz band and 8 actively license links in the 11 GHz band. Damage by hurricanes and outdated technology require that all links will be rebuilt in support of updated and reliable connectivity of the network.	2022 Q2	\$6.86	Section III C



IT / Telecom Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	The MOR specified replacement microwave equipment to be the AVIAT Eclipse radios. The implementation of the new transmission PTP MW equipment is dependent on restoring or rebuilding the required site facilities and towers. This effort will need microwave system planning coordination and construction will start prior to implementation of the new MW systems. The systems implementation will most likely lag the tower construction by a year.			
IT Corporate Network	Hurricane María destroyed a significant amount of Corporate IT network equipment in various facilities across PREPA's service territory. Most of these pieces of equipment can be replaced like-for-like, but with upgraded functionality and more hardened and robust versions of the equipment. This project will evaluate current communication and computation needs at all facilities, establishing a baseline from which the network will be rebuilt. An additional focus of this project will be to coordinate with other functional areas, such as cybersecurity and transport for backbone connectivity and physical security projects for maximum efficiency, resiliency, and any coordinated advantages. This project will support improved management of the network and support of end of life and end of support timelines and allow for future repair and replacement in the event of system expansion or damage.	2022 Q2	\$6.86	Section III C
Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI)	Roughly 25% of PREPA's Automatic Meter Reading (AMR) system was destroyed by Hurricane María, requiring the use of manual billing and meter reading. Replacing damaged meters with like-for-like meters, addresses the revenue and manual process issue, but does not address other current and future needs, such as outage notification. This project will replace the current obsolete metering system with a new Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) system that provides faster response times, more accurate and reliable data, better system controls and system monitoring, support for direct customer information to home (HAN) capabilities, and building energy management systems (EMS).	2022 Q1	\$0.00 Note: Cost to be estimated in a future plan update	Section III E



Buildings – Near-Term (2021-2023)

Table 4.9 – Near-Term Buildings Projects

Buildings Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Aguadilla ESC	The objective of this project is to repair and/or replace hurricane and flood-damaged structures, utilities, and finishes to bring the entire Electric Service Center into proper working order. A flood study will be performed to determine if additional hazard mitigation will be required to avoid future damage from storms.	2021 Q2	\$2.50	Section III C
Arecibo ESC	The objective of this project is to relocate the Arecibo ESC to a new location that is not subject to flooding during severe weather events. During Hurricane María, the Arecibo Electric Service Center (ESC) experienced 7-8' of water across the entire 8-acres site and was consequently not able to be used for its intended purpose as an emergency service center.	2021 Q1	\$2.31	Section III C
Palo Seco North & South	Twenty-seven buildings at the Palo Seco power plant were inspected and reported to have suffered damages from Hurricane María. The objective of the project is to repair and/or replace the damaged structures, utilities, and finishes to bring the buildings back into proper working order.	2021 Q4	\$2.00	Section III C
Arecibo Regional Building	The objective of this project is to repair and/or replace hurricane and flood-damaged equipment, utilities, and finishes to bring the entire office building into proper working order.	2021 Q2	\$1.80	Section III C
San Germán ESC	The objective of this project is to repair and/or replace hurricane-damaged equipment, utilities, and finishes to bring the entire Electric Service Center into proper working order.	2021 Q2	\$0.31	Section III C
Bayamón Region Miscellaneous Repairs	The objective of this project is to repair and/or replace hurricane-damaged equipment, utilities, and finishes to bring impacted buildings into proper working order.	2021 Q1	\$0.23	Section III C
Toa Baja Technical Services	The objective of this project is to repair and/or replace hurricane and flood-damaged equipment, utilities, and finishes to bring the entire Technical Services Building into proper working order.	2021 Q4	\$0.19	Section III C

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Buildings Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Mayagüez Region Miscellaneous Repairs	The objective of this project is to repair and/or replace hurricane-damaged equipment, utilities, and finishes to bring impacted buildings into proper working order.	2021 Q1	\$0.17	Section III C
Arecibo Region Miscellaneous Repairs	The objective of this project is to repair and/or replace hurricane-damaged equipment, utilities, and finishes to bring impacted buildings into proper working order.	2021 Q1	\$0.13	Section III C
Caguas Region Miscellaneous Repairs	The objective of this project is to repair and/or replace hurricane-damaged equipment, utilities, and finishes to bring impacted buildings into proper working order.	2021 Q1	\$0.10	Section III C
Ponce Region Miscellaneous Repairs	The objective of this project is to repair and/or replace hurricane-damaged equipment, utilities, and finishes to bring impacted buildings into proper working order.	2021 Q1	\$0.07	Section III C
Carolina Region Miscellaneous Repairs	The objective of this project is to repair and/or replace hurricane-damaged equipment, utilities, and finishes to bring impacted buildings into proper working order.	2021 Q1	\$0.06	Section III C
Ponce Warehouse at Ponce ESC	The objective of this project is to completely replace the existing Ponce warehouse with a new, code-compliant warehouse building.	2021 Q4	\$0.00 Note: Cost to be estimated in a future plan update	Section III C
Ponce Calle Villa	The objective of this project is to completely replace the existing Ponce Calle Villa warehouse with a new, code-compliant warehouse building.	2021 Q4	\$0.00 Note: Cost to be estimated in a future plan update	Section III C



Environmental – Near-Term (2021-2023)

Table 4.10 – Near-Term Environmental Projects

Environmenta I Category Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Transmission Line 51000 Access Road FFF, R, U, PPP, K, II, LL, MM, GGG, JJJ, OOO	This project will repair 11 hurricane-damaged and unstable access roads, repair contours along impacted access roads, repair elevations to NWI, FEMA Flood Hazard, remove eroded fill within USACE Surface Water features, and capture as-built topography data post-construction. The repairs on these access roads will ensure compliance with EPA Clean Water Act in correspondence to the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program and USACE Nation Wide Permit #33 and #12.	2021 Q1	\$3.40	Section III C
Transmission Line 37400 Segments A, D, H & Transmission Line 37400 Dorado-Vega Baja Segments C, D	This project will repair five hurricane-damaged and unstable access roads, repair contours along impacted access roads, repair elevations to NWI, FEMA Flood Hazard, remove eroded fill within USACE Surface Water features, and capture as-built topography data post-construction. The repairs on these access roads will ensure compliance with EPA Clean Water Act in correspondence to the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program and USACE Nation Wide Permit #33 and #12.	2021 Q1	\$3.25	Section III C
Transmission Line 36100, 37500 Segment A, B	This project associated with Transmission Line 36100 and 37500 will repair two hurricane-damaged and unstable access roads, repair contours along impacted access roads, repair elevations to NWI, FEMA Flood Hazard, remove eroded fill within USACE Surface Water features, and capture as-built topography data post-construction. The repairs on these access roads will ensure compliance with EPA Clean Water Act in correspondence to the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program and USACE Nation Wide Permit #33 and #12.	2021 Q1	\$3.06	Section III C
Transmission Line 36200 Segment CC and Transmission Line 36200 EI Yunque Segments NN,	This project associated with Transmission Line 36200 and Staging Area 11-Naguabo will repair five hurricane-damaged and unstable access roads and 1 staging area, repair contours along impacted access roads, repair elevations to NWI, FEMA Flood Hazard, remove eroded fill within USACE Surface Water features, and capture as-built topography data post-construction. The repairs on these access roads will ensure compliance with EPA	2021 Q1	\$1.79	Section III C

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Environmenta I Category Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Q, R, Y. Staging Area 11-Naguabo	Clean Water Act in correspondence to the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program and USACE Nation Wide Permit #33 and #12.			
Transmission Line 36300 Segments HH, D, AAA, A, F, H	This project associated with Transmission Line 36300 will repair six hurricane-damaged and unstable access roads, repair contours along impacted access roads, repair elevations to NWI, FEMA Flood Hazard, remove eroded fill within USACE Surface Water features, and capture as-built topography data post-construction. The repairs on these access roads will ensure compliance with EPA Clean Water Act in correspondence to the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program and USACE Nation Wide Permit #33 and #12.	2021 Q1	\$1.55	Section III C
Transmission Line 40300 Segment C	This project associated with Transmission Line 40300 will repair one hurricane-damaged and unstable access roads, repair contours along impacted access roads, repair elevations to NWI, FEMA Flood Hazard, remove eroded fill within USACE Surface Water features, and capture as-built topography data post-construction. The repairs on these access roads will ensure compliance with EPA Clean Water Act in correspondence to the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program and USACE Nation Wide Permit #33 and #12.	2021 Q1	\$0.90	Section III C
Transmission Line 50700 Access Roads E, Z, B	This project associated with Transmission Line 50700 will repair three hurricane-damaged and unstable access roads and one staging area, repair contours along impacted access roads, repair elevations to NWI, FEMA Flood Hazard, remove eroded fill within USACE Surface Water features, and capture as-built topography data post-construction. The repairs on these access roads will ensure compliance with EPA Clean Water Act in correspondence to the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program and USACE Nation Wide Permit #33 and #12.	2021 Q1	\$0.72	Section III C
Transmission Line 38900 Martín Peña- Berwind Access Road	This project associated with Transmission Line 38900 will repair one hurricane-damaged and unstable access road, repair contours along the impacted access road, repair elevations to NWI, FEMA Flood Hazard, remove eroded fill within USACE Surface Water features, and capture as-built topography data post-construction. The repairs on these access roads will ensure compliance with EPA Clean Water Act in correspondence to the National	2021 Q1	\$0.31	Section III C



Environmenta I Category Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program and USACE Nation Wide Permit #33 and #12.			
Transmission Line 37800 Cobra Tracks Access Road Segments N, A	This project associated with Transmission Line 37800 will repair two hurricane-damaged and unstable access roads, repair contours along impacted access roads, repair elevations to NWI, FEMA Flood Hazard, remove eroded fill within USACE Surface Water features, and capture as-built topography data post-construction. The repairs on these access roads will ensure compliance with EPA Clean Water Act in correspondence to the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program and USACE Nation Wide Permit #33 and #12.	2021 Q1	\$0.16	Section III C
Whitefish Staging Area Aguirre Power Plant	This project will ensure compliance with EPA Clean Water Act, in correspondence to the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program, requires all earthwork activities that generates great than 1.0 acre of disturbance to be permanently stabilized to pre-existing conditions after the completion of construction activities. Also, consulting will be necessary to SHPO to determine "No Adverse Effect". Earthwork (grading), engineering, and vegetative restoration will be required to permanently stabilize the impacted Access Roads.	2021 Q1	\$0.04	Section III C

E. Mid-Term Category Overview

The mid-term priority category is comprised of projects estimated to begin 30% A/E design work in 2024-2027.

In the sections that follow, we provide this information on mid-term priority projects:

Table 4.11 – Provided Project Information

Section	Plan Information Provided
1. Description of projects	An overview of the projects in the priority category and the approach used to designate them, organized by asset type



2. Summary of projects	Number of projects by asset category and start year, along with total dollars by asset category
3. COR3 and FEMA submission timeline	Estimated timeline for submittal to indicate number of projects for each year and asset category
4. List of projects	Project name, a brief description, estimated submittal timing, estimated cost, and IRP reference section for each project included in the plan

1. *Description of Mid-Term Priority Projects*

Generation and Dams and Hydro

The fleet of renewable generation and battery storage projects will continue to grow at a pace that complies with the targets for renewable generation for 2025 and beyond, subject to technical feasibility and financial benefit analysis.

New thermal generation may potentially be added based on results of the New Thermal Generation Feasibility Study and subsequent review and discussion with the PREB.

The retirement of thermal generation units, along with demolition and remediation, restoration, or repurposing plans are also planned for this period.

Dams and Hydro work in the mid-term are focused on addressing damage from sediment, storm debris, and erosion.

Transmission

Thirty-seven (37) 115kV & 230kV transmission lines and forty nine (49) 38kV sub-transmission lines will be either hardened or rebuilt in the mid-term, once the required detailed engineering assessment and design is completed. There are an additional twenty nine (29) new 38kV, 115kV & 230kV lines planned as FEMA 406 projects, both overhead and underground.

Distribution

The total number of feeders addressed in the mid-term is approximately 612. This is comprised of three elements. First, 182 feeders from the damage report were included if they were part of the 10-Year Pole Replacement Report and/or had critical customers. These feeders were labeled as the short-term, second tier. Second, we include the remaining 65



feeders from the damage report, those with non-critical customers; these are prioritized after the short term second tier projects. In addition, we included the 386 feeders that are part of the 10 Year Pole Replacement Program.

Substations

Substations are being evaluated for the mid-term period due to storm damage and unreliable equipment. The mid-term projects include modernization; hardening and relocation to meet new codes and standards to improve the resilience and reliability of the electric grid system throughout the island; and including the continuation of the near-term flood mitigation work.

These substations are categorized into four general groups; generation and switchyard modernization, flooded substation relocation, grid concerns, and modernization and hardening. Modernization will include the upgrade of existing protective relays to modern digital relays to improve system protection, replacement of existing oil circuit breakers with vacuum of SF6 gas breakers and eliminate grid constraints. Hardening will include strengthening or replacement of existing control buildings/enclosures, structures, components, to better withstand a storm event.

IT / Telecom

Mid-term telecommunications projects include continuance of projects begun during the near-term phase. These include fiber optics, LMR, microwave radio, infrastructure, field area (radio) networks (FAN), and communications network (IP/MPLS) as described above. Due to complexity and long-lead items, these projects require a long timeline.

In addition, advanced meter infrastructure (AMI) and distribution automation (DA) are slated to begin as infrastructure, transport, and FAN enablement come into production.

Both will significantly enhance customer service and experience through outage detection and advanced, faster, automatic restoration of service to areas impacted by a system fault. DA will include advanced distribution management systems (ADMS) with fault location, isolation, and service restoration (FLISR) capability. FLISR monitors and controls the status of line reclosers and switches; then, in the case of a fault, applies logic to automatically and immediately reconfigure the electric grid localizing the fault to minimize the area suffering a service outage.

Buildings

All planned mid-term projects related to buildings consist of repairs to approximately five facilities that were damaged by the 2017 hurricanes. These building repairs are important to ongoing operational facilities and have been prioritized according to need and/or coordination with other related projects.



Environmental

Environmental permitting and remediation mid-term activities for acquisition or divestiture of real property project categories include: the preparation and agency review/approval of a remediation plan (if applicable).

Mid-term activities will be required for projects that involve construction activities, construction-related soil disturbance, potential impacts to environmental or cultural resources. These activities include the development, submittal, and agency review/approval of permit applications.

Mid-term activities for projects that include the installation or modification of new or existing generating resources include: the initiation of agency consultations and environmental field studies (if applicable) and preparation of applicable permit applications.

Mid-term activities for projects that include generating resource retirements and demolition activities include: the preparation, agency review/approval and implementation of a waste management and remediation plans; and the development, submittal, and agency review/approval of permit applications or modifications. The retirement of thermal generation units, along with demolition and remediation, restoration, or repurposing plans are planned for this period.

2. Summary of Mid-Term Priority Projects

The following table summarizes the near-term project volume and aggregate cost by asset category:

Table 4.12 – Summary of Mid-Term Priority Projects

Asset Category	# of Projects Initiated				Total Projects	Total Cost Estimates (millions)
	2024	2025	2026	2027		
Generation	3	0	0	0	3	\$577
Dams and Hydro	7	3	4	0	14	\$214
Transmission	3	2	0	0	5	\$1,730
Distribution	21	7	0	7	35	\$3,700
Substations	14	4	0	0	18	\$755
IT/Telecom	1	0	0	0	1	\$103

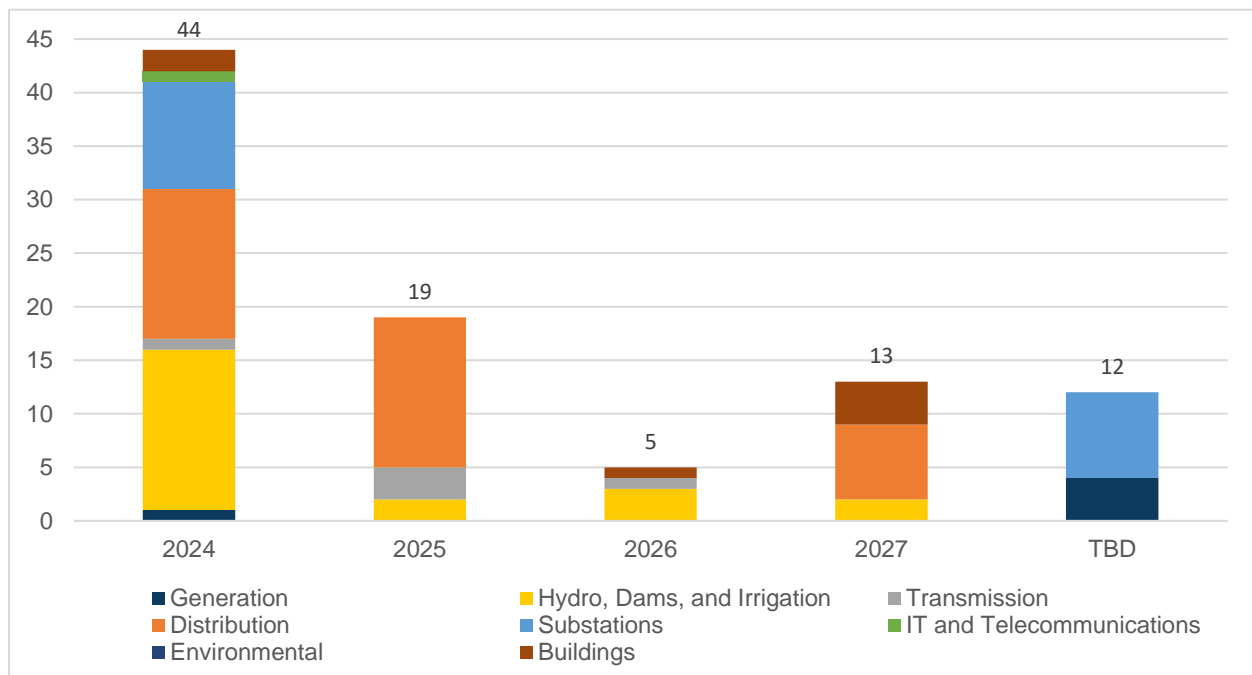


Asset Category	# of Projects Initiated				Total Projects	Total Cost Estimates (millions)
	2024	2025	2026	2027		
Buildings	2	0	1	4	7	\$48
Environmental	0	0	0	0	0	\$0
Total	51	16	5	11	83	\$7,127

3. COR3 and FEMA Submission Timeline

The following bar chart shows the estimated timeline for submittal of individual projects to COR3 and FEMA for review and approval:

Figure 4.3 – COR3 and FEMA Mid-Term Project Submissions by Year





4. List of Mid-Term Priority Projects

Generation – Mid-Term (2024-2027)

Table 4.13 – Mid-Term Generation Projects

Generation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Cambalache Main Power Transformers	The power plant main and auxiliary power transformers at Cambalache have been operating for over 23 years and are nearing the end of their useful life. This project is to maintain and replace these transformers in the mid-term.	N/A	\$5.0 Note: Funded through PREPA NME	N/A Necessary PREPA Maintenance
Retirement of Generating Units (Aguirre U1-U2, Palo Seco U1-U4, San Juan U7-U10, Aguirre CC 1-2)	According to the Final Resolution and Order on the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority's Integrated Resource Plan (IRP) issued in July 2020, the Puerto Rico Energy Bureau (PREB) approved PREPA's plans for retirement of the oil-fired steam resources over the next five (5) years and warns PREPA that undue delays in the retirement of these units will result in stringent penalties.	TBD	\$0.00 Note: Cost to be estimated in a future plan update	Section III C
New Generation Near the San Juan Area (Palo Seco)	New generation to be located near the San Juan area (Palo Seco) based on results of the "New Thermal Generation Feasibility Study" project performed in the near-term. Type and size of generation to be determined based on results of the feasibility study, review and discussion with the PREB, and subsequent PREB Order on the matter. New generation is required to address a power generation crisis created by the weakening of Puerto Rico's electric grid in the wake of Hurricane María. New generation should be capable of withstanding major catastrophic events, such as hurricanes, high wind events, and major seismic events.	2024	\$572.50	Section III E



Dams & Hydro – Mid-Term (2024-2027)

Table 4.14 – Mid-Term Dams & Hydro Projects

Dams & Hydro Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Dos Bocas Reservoir	The Dos Bocas Reservoir is supplied by the Río Grande de Arecibo, the Río Caonillas, and the Río Limón. This reservoir captured large quantities of sediment and debris from heavy rains, surface water runoff carrying debris, soil erosion, and landslides. The project objective is to restore the reservoir storage to a condition optimal for operations, water supply, and flood control.	2024	\$58.25	Section III C
Lajas Lateral Canals	The Lajas Lateral Canal damage was primarily caused by surface runoff carrying debris and soil erosion caused by heavy rainfall. Project scope includes repairing and replacing damaged concrete lining, which is cracked, displaced, and scouring below the surface of the lining. It also includes repairing the road with fill material.	2026	\$55.33	Section III C
Caonillas Reservoir	The Caonillas Reservoir is supplied by the Vivi, Pellejas, Jordan, and Adjuntas reservoirs as well as the Río Caonillas. This reservoir captured large quantities of sediment and debris from heavy rains, surface water runoff carrying debris, soil erosion, and landslides. The project objective is to restore the reservoir storage to a condition optimal for operations, water supply, and flood control.	2024	\$41.74	Section III C
Lucchetti Reservoir	The Lucchetti Reservoir is supplied by the Río Yauco, the Río Naranjo, and Yauco Plant 1. This reservoir captured large quantities of sediment and debris from heavy rains, surface water runoff carrying debris, soil erosion, and landslides. The project objective is to restore the reservoir storage to a condition optimal for operations, water supply, and flood control.	2027	\$35.81	Section III C
Guayo Reservoir	The Guayo Reservoir is supplied by Río Guayo, Río Cidra, and the Yahuecas Reservoir. This reservoir captured large quantities of sediment and debris from heavy rains, surface water runoff carrying debris, soil erosion, and landslides. The project objective is to restore the reservoir storage to a condition optimal for operations, water supply, and flood control.	2027	\$21.01	Section III C

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Dams & Hydro Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Toro Negro 2	The purpose of this project is to restore/repair the Toro Negro 2 hydropower plant from hurricane/flooding damage suffered as a result of Hurricane María. The plant sustained exterior site and equipment damage as well as interior damage from water and debris inside the power building affecting critical generation equipment. With this project, the intent is to evaluate all claims submitted to FEMA for the settlement and develop individual scope of work, execution timeline, sequence, and cost estimates to complete the needed Hurricane María related repairs.	2024	\$0.84	Section III C
Vivi Dam	The Vivi Dam damaged was primarily caused by high winds, water runoff, excess sedimentation brought in by the storm, increased wave action, and wind-blown debris. Damages include eroded areas, doors, windows, electrical components, sluice gate hydraulic hoist and hydraulic power unit, railings, fencing, access road and parking area, and sedimentation of intake rack structure and surroundings.	2025	\$0.43	Section III C
Lajas Irrigation Canals	The Lajas Irrigation Canal damage was primarily caused by high winds, wind-blown debris, and surface runoff carrying debris and soil erosion caused by heavy rainfall. Project scope includes repairing and replacing damaged concrete lining, which is cracked, displaced, and scouring below the surface of the lining. It also includes replacing concrete blocks, concrete water pit, radial flood gate, steel alloy stair, and gate.	2026	\$0.31	Section III C
Caonillas Dam	The Caonillas Dam damage was primarily caused by drains at the crest of the dam clogging and causing the gallery to flood and erosion at the upstream slope of the reservoir. The project would replace or repair damaged equipment and infrastructure in the flooded gallery, remove sedimentation buildup in foundation drainage holes, sluiceway intake rack and surroundings, and drainage piping, and stabilize eroded areas surrounding the dam.	2024	\$0.19	Section III C
Garzas 1	The purpose of this project is to restore/repair the Garzas Hydroelectric Power Plant No. 1 from hurricane/flooding damage suffered as a result of Hurricane María. The plant sustained exterior site and equipment damage as well as interior damage to battery systems as a result of lack of power in the electrical grid. With this project, the intent is to evaluate all claims submitted to FEMA for the settlement and develop individual scope of work,	2024	\$0.13	Section III C

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Dams & Hydro Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	execution timeline, sequence, and cost estimates to complete the needed Hurricane María related repairs.			
Guayo Dam	The Guayo Dam damaged was primarily caused by high winds, water runoff, heavy rains, fallen debris, and wind-blown debris. Damages include electrical lines, access road, sluice gate hydraulic hoist and hydraulic power unit, door to communication shed, and a chain link swing gate.	2026	\$0.13	Section III C
Yauco 2	The purpose of this project is to restore/repair the Yauco Hydroelectric Power Plant No. 2 from hurricane/flooding damage suffered as a result of Hurricane María. The plant sustained exterior site and equipment damage as well as interior damage affecting critical generation equipment. With this project, the intent is to evaluate all claims submitted to FEMA for the settlement and develop individual scope of work, execution timeline, sequence, and cost estimates to complete the needed Hurricane María related repairs.	2024	\$0.08	Section III C
Pellejas Dam	The Pellejas Dam damaged was primarily caused by high winds, water runoff and wind-blown debris. Damages include electrical components, sluice gate hydraulic hoist and hydraulic power unit, railings, access road and parking area, and sedimentation of intake rack structure and surroundings.	2024	\$0.06	Section III C
Adjuntas Dam	The Adjuntas Dam damaged was primarily caused by high winds, heavy rains, landslides, water runoff and fallen debris. Damages include doors, cracked walls, conduits and electrical systems, sluice gate hydraulic hoist and hydraulic power unit, railings, access road and parking area, sedimentation of intake rack structure and surroundings, and drainage piping.	2025	\$0.05	Section III C



Transmission – Mid-Term (2024-2027)

Table 4.15 – Mid-Term Transmission Projects

Transmission Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
37-Transmission Existing (115 & 230 kV)	The objective of this project is to harden existing 115kV and 230kV transmission lines to consensus-based codes and standards, improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure to critical loads, and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on 37 transmission lines for an estimated total of 496 miles.	2025	\$548.60	Section III C
40-Transmission Existing (38 kV)	The objective of this project is to harden existing 38kV transmission lines to consensus-based codes and standards, improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure to critical loads, and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on 40 transmission lines for an estimated total of 511 miles.	2025	\$537.70	Section III C
16-Transmission New Lines (38kV, 115 & 230 kV)	The objective of this project is to build new underground or overhead transmission lines across all three voltage levels (38 kV, 115 kV, and 230 kV) to consensus-based codes and standards and increase the transmission grid reliability and resiliency by providing redundancy to existing disaster damaged lines. This project includes work on 16 transmission lines for an estimated total of 125 miles.	2026	\$294.00	Section III E
13-Transmission New Lines (38kV, 115 & 230 kV)	The objective of this project is to build new underground or overhead transmission lines across all three voltage levels (38 kV, 115 kV, and 230 kV) to consensus-based codes and standards and increase the transmission grid reliability and resiliency by providing redundancy to existing disaster damaged lines. This project includes work on 13 transmission lines for an estimated total of 53 miles.	2025	\$211.67	Section III C
9-Transmission Existing (38kV)	The objective of this project is to harden existing 38kV transmission lines to consensus-based codes and standards, improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure to critical loads, and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project	2024	\$137.70	Section III C



Transmission Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	includes work on 9 transmission lines for an estimated total of 140.5 miles.			

Distribution – Mid-Term (2024-2027)

Table 4.16 – Mid-Term Distribution Projects

Distribution Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayagüez Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 57 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 322.53 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2024	\$357.11	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 55 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 209.27 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2025	\$249.75	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - San Juan Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes	2025	\$248.59	Section III C

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Distribution Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	work on 134 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 134.39 miles (including both overhead and underground work).			
Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 36 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 202.47 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2024	\$236.67	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamón Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 40 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 121.04 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2024	\$211.02	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 33 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 144.56 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2024	\$166.02	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution	2025	\$165.35	Section III C

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Distribution Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 41 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 123.7 miles (including both overhead and underground work).			
Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - San Juan Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 53 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 80.27 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2024	\$160.47	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 30 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 68.39 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2024	\$136.73	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 24 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 68.6 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2024	\$135.20	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Intermediate	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster	2024	\$128.91	Section III C

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Distribution Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 32 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 93.67 miles (including both overhead and underground work).			
Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamón Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 23 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 108.71 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2024	\$126.35	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayagüez Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 29 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 62.96 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2024	\$125.88	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 20 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 103.91 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2024	\$115.36	Section III C

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Distribution Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - San Juan Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 45 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 77.27 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2024	\$115.27	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 29 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 79.72 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2025	\$115.08	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - San Juan Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 41 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 63.87 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2025	\$97.35	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayagüez Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 32 distribution feeders for an estimated total of	2025	\$75.19	Section III C

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Distribution Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	44.06 miles (including both overhead and underground work).			
Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 26 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 38.66 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2025	\$70.85	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamón Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 24 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 29.31 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2025	\$57.33	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 21 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 33.5 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2025	\$57.03	Section III C

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Distribution Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - San Juan Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 25 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 29.56 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2027	\$56.99	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 25 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 23.92 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2027	\$51.73	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 12 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 25.81 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2024	\$50.21	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamón Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes	2025	\$46.44	Section III C

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Distribution Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	work on 16 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 30.45 miles (including both overhead and underground work).			
Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 13 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 29.81 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2027	\$45.63	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamón Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 20 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 25.88 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2027	\$45.20	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 9 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 44.93 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2025	\$44.85	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayagüez Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution	2025	\$41.70	Section III C



Distribution Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 12 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 33.76 miles (including both overhead and underground work).			
Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayagüez Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 20 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 23.18 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2027	\$38.57	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 7 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 18.15 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2024	\$36.29	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 17 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 18.28 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2027	\$28.88	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Long Term	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster	2027	\$24.18	Section III C

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Distribution Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 11 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 15.23 miles (including both overhead and underground work).			
Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 5 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 12.59 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2025	\$21.51	Section III C
Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	The objective of this project is to restore PREPA's distribution system to consensus-based codes and standards, reduce the outage impact of future disaster events, and increase the resilience of the system to aid in faster recovery. This will be accomplished by strengthening critical sections of overhead distribution facilities, providing underground express feeds to critical customers, and preparing the system for a future distribution automation system. This project includes work on 9 distribution feeders for an estimated total of 9.63 miles (including both overhead and underground work).	2025	\$16.76	Section III C



Substations – Mid-Term (2024-2027)

Table 4.17 – Mid-Term Substations Projects

Substation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Mid-Term Grid Concern Substations	To improve the SAIFI and SAIDI metrics PREPA will need to modernize and hardened the equipment at multiple distribution and transmission substations throughout the island. In addition, the Integrated Resource Plan and Grid Constraint studies identified the need to build multiple new transmission lines to improve grid resiliency. The addition of these new transmission lines will require substation expansions to accommodate the required equipment for the line terminals. The objective of this project is to plan the modernization and hardening of these substations to bring to industry standards.	2024	\$204.00	Section III C
Hydro Generating Units – Switchyard Grid Modernization	The separation of transmission and generation assets will support the transmission system concession agreement and will support the independent operation of the assets. To provide physical separation between the generation and transmission switchyard assets, all protective relays and controls will be relocated from generating facility to a control enclosure within the outside switchyard property. In addition, independent switchyard revenue metering, auxiliary power and DC Systems will be installed to support the asset separation.	N/A	\$100.00 Note: Funded through PREPA NME	N/A Necessary PREPA Maintenance
Mid-Term Modernization & Hardening Substations	To improve the SAIFI and SAIDI metrics PREPA will need to modernize and hardened the equipment at multiple distribution and transmission substations throughout the island. In addition, the Integrated Resource Plan and Grid Constraint studies identified the need to build multiple new transmission lines to improve grid resiliency. The addition of these new transmission lines will require substation expansions to accommodate the required equipment for the line terminals. The objective of this project is to plan the modernization and hardening of these substations to bring to industry standards.	2024	\$93.50	Section III C
San Juan 115kV GIS	This project will expand, modernize, and harden San Juan SP 115kV TC by replacing existing Air Insulated Substation (AIS) with Gas Insulated Substation (GIS), installing substation inside a building(s), expanding substation capacity to allow future generation and to	2024	\$64.60 Note: Funded through 428 and	Section III C

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Substation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	complete San Juan 115kV Underground Transmission Loop, and replacing aging infrastructure including six (6) Oil Circuit Breakers (OCBs). In addition, PREPA will install new protection and controls in substation, rather than power plant control room and install revenue grade metering to measure power flows for billing.		PREPA NME	
Costa Sur Generation & Transmission Modernization and Hardening	The Costa Sur Generation and Switchyard project will install new prefabricated control enclosures in the switchyards to house the new equipment along with the new associated cables upgrade the protective relays at the remote ends, and install new switchyard revenue metering, auxiliary power and DC Systems. This project will improve system reliability and operations, modernize and harden the generation and transmission assets, and ensure compliance with consensus-based codes and standards including IEC 61850.	N/A	\$52.00 Note: Funded through PREPA NME	N/A Necessary PREPA Maintenance
T-Line Substation Terminals	The Integrated Resource Plan and Grid Constraint studies indicate 14 new transmission lines will need to be constructed that will require the expansion of approximately 18 existing transmission substations to accommodate 28 new line terminals. The objective of this project is to plan the modernization and hardening of these substations to facilitate the new transmission line connections with latest industry standards and improve grid resiliency.	2024	\$47.90	Section III E
Aguirre Generation & Switchyard Modernization & Hardening	The Aguirre Generation and Switchyard project will install new prefabricated control enclosures in the switchyards to house the new equipment along with the new associated cables upgrade the protective relays at the remote ends, and install new switchyard revenue metering, auxiliary power and DC Systems. This project will improve system reliability and operations, modernize and harden the generation and transmission assets, and ensure compliance with consensus-based codes and standards including IEC 61850.	N/A	\$36.00 Note: Funded through PREPA NME	N/A Necessary PREPA Maintenance
Mayagüez Generation & Transmission Modernization and Hardening	The Mayagüez Generation and Switchyard project will install new prefabricated control enclosures in the switchyards to house the new equipment along with the new associated cables upgrade the protective relays at the remote ends, and install new switchyard revenue metering, auxiliary power and DC Systems. This project will improve system reliability and operations, modernize and harden the generation and transmission assets, and	N/A	\$34.00 Note: Funded through PREPA NME	N/A Necessary PREPA Maintenance

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Substation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	ensure compliance with consensus-based codes and standards including IEC 61850.			
Palo Seco Generation & Transmission Modernization and Hardening	The Palo Seco Generation and Switchyard project will install new prefabricated control enclosures in the switchyards to house the new equipment along with the new associated cables upgrade the protective relays at the remote ends, and install new switchyard revenue metering, auxiliary power and DC Systems. This project will improve system reliability and operations, modernize and harden the generation and transmission assets, and ensure compliance with consensus-based codes and standards including IEC 61850.	N/A	\$32.00 Note: Funded through PREPA NME	N/A Necessary PREPA Maintenance
Mid-Term Gen. & Switchyard Modernization Substations	To improve the SAIFI and SAIDI metrics PREPA will need to modernize and hardened the equipment at multiple distribution and transmission substations throughout the island. In addition, the Integrated Resource Plan and Grid Constraint studies identified the need to build multiple new transmission lines to improve grid resiliency. The addition of these new transmission lines will require substation expansions to accommodate the required equipment for the line terminals. The objective of this project is to plan the modernization and hardening of these substations to bring to industry standards. The scope of this project includes Substations with Distribution Work and 50 Substation with Transmission Work.	2024	\$28.67	Section III C
Río Blanco TC Grid Constraint Mitigation	This project will address the damaged adjacent assets to the Río Blanco TC by rebuilding it with GIS and a connection to the 230kV Line 50800. The addition of the 230kV connection to Río Blanco will provide a significant improvement to the reliability and resiliency to the grid in the East part of the Island. The connection of Line 50800 at the Río Blanco TC will alleviate the potential 115-kV system overload and improve reliability of the system. This project will improve the grid stability as additional solar facilities are contemplated and constructed in the East.	N/A	\$20.00 Note: Funded through PREPA NME	N/A Necessary PREPA Maintenance
Río Blanco Generation & Transmission	The Río Blanco Generation and Switchyard project will install new prefabricated control enclosures in the switchyards to house the new equipment along with the	N/A	\$18.00	N/A

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Substation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Modernization and Hardening	new associated cables upgrade the protective relays at the remote ends, and install new switchyard revenue metering, auxiliary power and DC Systems. This project will improve system reliability and operations, modernize and harden the generation and transmission assets, and ensure compliance with consensus-based codes and standards including IEC 61850.		Note: Funded through PREPA NME	Necessary PREPA Maintenance
Cambalache Generation & Transmission Modernization and Hardening	The Cambalache Generation and Switchyard project will install new prefabricated control enclosures in the switchyards to house the new equipment along with the new associated cables upgrade the protective relays at the remote ends, and install new switchyard revenue metering, auxiliary power and DC Systems. This project will improve system reliability and operations, modernize and harden the generation and transmission assets, and ensure compliance with consensus-based codes and standards including IEC 61850.	N/A	\$17.60 Note: Funded through PREPA NME	N/A Necessary PREPA Maintenance
Naguabo 2701	The objective is to replace damaged control house and other related damaged equipment and to conform this critical asset substation facility to PREPA and industry standards, improve system resiliency, and to mitigate safety hazards due to equipment damage and environmental concerns.	2024	\$4.70	Section III C
Hato Rey TC GIS UG Terminal	Hato Rey TC is an existing 230/115/38-kV transmission center. A new 38 kV line terminal is required to connect a new underground transmission line coming from Veteran's Hospital in Río Piedras. Gas Insulated Technology (GIS) will be used for the switchgear. The objective is to add a new line terminal with environmentally friendly and high reliable equipment to serve the medical facility, use PREPA and industry standards and improve system resiliency, flexibility, and redundancy to this critical area.	2024	\$1.70	Section III C
Short-Term Gen. & Switchyard Modernization Substations - Project Description	To improve the SAIFI and SAIDI metrics PREPA will need to modernize and hardened the equipment at multiple distribution and transmission substations throughout the island. The objective of this project is to plan the modernization and hardening of these substations to bring to industry standards.	2024	\$0.00 Note: Cost to be estimated in a future plan update	Section III C
Short-Term Grid Concern	To improve the SAIFI and SAIDI metrics PREPA will need to modernize and hardened the equipment at	2024	\$0.00	Section III C



Substation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Substations - Project Description	multiple distribution and transmission substations throughout the island. The objective of this project is to plan the modernization and hardening of these grid concern substations to bring to industry standards.		Note: Cost to be estimated in a future plan update	
Short-Term Modernization & Hardening Substations - Project Description	To improve the SAIFI and SAIDI metrics PREPA will need to modernize and hardened the equipment at multiple distribution and transmission substations throughout the island. The objective of this project is to plan the modernization and hardening of these substations to bring to industry standards.	2024	\$0.00 Note: Cost to be estimated in a future plan update	Section III C

IT / Telecom – Mid-Term (2024-2027)

Table 4.18 – Mid-Term IT/Telecom Projects

IT / Telecom Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
SCADA	<p>PREPA has 349 RTUs that form its Transmission SCADA (Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition) system, which provides monitoring and operation of the devices in substations. All PREPA's RTUs must be moved from serial to Ethernet due to damage from Hurricane María impacting the reliability of some systems that are now being upgraded. These equipment upgrades require RTU upgrades to support EMS functionality and overall system interoperability and will require a new communications transport network at each substation. The changes described above will improve PREPA's cybersecurity posture, allow for system-wide equipment standardization, reduce future downtime, and enhance SCADA system reliability.</p> <p>In addition, PREPA interfaces with 806 privately-owned substations and damages from Hurricane María demonstrated that PREPA needs to have SCADA at each of these substations to improve reliability and provide real-time status information. This change will require the installations of an RTU and telecommunications</p>	2024	\$102.90	Section III C



IT / Telecom Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
	equipment at each of the privately-owned substations and a network for communications support. This project will allow for remote management of PREPA's transmission system, improving essential customer service and reliability while reducing operation and maintenance costs.			

Buildings – Mid-Term (2024-2027)

Table 4.19 – Mid-Term Buildings Projects

Buildings Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Intermediate ESC Projects	The objective of this project is to repair and/or replace damaged site amenities, roofs, equipment, and finishes as required to bring the Humacao, Juana Díaz, Vieques, Culebra, Mayagüez, and Quebradillas Electric Service Centers into proper working order. The Electric Service Centers are required to support the generation, transmission, and distribution of power throughout the island.	2024	\$19.12	Section III C
Long Term ESC Projects	The objective of this project is to repair and/or replace damaged site amenities, roofs, equipment, and finishes as required to bring the Barranquitas, Carolina, Ponce, Utuado, Caguas, Canóvanas, Corozal, Fajardo, Guayama, Guaynabo, Manatí, San Juan-Sabana Llana, and San Juan-Monacillo Electric Service Centers into proper working order. The Electric Service Centers are required to support the generation, transmission, and distribution of power throughout the island.	2027	\$17.80	Section III C
Intermediate Improvement and Construction	The objective of this project is to repair and/or replace the damaged site amenities, roofs, equipment, finishes, and trailers in the Improvement and Construction complexes serving regions across the island. This includes sites and buildings associated with the Humacao, Mayagüez, and Fajardo Improvement and Construction complexes.	2024	\$5.54	Section III C
Long Term Commercial	The objective of this project is to repair and/or replace the damaged site amenities, roofs, equipment, and finishes to bring Commercial Offices into proper working order to	2027	\$3.52	Section III C



Buildings Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Office Projects	provide adequate and reliable customer service throughout the island. This includes sites and buildings associated with the Cayey, Guayama, Hormigueros, Isabela, Juana Díaz, Corozal, and San Sebastián Commercial Offices.			
Cataño Power Service Workshop	The objective of this project is to repair and/or replace the damaged site amenities, roofs, equipment, and finishes at the Cataño Power Service Workshop.	2027	\$1.20	Section III C
Humacao Commercial Office	The objective of this project is to repair and/or replace the damaged site amenities, roofs, equipment, and finishes at the Humacao Commercial Office.	2027	\$0.27	Section III C
CAGUAS ICEE (Former Caguas' Commercial)	The objective of this project is to repair and/or replace the damaged site amenities, roofs, equipment, and finishes at the Caguas Irregular Consumption of Electrical Energy (ICEE) Office.	2026	\$0.16	Section III C

F. Long-Term Category Overview

The long-term priority category is comprised of projects estimated to begin 30% A/E design work in 2028-2030.

In the sections that follow, we provide this information on long-term priority projects:

Table 4.20 – Provided Project Information

Section	Plan Information Provided
1. Description of projects	An overview of the projects in the priority category and the approach used to designate them, organized by asset type
2. Summary of projects	Number of projects by asset category and start year, along with total dollars by asset category



Section	Plan Information Provided
3. COR3 and FEMA submission timeline	Estimated timeline for submittal to indicate number of projects for each year and asset category
4. List of projects	Project name, a brief description, estimated submittal timing, estimated cost, and IRP reference section for each project included in the plan

1. Description of Long-Term Priority Projects

Generation and Dams and Hydro

Generation projects in the long term will consist of further increasing the renewable generation and battery storage on the island to meet the established RPS targets per year.

This will also include the implementation of any grid support projects that may be required to allow the system to operate reliably and safely. Any new generation installed prior to the long-term may require some adjustments over time to support increasing levels of renewable generation on the system.

Dams and Hydro projects in the long-term are focused on completing repairs caused by sediment, storm debris, and erosion.

Transmission

Twenty-eight (28) 115kV & 230kV transmission lines and eighty-six (86) 38kV sub-transmission lines will be either hardened or rebuilt in the mid-term after the required detailed engineering assessment and design is completed. Six (6) additional new 38kV, 115kV & 230kV lines are also planned, both overhead and underground.

Distribution

Long-term projects include all remaining feeders not included in the near-term or mid-term, approximately 668 feeders (subject to verification). Within this phase, feeders were sorted based on whether there were critical customers and then by the SAIFI/SAIDI indices.

Substations

There are approximately 120 substations that are being evaluated in the long-term period due to storm damage and unreliable equipment. The long-term projects include modernization,



hardening and relocation to meet new codes and standards to improve the resilience and reliability of the electric grid system throughout the island, including the continuation of work that started in the near and mid-term phases. These substations are categorized into four general groups; generation and switchyard modernization, flooded substation relocation, grid concerns, and modernization and hardening. Modernization will include the upgrade of existing protective relays to modern digital relays and replacement of existing oil circuit breakers with vacuum or SF6 gas breakers. This will improve system protection and eliminate grid constraints. Hardening will include strengthening or replacement of existing control buildings/enclosures, structures, components, to better withstand a storm event and thereby improve grid reliability and resilience.

IT / Telecom

Long-term telecommunications projects include continuance of projects comprised of fiber optics, LMR, microwave radio, infrastructure, FAN, and communications network (IP/MPLS), DA, and AMI as described above. Due to significant complexity and long-lead components, these projects require a long timeline.

Buildings

All planned long-term projects related to buildings consist of repairs to approximately six facilities that were damaged by the 2017 hurricanes. The building repairs are important to ongoing operational facilities and have been prioritized according to need and/or coordination with other related projects.

Environmental

Environmental permitting and remediation long term activities for acquisition or divestiture of real property project categories include: the implementation of the remediation plan and no further action.

Long term activities will be required for projects that involve construction activities, construction-related soil disturbance, potential impacts to environmental or cultural resources. These activities include the implementation of permit requirements.

Long term activities for projects that include the installation or modification of new or existing generating resources include agency review and implementation of respective permits.

Long term activities for projects that include the generating resource retirements and demolition activities include: the implementation of waste management and remediation plans or retirement or withdrawal of existing permits.



2. Summary of Long-Term Priority Projects

The following table summarizes the near-term project volume and aggregate cost by asset category:

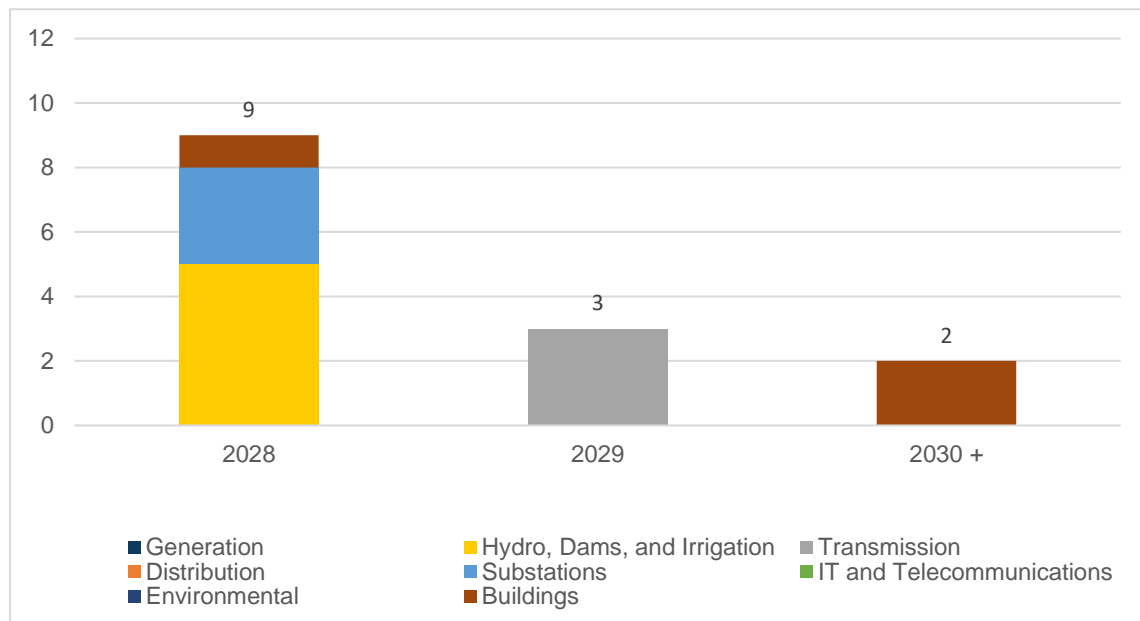
Table 4.21 – Summary of Long-Term Priority Projects

Asset Category	# of Projects Initiated			Total Projects	Total Cost Estimates (millions)
	2028	2029	2030		
Generation	0	0	0	0	\$0
Dams and Hydro	5	0	0	5	\$3
Transmission	1	2	0	3	\$737
Distribution	0	0	0	0	\$0
Substations	3	0	0	3	\$156
IT/Telecom	0	0	0	0	\$0
Buildings	1	0	2	3	\$5
Environmental	0	0	0	0	\$0
Total	10	2	2	14	\$902

3. *COR3 and FEMA Submission Timeline*

The following bar chart shows the estimated timeline for submittal of individual projects to COR3 and FEMA for review and approval:

Figure 4.4 – COR3 and FEMA Long-Term Project Submissions by Year



4. *List of Long-Term Priority Projects*

Dams & Hydro – Long-Term (2028-2030+)

Table 4.22 – Long-Term Dams & Hydro Projects

Dams & Hydro Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Loco Reservoir	The Loco Reservoir is supplied by Yauco Plant No. 1 and No. 2 via the Río Loco. This reservoir captured large quantities of sediment and debris from heavy rains, surface water runoff carrying debris, soil erosion, and landslides. The project objective is to restore the reservoir storage to a condition optimal for operations, water supply, and flood control.	2028	\$2.73	Section III C



Dams & Hydro Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Yahuecas Dam	The Yahuecas Dam damage was primarily caused by high winds, additional sedimentation brought on by the storm, wind-blown debris, water runoff, and fallen debris. Damages include access road, vertical trash grill, sedimentation at intake rack structure, fencing, railing, and utility poles.	2028	\$0.20	Section III C
Loco Dam	The Loco Dam damaged was primarily caused by high winds, water runoff, heavy rains, fallen debris, wind-blown debris, turbulent discharge of water, and increased wave action. Damages include washed out access road bridge, eroded areas, gates, buoys and buoy floatlines, fencing, access road, wire ropes, electrical components, sedimentation of sluiceway intake rack and surroundings, actuator, and windows.	2028	\$0.16	Section III C
Prieto Dam	The Prieto Dam damaged was primarily caused by high winds, heavy rains, water runoff, and fallen debris. Damages include electrical components, mechanical component, access road, hydraulic hoist of sluice gate, hydraulic power unit, sedimentation of sluiceway intake rack and surroundings, safety railing and guardrail on bridge.	2028	\$0.10	Section III C
Lucchetti Dam	The Lucchetti Dam damaged was primarily caused by high winds, heavy rains, wind-blown debris, and flooding. Damages include electrical components, utility poles, cracked gallery, AC motor of hydraulic unit, hydraulic power unit, oil pump of hydraulic unit, pressure gauges, actuator, and operator of control gate.	2028	\$0.06	Section III C

Transmission – Long-Term (2028-2030+)

Table 4.23 – Long-Term Transmission Projects

Transmission Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (USD)	IRP Reference
28-Transmission Existing (115 & 230 kV)	The objective of this project is to harden existing 115kV and 230kV transmission lines to consensus-based codes and standards, improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure to critical loads, and accelerate future	2029	\$322.65	Section III C



Transmission Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (USD)	IRP Reference
	restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on 28 transmission lines for an estimated total of 354 miles.			
86-Transmission Existing (38 kV)	The objective of this project is to harden existing 38kV transmission lines to consensus-based codes and standards, improve reliability and resiliency of the infrastructure to critical loads, and accelerate future restoration efforts by strengthening and/or replacing transmission structures and components. This project includes work on 86 transmission lines for an estimated total of 345 miles.	2029	\$313.70	Section III C
6-Transmission New Lines (38kV, 115 & 230 kV)	<p>The objective of this project is to build new underground or overhead transmission lines across all three voltage levels (38 kV, 115 kV, and 230 kV) to consensus-based codes and standards and increase the transmission grid reliability and resiliency by providing redundancy to existing disaster damaged lines. This project includes work on 6 transmission lines for an estimated total of 46 miles.</p> <p>This includes new submarine cables to Vieques and Culebra islands.</p>	2029	\$101.00	Section III E

Substations – Long-Term (2028-2030+)

Table 4.24 – Long-Term Substations Projects

Substation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Grid Concern Substations	To improve the SAIFI and SAIDI metrics PREPA will need to modernize and hardened the equipment at multiple distribution and transmission substations throughout the island. In addition, the Integrated Resource Plan and Grid Constraint studies identified the need to build multiple new transmission lines to improve grid resiliency. The addition of these new transmission lines will require substation expansions to accommodate the required equipment for the line terminals. The objective of this project is to plan the modernization and hardening of these substations to bring to industry standards.	2028	\$97.74	Section III C



Substation Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Modernization & Hardening Substations	To improve the SAIFI and SAIDI metrics PREPA will need to modernize and hardened the equipment at multiple distribution and transmission substations throughout the island. In addition, the Integrated Resource Plan and Grid Constraint studies identified the need to build multiple new transmission lines to improve grid resiliency. The addition of these new transmission lines will require substation expansions to accommodate the required equipment for the line terminals. The objective of this project is to plan the modernization and hardening of these substations to bring to industry standards.	2028	\$52.13	Section III C
Gen. & Switchyard Modernization Substations	To improve the SAIFI and SAIDI metrics PREPA will need to modernize and hardened the equipment at multiple distribution and transmission substations throughout the island. In addition, the Integrated Resource Plan and Grid Constraint studies identified the need to build multiple new transmission lines to improve grid resiliency. The addition of these new transmission lines will require substation expansions to accommodate the required equipment for the line terminals. The objective of this project is to plan the modernization and hardening of these substations to bring to industry standards.	2028	\$6.02	Section III C

Buildings – Long-Term (2028-2030+)

Table 4.25 – Long-Term Buildings Projects

Buildings Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Toa Alta Improvement and Construction	In response to damage caused by high winds, heavy wind-driven rain, wind-blown debris, and run-off during Hurricane María, the objective of this project is to repair and/or replace the damaged site amenities, roofs, equipment, and finishes to bring the Toa Alta Improvement and Construction complex into proper working order to provide adequate and reliable service in the region.	2030 +	\$2.40	Section III C
San Juan-Santurce	In response to damage caused by high winds, heavy wind-driven rain, wind-blown debris, and run-off during Hurricane María, the objective of this project is to repair	2030 +	\$2.40	Section III C

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Buildings Project Name	Brief Description	Est. COR3 /FEMA Submission	Est. Cost (M USD)	IRP Reference
Building Complex	and/or replace the damaged site amenities, roofs, equipment, and finishes to bring the San Juan Santurce Building complex into proper working order to provide adequate and reliable service in the region.			
Santa Isabel ESC & Commercial Office	In response to damage caused by high winds, heavy wind-driven rain, wind-blown debris, and run-off during Hurricane María, the objective of this project is to repair and/or replace the damaged site amenities, roofs, equipment, and finishes to bring the Santa Isabel Electric Service Center and Commercial Office into proper working order to provide adequate and reliable service in the region. This includes the site and seven buildings associated with the Santa Isabel Electric Service Center and Commercial Office.	2028	\$0.31	Section III C



VI. PROJECT MILESTONE TIMING

G. Timing Assumptions

As is the case regarding the identification and prioritization of projects, the estimation of project milestone timing is based on the best information available to PREPA at the time of plan development.

Recognizing that PREPA does not yet have all necessary detail to develop detailed plans for its infrastructure projects and have clarity on milestone timing, COR3 and FEMA have identified this plan as a “living document,” one that requires update and resubmission every 90 days after initial submittal.

The estimated timing of projects in PREPA’s 10-Year Infrastructure Plan will be impacted by many different factors including, but not limited to, regulatory requirements and stakeholder input, improved clarity on project requirements and approach, project review and permitting processes, the availability of both labor and material resources to execute on project design and construction tasks, and potential future disaster events impacting the island. It is expected that PREPA’s 10-Year Infrastructure Plan, including estimated project milestone timing, will require revision as part of these regular plan updates.

Regulatory requirements include future updates to the IRP or rulings from PREB that impact infrastructure investment projects or priorities. Stakeholder inputs include feedback on the initial plan and subsequent updates from COR3, FEMA, FOMB, LUMA, and others that may impact the timing of projects in the plan.

It is expected that increased clarity on project requirements and approach provided from current and future engineering studies as well as the completion of 30% A/E design work will result in updates to project approach and milestone timing estimates. Design work will be impacted by the development of PREPA-specific design standards, which are expected to be completed in early 2021. In addition, design work and project approach will be impacted by the collection of as-built/record drawings, the development of transmission line PLS-CADD (Power Line Systems – Computer Aided Design and Draft) models, the selection of distribution design software, asset management planning, and document control requirements for the work. Lastly, as many projects in the infrastructure portfolio are impacted by, or impact other projects, changes to the approach or timing of a single project may impact multiple other projects.

Another set of milestone timing assumptions and potential driver of milestone timing changes are around approval and permitting processes. These include uncertainty about the amount of time required from project submission to completion of review and receipt of approval from COR3 and FEMA. Specifically, the timing for environmental and remediation permits for each project will depend upon the type of project, its location, and



potential impacts on environmental/social receptors including air, water, wetlands, natural resources, and cultural and historical resources.

Lastly, milestone timing estimates assume the required labor and materials required to support the infrastructure plan will be available; however, shortages of either, even if temporary, may cause delays and necessitate adjustments to project milestone timing estimates.

H. Estimated Project Milestones

Each project has four standardized major milestones:

- Begin 30% Architecture and Engineering Design
- Submit Project to COR3 and FEMA for Review
- Begin Construction/Implementation
- Begin COR3 and FEMA Project Closeout

The tables below show, year by year, the workplan for major milestone initiation for the near-term projects in this plan; mid and long-term project milestones are noted in the appendix of this document.

Within each time period, projects are grouped first by milestone and then by asset category. Within each asset category projects are sequenced from largest to smallest investment amount.

Milestone initiation has been estimated at a quarterly level for years 2021-2023, to aid in work planning.

1. 2021 by Quarter

2021 Q1

Table 5.1 – 2021 Q1 Milestones

#	Project Name	Asset Category
2021 Q1 – Milestone: Begin 30% Architecture and Engineering Design		
1	2 New Black Start Units at Aguirre	Generation
2	2 New Black Start Units at Costa Sur	
3	Renewable Generation Projects	
4	Battery energy storage	

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#	Project Name	Asset Category
5	Power Plants Units-related Works and Repairs Projects	
6	Power Plants Other Repairs/Replacement Projects	
7	Power Plants Storage Tanks/Fuel Systems Projects	
8	Aguirre Unit 1 Major Overhaul	
9	Power Plants Electrical/Controls Projects	
10	Power Plants Water Systems Projects	
11	Power Plants Fire Systems Projects	
12	New Thermal Generation Feasibility Study	
13	Icacos Dam	Dams and Hydro
14	Existing 230 kV - Line 50100 Cambalache to Manati	
15	Existing 230 kV - Line 51300 Ponce to Costa Sur	
16	Existing 115 kV - Line 36100 Dos Bocas to Monacillos	
17	Existing 115 kV - Line 36400 Dos Bocas to Ponce	
18	Existing 115 kV - Line 37100 Costa Sur to Acacias	
19	Existing 115 kV - Line 36200 Monacillos to Juncos	
20	Existing 115 kV - Line 40200 Aguirre to Jobos	
21	Existing 115 kV - Line 40100 Aguirre to Jobos	
22	Existing 115 kV - Line 37800 Caguas to Buen Pastor	
23	Existing 115 kV - Line 37800 Buen Pastor to Monacillos	
24	Existing 115 kV - Line 37800 Jobos to Cayey	
25	Existing 115 kV - Line 37800 Cayey to Caguas	
26	Existing 38 kV - Line 100 Ponce TC to Jobos TC	
27	Existing 38 kV - Line 200 Ponce TC to Jobos TC	
28	Existing 38 kV - Line 1100 Garzas 1 HP to Garzas 2 HP	
29	Existing 38 kV - Line 1200 Mayaguez GP to Yauco 2 HP	
30	Existing 38 kV - Line 2200 Dos Bocas HP to Dorado TC	



#	Project Name	Asset Category
31	Existing 38 kV - Line 3100 Monacillos TC to Daguao TC	
32	Existing 38 kV - Line 4100 Guaragao TC to Comerio TC	
33	Existing 38 kV - Line 5400 Rio Blanco HP to Daguao TC	
34	Existing 38 kV - Line 7200 Baldrich Sect to Escuela Industrial TO	
35	Existing 38 kV - Line 7300 Baldrich Sect to San Jose TO	
36	Existing 38 kV - Line 8900 Monacillos TC to Adm. Tribunal Apelaciones	
37	Existing 38 kV - Line 8200 San Juan SP to Catano Sect	
38	Existing 38 kV - Line 9500 Palo Seco SP to Catano Sect	
39	San Juan 115-kV Underground Transmission Loop	
40	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Distribution
41	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamon Region	
42	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	
43	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	
44	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	
45	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	
46	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - San Juan Region	
47	Distribution Automation – All Regions	
48	Catano Modernization and Hardening Project	Substations
49	Flooded Substations	
50	Caparra 1911 & 1924	
51	Tallaboa 5402	
52	Victoria TC 7008	
53	Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI)	IT/Telecom
54	Cybersecurity Program Implementation	
55	FAN	
56	MPLS Network Deployment	



#	Project Name	Asset Category
57	Physical Security Assessment for Facilities	
58	Monacillo Control Center	
59	Ponce Control Center	
60	Energy Management System (EMS) (OT/Backoffice)	
61	Advanced Distribution Monitoring System (ADMS) (OT/Backoffice)	
62	LMR Two-way radio P-25	
63	Infrastructure	
64	SCADA RTU Replacement	
65	Microwave PTP	
66	GIS System	
67	IT Corporate Network	
68	Meter & Automation Lab	
69	Arecibo ESC	Buildings
70	Aguadilla ESC	
71	Bayamón Region Miscellaneous Repairs	
72	Mayagüez Region Miscellaneous Repairs	
73	Arecibo Region Miscellaneous Repairs	
74	Caguas Region Miscellaneous Repairs	
75	Ponce Region Miscellaneous Repairs	
76	Carolina Region Miscellaneous Repairs	
77	Transmission Line 51000 Access Road FFF, R, U, PPP, K, II, LL, MM, GGG, JJJ, OOO	Environmental
78	Transmission Line 37400 Segments A, D, H & Transmission Line 37400 Dorado-Vega Baja Segments C, D	
79	Transmission Line 36100, 37500 Segment A, B	
80	Transmission Line 36200 Segment CC and Transmission Line 36200 El Yunque Segments NN, Q, R, Y. Staging Area 11-Naguabo	
81	Transmission Line 36300 Segments HH, D, AAA, A, F, H	



#	Project Name	Asset Category
82	Transmission Line 40300 Segment C	
83	Transmission Line 50700 Access Roads E, Z, B	
84	Transmission Line 38900 Martín Peña-Berwind Access Road	
85	Transmission Line 37800 Cobra Tracks Access Road Segments N, A	
86	Whitefish Staging Area Aguirre Power Plant	
2021 Q1 – Milestone: Submit Project to COR3 and FEMA for Review		
1	2 New Black Start Units at Aguirre	Generation
2	2 New Black Start Units at Costa Sur	
3	Cambalache Dike	
4	Bartolo TRF 7902	Substations
5	Ceiba Baja TRF 7012	
6	Isla Grande 1101	
7	Isla Grande GIS	
8	Jayuya Minor Rprs - 8301	
9	Las Lomas TRF 1525	
10	Sabana Grande Minor Rprs - 6501	
11	Sabanera TRF 3603	
12	Salinas Urbano Minor Rprs - 4501	
13	Catano Modernization and Hardening Project	
14	Arecibo ESC	Buildings
15	Bayamón Region Miscellaneous Repairs	
16	Mayagüez Region Miscellaneous Repairs	
18	Arecibo Region Miscellaneous Repairs	
19	Caguas Region Miscellaneous Repairs	
20	Ponce Region Miscellaneous Repairs	
21	Carolina Region Miscellaneous Repairs	



#	Project Name	Asset Category
22	Transmission Line 51000 Access Road FFF, R, U, PPP, K, II, LL, MM, GGG, JJJ, OOO	Environmental
23	Transmission Line 37400 Segments A, D, H & Transmission Line 37400 Dorado-Vega Baja Segments C, D	
24	Transmission Line 36100, 37500 Segment A, B	
25	Transmission Line 36200 Segment CC and Transmission Line 36200 El Yunque Segments NN, Q, R, Y. Staging Area 11-Naguabo	
26	Transmission Line 36300 Segments HH, D, AAA, A, F, H	
27	Transmission Line 40300 Segment C	
28	Transmission Line 50700 Access Roads E, Z, B	
29	Transmission Line 38900 Martín Peña-Berwind Access Road	
30	Transmission Line 37800 Cobra Tracks Access Road Segments N, A	
31	Whitefish Staging Area Aguirre Power Plant	
2021 Q1 – Milestone: Begin Construction/Implementation		
1	Power Plants Units-related Works and Repairs Projects	Generation
2	Power Plants Other Repairs/Replacement Projects	
3	Power Plants Storage Tanks/Fuel Systems Projects	
4	Power Plants Electrical/Controls Projects	
5	Power Plants Water Systems Projects	
6	Power Plants Fire Systems Projects	
2021 Q1 – Milestone: Begin COR3 and FEMA Project Closeout		
	None	

2021 Q2

Table 5.2 – 2021 Q2 Milestones

#	Project Name	Asset Category
2021 Q2 – Milestone: Begin 30% Architecture and Engineering Design		
1	Cambalache Dike	Generation

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FEMA

#	Project Name	Asset Category
2	Mayaguez Gas Plant Repairs	
3	San Juan Steam Plant Repairs	
4	Daguao Gas Plant Repairs	
5	Jobos Gas Plant Repairs	
6	Palo Seco Steam Plant Repairs	
7	Cambalache Power Plant Repairs	
8	Vega Baja Gas Plant Repairs	
9	Yabucoa Gas Plant Repairs	
10	Aguirre Steam Plant Repairs	
11	New Mobile Emergency Generation Units	
12	Guajataca Dam - Study/Assessment - Detailed Design - Procurement	Dams and Hydro
13	Garzas Dam	
14	Aguirre BKRS 230kV	Substations
15	Baldrich - MC - 1422	
16	Bartolo TRF 7902	
17	Bayamon TC - MC - 1711	
18	Bayamon TC BKRS 230kV	
19	Berwind TC- MC - 1336	
20	Cachete - MC - 1526	
21	Caridad - MC - 1714	
22	Ceiba Baja TRF 7012	
23	Condado - MC - 1133	
24	Crematorio - MC - 1512	
25	Culebra SUB 3801	
26	Egozcue - MC - 1109	
27	Esc. Industrial M. Such - MC - 1423	
28	Isla Grande 1101	

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FEMA

#	Project Name	Asset Category
29	Isla Grande GIS	
30	Jayuya Minor Rprs - 8301	
31	Las Lomas TRF 1525	
32	Llorens Torres - MC - 1106	
33	Parques y Recreos - MC - 1002	
34	Puerto Nuevo - MC - 1520	
35	Rio Grande Estates - CH - 2306	
36	Sabana Grande Minor Rprs - 6501	
37	Sabanera TRF 3603	
38	Salinas Urbano Minor Rprs - 4501	
39	Taft - MC - 1105	
40	Viaducto TC - MC - 1100	
41	Vieques SUB 2501	
42	Arecibo Regional Building	Buildings
43	San Germán ESC	
2021 Q2 – Milestone: Submit Project to COR3 and FEMA for Review		
1	Mayaguez Gas Plant Repairs	Generation
2	San Juan Steam Plant Repairs	
3	Daguao Gas Plant Repairs	
4	Jobos Gas Plant Repairs	
5	Palo Seco Steam Plant Repairs	
6	Cambalache Power Plant Repairs	
7	Vega Baja Gas Plant Repairs	
8	Yabucoa Gas Plant Repairs	
9	Aguirre Steam Plant Repairs	
10	Aguirre BKRS 230kV	Substations
11	Baldrich - MC - 1422	

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FEMA

#	Project Name	Asset Category
12	Bayamon TC - MC - 1711	
13	Bayamon TC BKRS 230kV	
14	Berwind TC- MC - 1336	
15	Cachete - MC - 1526	
16	Caridad - MC - 1714	
17	Condado - MC - 1133	
18	Crematorio - MC - 1512	
19	Culebra SUB 3801	
20	Egozcue - MC - 1109	
21	Esc. Industrial M. Such - MC - 1423	
22	Llorens Torres - MC - 1106	
23	Minor Repairs Projects (Group A)	
24	Parques y Recreos - MC - 1002	
25	Puerto Nuevo - MC - 1520	
26	Rio Grande Estates - CH - 2306	
27	Taft - MC - 1105	
28	Viaducto TC - MC - 1100	
29	Vieques SUB 2501	
30	Caparra 1911 & 1924	
31	Tallaboa 5402	
32	Victoria TC 7008	
33	GIS System	
34	Aguadilla ESC	Buildings
35	Arecibo Regional Building	
36	San Germán ESC	
2021 Q2 – Milestone: Begin Construction/Implementation		
1	Bayamón Region Miscellaneous Repairs	Buildings



#	Project Name	Asset Category
2	Mayagüez Region Miscellaneous Repairs	
3	Arecibo Region Miscellaneous Repairs	
4	Caguas Region Miscellaneous Repairs	
5	Ponce Region Miscellaneous Repairs	
6	Carolina Region Miscellaneous Repairs	
2021 Q2 – Milestone: Begin COR3 and FEMA Project Closeout		
	None	

2021 Q3

Table 5.3 – 2021 Q3 Milestones

#	Project Name	Asset Category
2021 Q3 – Milestone: Begin 30% Architecture and Engineering Design		
1	Demolition of Generating Units (Aguirre U1-U2, Palo Seco U1-U4, San Juan U7-U10, Aguirre CC 1-2, Costa Sur U1-U4)	Generation
2	Diversion Canal and Forebay	Hydro and Dams
3	Río Blanco Penstock	
4	Río Blanco Hydroelectric System Connection	
5	Toro Negro Hydroelectric System Connection between Splitter box and Aceitunas Forebay	
6	Toro Negro 2 Penstock	
7	Toro Negro Hydroelectric System Connection (4)	
8	Guineo Dam	
9	Caguas TC BKRS 115kV	Substations
10	Costa Sur BKRS 115kV	
11	Costa Sur BKRS 230kV	
12	Fonalledas GIS Rebuilt 1401 1421	
13	Manati TC BKR 230kV	
14	Minor Repairs Projects (Group A)	



#	Project Name	Asset Category
2021 Q3 – Milestone: Submit Project to COR3 and FEMA for Review		
1	Mobile Emergency Generation	
2	Icacos Dam	Hydro and Dams
3	Caguas TC BKRS 115kV	Substations
4	Costa Sur BKRS 115kV	
5	Costa Sur BKRS 230kV	
6	Fonalledas GIS Rebuilt 1401 1421	
7	Manati TC BKR 230kV	
2021 Q3 – Milestone: Begin Construction/Implementation		
1	2 New Black Start Units at Aguirre	Generation
2	2 New Black Start Units at Costa Sur	
3	Renewable Generation Projects	
4	Battery energy storage	
5	Jayuya Minor Rprs - 8301	Substations
6	Sabana Grande Minor Rprs - 6501	
7	Salinas Urbano Minor Rprs - 4501	
8	GIS System	IT/Telecom
2021 Q3 – Milestone: Begin COR3 and FEMA Project Closeout		
	None	

2021 Q4

Table 5.4 – 2021 Q4 Milestones

#	Project Name	Asset Category
2021 Q4 – Milestone: Begin 30% Architecture and Engineering Design		
1	Aguirre CC Main Power Transformer	Generation
2	Guajataca Reservoir	

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#	Project Name	Asset Category
3	Guerrero Reservoir	Dams and Hydro
4	Canas TC BKRS 115kV	Substations
5	Guaynabo Pueblo Substation	
6	Ponce Warehouse at Ponce ESC	Buildings
7	Ponce Calle Villa	
8	Palo Seco North & South	
9	Toa Baja Technical Services	
2021 Q4 – Milestone: Submit Project to COR3 and FEMA for Review		
1	Guineo Dam	Hydro and Dams
2	Existing 230 kV - Line 50100 Cambalache to Manati	Transmission
3	Existing 230 kV - Line 51300 Ponce to Costa Sur	
4	Existing 115 kV - Line 36100 Dos Bocas to Monacillos	
5	Existing 115 kV - Line 36400 Dos Bocas to Ponce	
6	Existing 115 kV - Line 37100 Costa Sur to Acacias	
7	Existing 115 kV - Line 36200 Monacillos to Juncos	
8	Existing 115 kV - Line 40200 Aguirre to Jobos	
9	Existing 115 kV - Line 40100 Aguirre to Jobos	
10	Existing 115 kV - Line 37800 Caguas to Buen Pastor	
11	Existing 115 kV - Line 37800 Buen Pastor to Monacillos	
12	Existing 115 kV - Line 37800 Jobos to Cayey	
13	Existing 115 kV - Line 37800 Cayey to Caguas	
14	Existing 38 kV - Line 100 Ponce TC to Jobos TC	
15	Existing 38 kV - Line 200 Ponce TC to Jobos TC	
16	Existing 38 kV - Line 1100 Garzas 1 HP to Garzas 2 HP	
17	Existing 38 kV - Line 1200 Mayaguez GP to Yauco 2 HP	
18	Existing 38 kV - Line 2200 Dos Bocas HP to Dorado TC	

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#	Project Name	Asset Category
19	Existing 38 kV - Line 3100 Monacillos TC to Daguao TC	
20	Existing 38 kV - Line 4100 Guaraguao TC to Comerio TC	
21	Existing 38 kV - Line 5400 Rio Blanco HP to Daguao TC	
22	Existing 38 kV - Line 7200 Baldrich Sect to Escuela Industrial TO	
23	Existing 38 kV - Line 7300 Baldrich Sect to San Jose TO	
24	Existing 38 kV - Line 8900 Monacillos TC to Adm. Tribunal Apelaciones	
25	Existing 38 kV - Line 8200 San Juan SP to Catano Sect	
26	Existing 38 kV - Line 9500 Palo Seco SP to Catano Sect	
27	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Distribution
28	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamón Region	
29	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	
30	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	
31	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - San Juan Region	
32	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	
33	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayagüez Region	
34	Distribution Automation – All Regions	
35	Canas TC BKRS 115kV	Substations
36	Coamo PDS Minor Rprs - 4603	
37	Covadonga GIS Minor Rprs - 1011	
38	Guaynabo Pueblo Substation	
39	Flooded Substations	
40	Ponce Warehouse at Ponce ESC	Buildings
41	Ponce Calle Villa	
42	Palo Seco North & South	
43	Toa Baja Technical Services	
2021 Q4 – Milestone: Begin Construction/Implementation		
1	Cambalache Dike	Generation

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FEMA

#	Project Name	Asset Category
2	Mayaguez Gas Plant Repairs	
3	San Juan Steam Plant Repairs	
4	Daguao Gas Plant Repairs	
5	Jobos Gas Plant Repairs	
6	Palo Seco Steam Plant Repairs	
7	Cambalache Power Plant Repairs	
8	Vega Baja Gas Plant Repairs	
9	Yabucoa Gas Plant Repairs	
10	Demolition of Generating Units (Aguirre U1-U2, Palo Seco U1-U4, San Juan U7-U10, Aguirre CC 1-2, Costa Sur U1-U4)	
11	Aguirre Steam Plant Repairs	
12	Icacos Dam	Hydro and Dams
13	Isla Grande 1101	Substations
14	Minor Repairs Projects (Group A)	
15	Isla Grande GIS	
16	Aguadilla ESC	Buildings
17	Arecibo Regional Building	
18	San Germán ESC	
19	Transmission Line 51000 Access Road FFF, R, U, PPP, K, II, LL, MM, GGG, JJJ, OOO	Environmental
20	Transmission Line 37400 Segments A, D, H & Transmission Line 37400 Dorado-Vega Baja Segments C, D	
21	Transmission Line 36100, 37500 Segment A, B	
22	Transmission Line 36200 Segment CC and Transmission Line 36200 El Yunque Segments NN, Q, R, Y. Staging Area 11-Naguabo	
23	Transmission Line 36300 Segments HH, D, AAA, A, F, H	
24	Transmission Line 40300 Segment C	
25	Transmission Line 50700 Access Roads E, Z, B	



#	Project Name	Asset Category
26	Transmission Line 38900 Martín Peña-Berwind Access Road	
27	Transmission Line 37800 Cobra Tracks Access Road Segments N, A	
28	Whitefish Staging Area Aguirre Power Plant	
2021 Q4 – Milestone: Begin COR3 and FEMA Project Closeout		
1	Salinas Urbano Minor Rprs - 4501	Substations
2	Jayuya Minor Rprs - 8301	
3	Sabana Grande Minor Rprs - 6501	
4	Arecibo Regional Building	Buildings

1. 2022 by Quarter

2022 Q1

Table 5.5 – 2022 Q1 Milestones

#	Project Name	Asset Category
2022 Q1 – Milestone: Begin 30% Architecture and Engineering Design		
1	Centro Medico 1 & 2 1327 & 1359	Substations
2	Coamo PDS Minor Rprs - 4603	
3	Covadonga GIS Minor Rprs - 1011	
4	Santurce Planta (Sect) 1116	
2022 Q1 – Milestone: Submit Project to COR3 and FEMA for Review		
1	Garzas Dam	Dams and Hydro
2	Centro Médico 1 & 2 1327 & 1359	Substations
3	Santurce Planta (Sect) 1116	
4	Infrastructure	IT/Telecom
2022 Q1 – Milestone: Begin Construction/Implementation		
1	Aguirre Unit 1 Major Overhaul	Generation
2	Baldrich - MC - 1422	Substations

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#	Project Name	Asset Category
3	Bayamon TC - MC - 1711	
4	Berwind TC- MC - 1336	
5	Cachete - MC - 1526	
6	Caridad - MC - 1714	
7	Condado - MC - 1133	
8	Crematorio - MC - 1512	
9	Egozcue - MC - 1109	
10	Esc. Industrial M. Such - MC - 1423	
11	Llorens Torres - MC - 1106	
12	Parques y Recreos - MC - 1002	
13	Puerto Nuevo - MC - 1520	
14	Rio Grande Estates - CH - 2306	
15	Taft - MC - 1105	
16	Viaducto TC - MC - 1100	
17	Vieques SUB 2501	
18	Catano Modernization and Hardening Project	
19	Caparra 1911 & 1924	
20	Tallaboa 5402	
21	Victoria TC 7008	
22	Arecibo ESC	Buildings
2022 Q1 – Milestone: Begin COR3 and FEMA Project Closeout		
1	Arecibo Region Miscellaneous Repairs	Buildings
2	Bayamon Region Miscellaneous Repairs	
3	Caguas Region Miscellaneous Repairs	
4	Carolina Region Miscellaneous Repairs	
5	Mayaguez Region Miscellaneous Repairs	
6	Ponce Region Miscellaneous Repairs	



#	Project Name	Asset Category
7	Minor Repairs Projects (Group A)	Substations
8	Transmission Line 36300 Segments HH, D, AAA, A, F, H	Environmental
9	Transmission Line 51000 Access Road FFF, R, U, PPP, K, II, LL, MM, GGG, JJJ, OOO	
10	Transmission Line 36100, 37500 Segment A,B	
11	Transmission Line 36200 Segment CC and Transmission Line 36200 El Yunque Segments NN, Q, R, Y. Staging Area 11-Naguabo	
12	Transmission Line 37400 Segments A, D, H & Transmission Line 37400 Dorado-Vega Baja Segments C, D	
13	Transmission Line 37800 Cobra Tracks Access Road Segments N, A	
14	Transmission Line 38900 Martin Pena-Berwind Access Road	
15	Whitefish Staging Area Aguirre Power Plant	
16	Transmission Line 40300 Segment C	
17	Transmission Line 50700 Access Roads E, Z, B	
18	Power Plants Fire Systems Projects	Generation
19	Power Plants Water Systems Projects	

2022 Q2

Table 5.6 – 2022 Q2 Milestones

#	Project Name	Asset Category
2022 Q2 – Milestone: Begin 30% Architecture and Engineering Design		
1	Synchronous Condensers	Generation
2	Juana Díaz Canal	Hydro and Dams
3	Tapia GIS Rebuilt	Substations
2022 Q2 – Milestone: Submit Project to COR3 and FEMA for Review		
1	San Juan 115-kV Underground Transmission Loop	Transmission
2	Tapia GIS Rebuilt	Substations
3	Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI)	IT/Telecom



#	Project Name	Asset Category
4	Cybersecurity Program Implementation	
5	Energy Management System (EMS) (OT/Backoffice)	
6	FAN	
7	LMR Two-way radio P-25	
8	Microwave PTP	
9	Physical Security Assessment for Facilities	
10	SCADA RTU Replacement	
11	MPLS Network Deployment	
12	IT Corporate Network	
13	Monacillo Control Center	
14	Ponce Control Center	
15	Meter Automation	
2022 Q2 – Milestone: Begin Construction/Implementation		
1	Existing 230 kV - Line 50100 Cambalache to Manati	Transmission
2	Existing 230 kV - Line 51300 Ponce to Costa Sur	
3	Existing 115 kV - Line 36100 Dos Bocas to Monacillos	
4	Existing 115 kV - Line 36400 Dos Bocas to Ponce	
5	Existing 115 kV - Line 37100 Costa Sur to Acacias	
6	Existing 115 kV - Line 36200 Monacillos to Juncos	
7	Existing 115 kV - Line 40200 Aguirre to Jobos	
8	Existing 115 kV - Line 40100 Aguirre to Jobos	
9	Existing 115 kV - Line 37800 Caguas to Buen Pastor	
10	Existing 115 kV - Line 37800 Buen Pastor to Monacillos	
11	Existing 115 kV - Line 37800 Jobos to Cayey	
12	Existing 115 kV - Line 37800 Cayey to Caguas	
13	Existing 38 kV - Line 100 Ponce TC to Jobos TC	
14	Existing 38 kV - Line 200 Ponce TC to Jobos TC	

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#	Project Name	Asset Category
15	Existing 38 kV - Line 1100 Garzas 1 HP to Garzas 2 HP	
16	Existing 38 kV - Line 1200 Mayaguez GP to Yauco 2 HP	
17	Existing 38 kV - Line 2200 Dos Bocas HP to Dorado TC	
18	Existing 38 kV - Line 3100 Monacillos TC to Daguao TC	
19	Existing 38 kV - Line 4100 Guaraguao TC to Comerio TC	
20	Existing 38 kV - Line 5400 Rio Blanco HP to Daguao TC	
21	Existing 38 kV - Line 7200 Baldrich Sect to Escuela Industrial TO	
22	Existing 38 kV - Line 7300 Baldrich Sect to San Jose TO	
23	Existing 38 kV - Line 8900 Monacillos TC to Adm. Tribunal Apelaciones	
24	Existing 38 kV - Line 8200 San Juan SP to Catano Sect	
25	Existing 38 kV - Line 9500 Palo Seco SP to Catano Sect	
26	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Distribution
27	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamon Region	
28	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	
29	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	
30	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	
31	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	
32	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - San Juan Region	
33	Distribution Automation – All Regions	
34	Aguirre BKRS 230kV	Substations
35	Bayamon TC BKRS 230kV	
36	Culebra SUB 3801	
37	Ponce Warehouse at Ponce ESC	Buildings
38	Ponce Calle Villa	
39	Palo Seco North & South	
40	Toa Baja Technical Services	
2022 Q2 – Milestone: Begin COR3 and FEMA Project Closeout		



#	Project Name	Asset Category
1	Rio Grande Estates - CH - 2306	Substations
2	Vieques SUB 2501	
3	Caparra 1911 & 1924	
4	Tallaboa 5402	
5	Victoria TC 7008	
6	Icacos Dam	Hydro and Dams
7	Existing 38 kV - Line 1100 Garzas 1 HP to Garzas 2 HP	Transmission
8	Existing 38 kV - Line 7200 Baldrich Sect to Escuela Industrial TO	
9	Existing 38 kV - Line 7300 Baldrich Sect to San Jose TO	

2022 Q3

Table 5.7 – 2022 Q3 Milestones

#	Project Name	Asset Category
2022 Q3 – Milestone: Begin 30% Architecture and Engineering Design		
1	Early Warning System (Dams) Project	Dams and Hydro
2	Caonillas 1	
3	Yauco 1	
4	Dos Bocas	
5	Dos Bocas Dam	
6	Patillas Dam	
7	Matrullas Building	
8	Matrullas Dam	
2022 Q3 – Milestone: Submit Project to COR3 and FEMA for Review		
1	Early Warning System (Dams) Project	Dams and Hydro
2	Diversion Canal and Forebay	
3	Caonillas 1	

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FEMA

#	Project Name	Asset Category
4	Guerrero Reservoir	
5	Yauco 1	
6	Dos Bocas	
7	Toro Negro Hydroelectric System Connection (4)	
8	Advanced Distribution Monitoring System (ADMS) (OT/Backoffice)	IT/Telecom
2022 Q3 – Milestone: Begin Construction/Implementation		
1	Mobile Emergency Generation	Generation
2	Fonalledas GIS Rebuilt 1401 1421	Substations
3	Guaynabo Pueblo Substation	
4	Sabanera TRF 3603	
5	Bartolo TRF 7902	
6	Ceiba Baja TRF 7012	
7	Las Lomas TRF 1525	
8	Covadonga GIS Minor Rprs - 1011	
9	Coamo PDS Minor Rprs - 4603	
10	Infrastructure	IT/Telecom
2022 Q3 – Milestone: Begin COR3 and FEMA Project Closeout		
1	Aguirre Unit 1 Major Overhaul	Generation
2	Power Plants Electrical/Controls Projects	
3	Cambalache Dike	
4	Culebra SUB 3801	Substations
5	Existing 115 kV - Line 40200 Aguirre to Jobos	Transmission
6	Existing 115 kV - Line 40100 Aguirre to Jobos	
7	Existing 115 kV - Line 37800 Caguas to Buen Pastor	
8	Existing 115 kV - Line 37800 Buen Pastor to Monacillos	
9	Existing 38 kV - Line 8900 Monacillos TC to Adm. Tribunal Apelaciones	
10	Existing 38 kV - Line 8200 San Juan SP to Catano Sect	



#	Project Name	Asset Category
11	Existing 38 kV - Line 9500 Palo Seco SP to Catano Sect	

2022 Q4

Table 5.8 – 2022 Q4 Milestones

#	Project Name	Asset Category
2022 Q4 – Milestone: Begin 30% Architecture and Engineering Design		
1	Toro Negro 1	Hydro and Dams
2	Río Blanco	
2022 Q4 – Milestone: Submit Project to COR3 and FEMA for Review		
1	Guajataca Reservoir	Hydro and Dams
2	Juana Díaz Canal	
3	Dos Bocas Dam	
4	Patillas Dam	
5	Matrullas Dam	
2022 Q4 – Milestone: Begin Construction/Implementation		
1	Aguirre CC Main Power Transformer	Generation
2	Manatí TC BKRS 230kV	Substations
3	Flooded Substations	
2022 Q4 – Milestone: Begin COR3 and FEMA Project Closeout		
1	2 New Black Start Units at Aguirre	Generation
2	2 New Black Start Units at Costa Sur	
3	Mayaguez Gas Plant Repairs	
4	San Juan Steam Plant Repairs	
5	Daguao Gas Plant Repairs	
6	Jobos Gas Plant Repairs	
7	Palo Seco Steam Plant Repairs	



#	Project Name	Asset Category
8	Cambalache Power Plant Repairs	
9	Vega Baja Gas Plant Repairs	
10	Yabucoa Gas Plant Repairs	
11	Aguirre Steam Plant Repairs	
12	Aguirre BKRS 230kV	Substations
13	Bayamon TC BKRS 230kV	
14	Coamo PDS Minor Rprs - 4603	
15	Covadonga GIS Minor Rprs - 1011	
16	Aguadilla ESC	Buildings
17	Existing 230 kV - Line 51300 Ponce to Costa Sur	Transmission

2. 2023 by Quarter

2023 Q1

Table 5.9 – 2023 Q1 Milestones

#	Project Name	Asset Category
2023 Q1 – Milestone: Begin 30% Architecture and Engineering Design		
1	Garzas 2	Hydro and Dams
2023 Q1 – Milestone: Submit Project to COR3 and FEMA for Review		
1	Synchronous Condensers	Generation
2	Toro Negro 1	Hydro and Dams
3	Toro Negro Hydroelectric System Connection between Splitter box and Aceitunas Forebay	
4	Toro Negro 2 Penstock	
5	Río Blanco	
2023 Q1 – Milestone: Begin Construction/Implementation		
1	Guineo Dam	Hydro and Dams



#	Project Name	Asset Category
2	San Juan 115-kV Underground Transmission Loop	Transmission
3	Caguas TC BKRS 115kV	Substations
4	Canas TC BKRS 115kV	
5	Costa Sur BKRS 115kV	
6	Costa Sur BKRS 230kV	
7	Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI)	IT/Telecom
2023 Q1 – Milestone: Begin COR3 and FEMA Project Closeout		
1	Power Plants Units-related Works and Repairs Projects	Generation
2	Power Plants Other Repairs/Replacement Projects	
3	Power Plants Storage Tanks/Fuel Systems Projects	
4	Bartolo TRF 7902	Substations
5	Fonalledas GIS Rebuilt 1401 1421	
6	Guaynabo Pueblo Substation	
7	Isla Grande 1101	
8	Isla Grande GIS	
9	Manati TC BKR 230kV	Transmission
10	Existing 230 kV - Line 50100 Cambalache to Manati	
11	Existing 115 kV - Line 37800 Jobos to Cayey	
12	Existing 115 kV - Line 37800 Cayey to Caguas	
13	Existing 38 kV - Line 4100 Guaraguao TC to Comerio TC	

2023 Q2

Table 5.10 – 2023 Q2 Milestones

#	Project Name	Asset Category
2023 Q2 – Milestone: Begin 30% Architecture and Engineering Design		
1	Main and Aguadilla Canal	Hydro and Dams
2	Moca Canal	



#	Project Name	Asset Category
2023 Q2 – Milestone: Submit Project to COR3 and FEMA for Review		
1	Garzas 2	Hydro and Dams
2	Matrullas Building	
2023 Q2 – Milestone: Begin Construction/Implementation		
1	Centro Médico 1 & 2 1327 & 1359	Substations
2	Santurce Planta (Sect) 1116	
2023 Q2 – Milestone: Begin COR3 and FEMA Project Closeout		
1	Aguirre CC Main Power Transformer	Generation
2	Cataño Pilot Project	Substations
3	Sabanera TRF 3603	
4	Ceiba Baja TRF 7012	
5	Las Lomas TRF 1525	
6	Existing 115 kV - Line 37100 Costa Sur to Acacias	Transmission
7	Existing 115 kV - Line 36200 Monacillos to Juncos	
8	Existing 38 kV - Line 200 Ponce TC to Jobos TC	
9	Existing 38 kV - Line 1200 Mayaguez GP to Yauco 2 HP	

2023 Q3

Table 5.11 – 2023 Q3 Milestones

#	Project Name	Asset Category
2023 Q3 – Milestone: Begin 30% Architecture and Engineering Design		
1	Guayabal Reservoir	Hydro and Dams
2	Guayabal Dam	
3	Matrullas Reservoir	
4	Garzas Reservoir	
5	Guineo Reservoir	



#	Project Name	Asset Category
6	Coamo Dam	
2023 Q3 – Milestone: Submit Project to COR3 and FEMA for Review		
1	Guajataca Dam - Study/Assessment - Detailed Design - Procurement	Hydro and Dams
2	Río Blanco Penstock	
3	Río Blanco Hydroelectric System Connection	
4	Moca Canal	
2023 Q3 – Milestone: Begin Construction/Implementation		
1	Tapia GIS Rebuilt	Substations
2	Cybersecurity Program Implementation	IT/Telecom
3	FAN	
4	MPLS Network Deployment	
5	Physical Security Assessment for Facilities	
6	Monacillo Control Center	
7	Ponce Control Center	
8	Energy Management System (EMS) (OT/Backoffice)	
9	Advanced Distribution Monitoring System (ADMS) (OT/Backoffice)	
10	LMR Two-way radio P-25	
11	SCADA RTU Replacement	
12	Microwave PTP	
13	IT Corporate Network	
14	Meter & Automation Lab	
2023 Q3 – Milestone: Begin COR3 and FEMA Project Closeout		
1	Caguas TC BKRS 115kV	Substations
2	Canas TC BKRS 115kV	
3	Costa Sur BKRS 115kV	
4	Costa Sur BKRS 230kV	
7	Arecibo ESC	Buildings



#	Project Name	Asset Category
8	San Germán ESC	
9	Existing 115 kV - Line 36400 Dos Bocas to Ponce	Transmission
10	Existing 38 kV - Line 100 Ponce TC to Jobos TC	
11	Existing 38 kV - Line 2200 Dos Bocas HP to Dorado TC	
12	Existing 38 kV - Line 3100 Monacillos TC to Dagua TC	

2023 Q4

Table 5.12 – 2023 Q4 Milestones

#	Project Name	Asset Category
2023 Q4 – Milestone: Begin 30% Architecture and Engineering Design		
1	Guamaní Canal	Hydro and Dams
2	Patillas Canal	
3	Carite Dam	
2023 Q4 – Milestone: Submit Project to COR3 and FEMA for Review		
1	Main and Aguadilla Canal	Hydro and Dams
2	Coamo Dam	
2023 Q4 – Milestone: Begin Construction/Implementation		
1	Synchronous Condensers	Generation
2	Garzas Dam	Hydro and Dams
2023 Q4 – Milestone: Begin COR3 and FEMA Project Closeout		
1	Baldrich - MC - 1422	Substations
2	Bayamon TC - MC - 1711	
3	Berwind TC- MC - 1336	
4	Cachete - MC - 1526	
5	Caridad - MC - 1714	
6	Centro Medico 1 & 2 1327 & 1359	

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FEMA

#	Project Name	Asset Category
7	Condado - MC - 1133	
8	Crematorio - MC - 1512	
9	Egozcue - MC - 1109	
10	Esc. Industrial M. Such - MC - 1423	
11	Llorens Torres - MC - 1106	
12	Parques y Recreos - MC - 1002	
13	Puerto Nuevo - MC - 1520	
14	Santurce Planta (Sect) 1116	
15	Taft - MC - 1105	
16	Viaducto TC - MC - 1100	
17	GIS System	IT/Telecom
18	Existing 115 kV - Line 36100 Dos Bocas to Monacillos	Transmission
19	Existing 38 kV - Line 5400 Rio Blanco HP to Dagua TC	



VII. PREPA's Project and Portfolio Management Approach

Leading practice, in the utility industry, and in industries in general is to govern and oversee projects across the entire enterprise as a portfolio of projects. To affect this, PREPA is implementing a comprehensive Enterprise Project Management (EPM) program. This program builds on work already in place at the Program Management Office (PMO) directorate, expands on it, and extends it across the entire enterprise.

EPM defines and standardizes the phases of the project, from initiation through close-out and spells out the requirements and accountabilities for project management, reporting and controls within each phase.

EPM also formalizes and standardizes enterprise governance and oversight over the portfolio of all PREPA projects, incorporating leading practices for portfolio management. This includes how projects are justified and authorized as well as ongoing, centralized transparency and oversight over project execution.

To enable this an information system which serves as a single source of the truth for project objectives, costs, benefits and performance is being implemented, also a leading practice.

EPM will strengthen PREPA's capability to properly manage FEMA funds and meet FEMA guidelines for effective project management controls and implementation procedures throughout the life of the project.

The EPM program is comprised of the following major elements: (A) Strong Governance, (B) Standardized Project Management Process, (C) Centralized Information System, and (D) Project Controls.

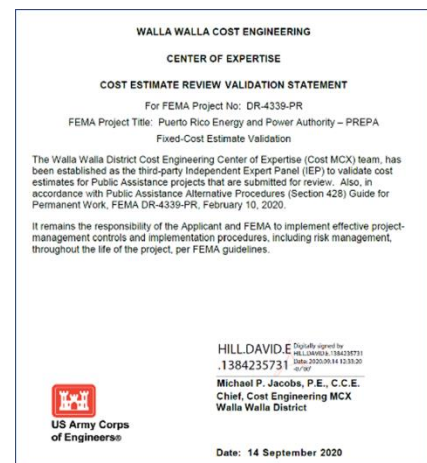
Taken together, these EPM program major elements support PREPA compliance with FEMA guidelines.

Strong Governance

PREPA's EPM program will manage the FEMA funded projects under a governance structure that includes:

- Strong governance and oversight, by senior executives, of all projects
- Project justification that is rigorous, documented, data-driven, standardized, and includes assessment of costs, benefits and alternative courses of action

Figure 6.1 – FEMA Technical Review





- Project authorization that is grounded in a well-defined process with clear roles and responsibilities
- Centralized approvals and oversight so that projects work together as a cohesive portfolio of projects

The EPM program's governance structure and key responsibilities are outlined in Image # and Table # respectively.

Figure 6.2 – EPM Program Organization Structure

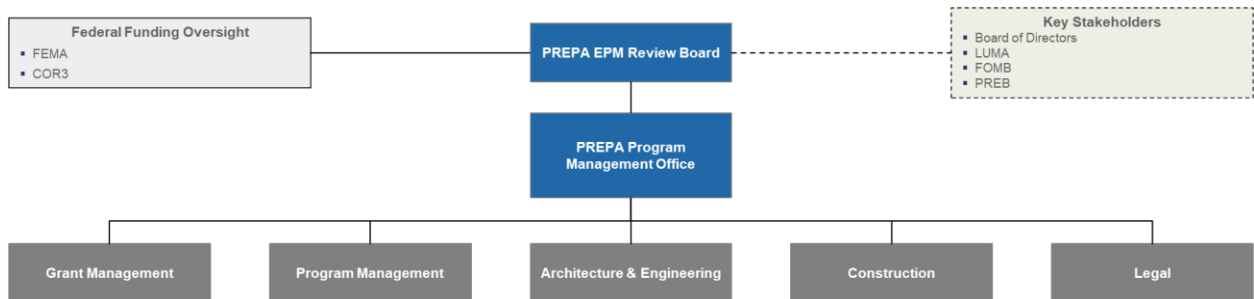


Table 6.1 – Program Organization Key Responsibilities by Role

Role	Responsibilities
PREPA EPM Review Board	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Ensure the selected portfolio of projects aligns with strategic objectives of the Government of Puerto Rico ▪ Provide direction to achieve the best outcomes for Puerto Rico ▪ Ensure consistent portfolio transparency and visibility across the enterprise. ▪ Require a single, standardized reporting source for key project information ▪ Establish a broad view across the portfolio of all PREPA projects ▪ Prioritize, select, and ensure projects work together as a cohesive and strategic portfolio
PREPA PMO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Approve project deliverables prior to FEMA submission to ensure compliance with FEMA requirements and quality ▪ Provide advice and feedback to the project teams ▪ Support addressing and resolution of issues and risks, when elevated to PMO's attention ▪ Provide oversight of projects via periodic meetings with project teams ▪ Ensure the project has addressed objectives, benefits, and requirements before project close-out
Grant Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Develop Public Assistance (PA) funding sub-award application ▪ Validate the scope of work (SOW) for repair or replacement projects ▪ Work with FEMA to establish project worksheet and agree on a post fixed-cost estimate



Role	Responsibilities
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Receive PA funding sub-award Confirm grant agreement to comply with applicable laws, regulations, and the provisions Coordinate all FEMA claims Apply for closeout, or a time extension if warranted Prepare and submit required internal and external reports (financial, performance, and other reports) Develop and submit reimbursements requests, and confirm payments
Program Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Support the identification all disaster-related projects Support project planning, formulation, and execution Support project prioritization in coordination with P3A, PREPA executives, FEMA, COR3 and LUMA Energy, as directed by the CEO, the Governing Board, and PREB Coordinate site inspections and monitor all project sites Ensure adherence to program / project controls and standards by all project team members Respond to and mitigate risks Support closeout of projects
Architecture & Engineering	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Manage and develop architectural and engineering designs Understand PREPA's codes and standards Support development of document and bid packages Perform document evaluation during design-build construction process
Construction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provide construction controls such as project schedules, budget, and reporting systems and ensure compliance with PREPA's EPM program and process Ensure safety of construction team members and compliance with OSHA requirements Ensure project coordination on site, track progress and performance, leverage document controls, Monitor construction site risks and obtain proper permits for site
Legal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provide knowledge on all federal and local laws, regulation, and policy requirements applicable to PREPA's projects funded by federal grants Provide legal support for executing all grant award agreements and ensure compliance with PREPA's EPM program and process Negotiate terms and conditions with contractors Acquire adequate insurance coverage
Key Stakeholders	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Include PREPA's Governing Board, LUMA, FOMB, and PREB Provide a guidance, approval, and oversight of selected projects (Governing Board) Collaborate and align on priorities of 10-year plan with the System Remediation Plan (LUMA) Review 10-year plan and associated projects for alignment with fiscal plan (FOMB) Review 10-year plan and associated projects for alignment with IRP (PREB)

Standardized Project Management Process

As defined by COR3, the federal grant lifecycle process is an end-to-end framework outlining the progression of phases and key requirements PREPA must complete to obtain, manage, and closeout Public Assistance funding sub-awards and projects.

Figure 6.3 – COR3’s Federal Grant Lifecycle

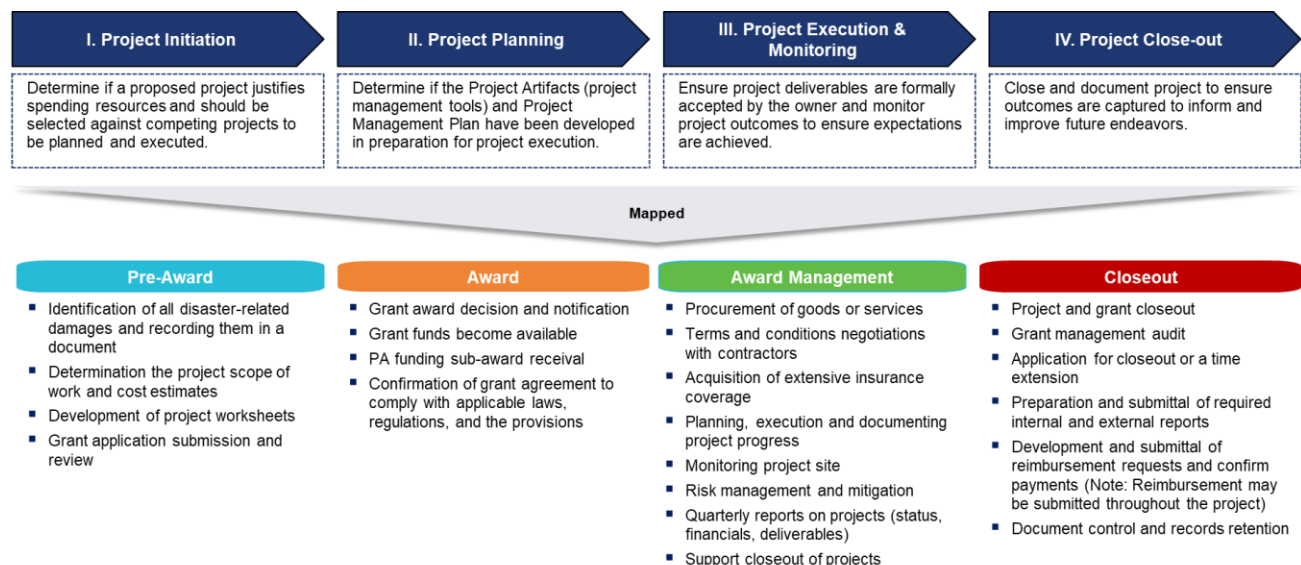


PREPA ensures all projects are governed by a rigorous EPM process with clear accountabilities. Additionally, the process drives:

- Consistent standards based on leading practices for managing and governing all PREPA projects
- Holistic governance, oversight, and optimization of the portfolio of PREPA projects

The process has four phases for a project, each of which have defined deliverables and documentation required to enter the next phase. To ensure compliance with local and federal guidelines and regulations, PREPA has incorporated the key requirements and associated controls for the management of FEMA funds within the EPM process. Image # below maps the PREPA’s EPM process phases to COR3’s Federal Grant Lifecycle and associated activities.

Figure 6.4 – PREPA’s EPM Process Phases Mapped to Federal Grant Lifecycle





Centralized Information System

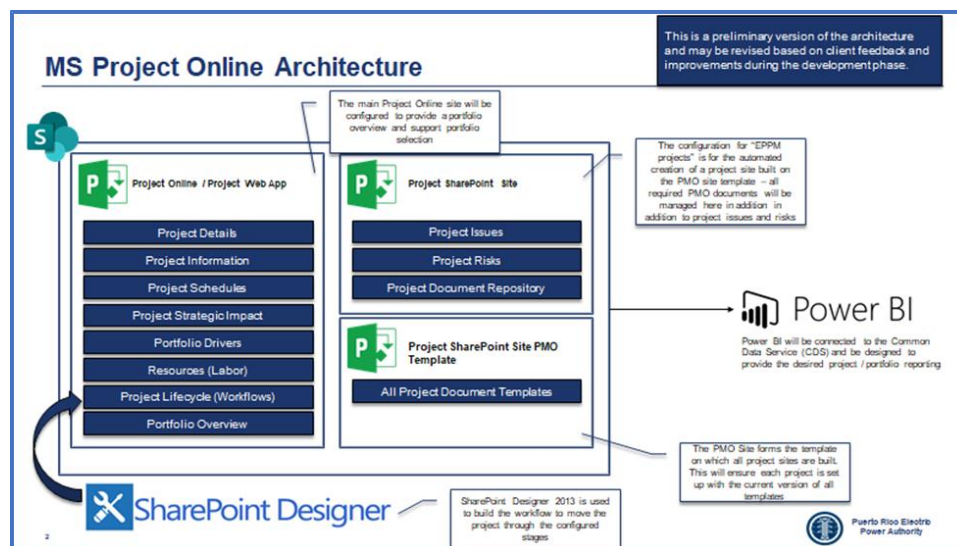
PREPA has selected Microsoft Project Online as its Enterprise Project Management Information System. This system is in use by a number of leading utilities and is relatively easy for a broad population to learn and use.

The system functional architecture (see Image #) provides a variety of portfolio and project management features to enable management to maintain visibility around projects in each stage of the project management lifecycle from project initiation to project closeout. These system features include:

- Single source of the truth for each project to:
 - Create transparency for project performance, especially scope, schedule and budget
 - Enable accountability and performance management
 - Provide an integrated portfolio view of all PREPA projects so they can be authorized, governed and overseen as a portfolio
 - Ensure required records retention for project documentation
- Support for project selection with portfolio analysis, consistent with EPM and FEMA funding process
- Automates portfolio approval workflows configured to each stage in the project lifecycle to strengthen controls and improve efficiency

A high-level diagram of the system functional architecture can be found in Figure 6.5 below.

Figure 6.5 – EPM Centralized System Functional Architecture





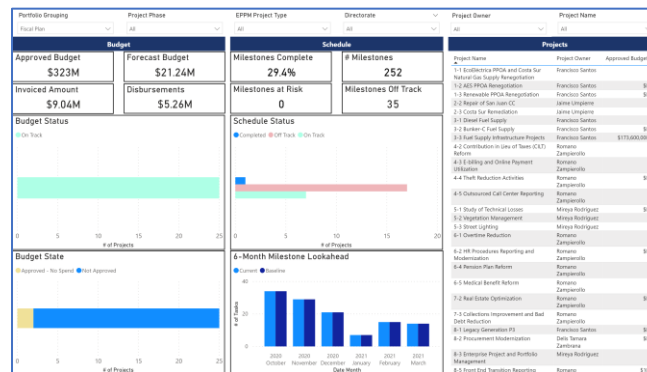
Project Controls

The EPM program and process have incorporated the following to ensure PREPA meets FEMA fund management guidelines:

- A set of quality management controls based on PREPA's a quality management system which was adapted from the ISO 9001 framework
- Effective project management controls and execution procedures, including risk management, based on leading practices
- FEMA grant and fund management controls to ensure compliance
- Leading practice executive portfolio dashboards, project reports, and monthly operating sequences

An example of standardized portfolio view report can be found below in Figure 6.6 below.

Figure 6.6 – Portfolio View Reporting – Milestones





VIII. Appendix

I. Project Milestones for 2024-2030+

Each project has four standardized major milestones:

- Begin 30% Architecture and Engineering Design
- Submit Project to COR3 and FEMA for Review
- Begin Construction/Implementation
- Begin COR3 and FEMA Project Closeout

The tables below show, year by year, the workplan for major milestone initiation for the mid and long-term projects in this plan. Near-term project milestones are noted in section IV, H of this document.

Within each time period, projects are grouped first by milestone and then by asset category. Within each asset category projects are sequenced from largest to smallest investment amount.

Milestone initiation has been estimated at an annual level for 2024 and beyond.

1. 2024

Table 7.1 – 2024 Milestones

#	Project Name	Asset Category
2024 – Milestone: Begin 30% Architecture and Engineering Design		
1	Cambalache Main Power Transformers	Generation
2		
3	Retirement of Generating Units (Aguirre U1-U2, Palo Seco U1-U4, San Juan U7-U10, Aguirre CC 1-2)	
4	New Generation Near the San Juan Area (Palo Seco)	
5	Dos Bocas Reservoir	Hydro and Dams
6	Caonillas Reservoir	
7	Toro Negro 2	
8	Garzas 1	
9	Yauco 2	
10	Caonillas Dam	



#	Project Name	Asset Category
11	Pellejas Dam	
12	16-Transmission New Lines (38kV, 115 & 230 kV)	Transmission
13	9-Transmission Existing (38kV)	
14	13-Transmission New Lines (38kV, 115 & 230 kV)	
15	T-Line Substation Terminals	Substations
16	Subst. Inter-Term Gen. & Switchyard Modernization Substations	
17	Subst. Inter-Term Grid Concern Substations	
18	Subst. Inter-Term Modernization & Hardening Substations	
19	Aguirre Generation & Switchyard Modernization & Hardening	
20	Cambalache Generation & Transmission Modernization and Hardening	
21	Costa Sur Generation & Transmission Modernization and Hardening	
22	Mayaguez Generation & Transmission Modernization and Hardening	
23	Palo Seco Generation & Transmission Modernization and Hardening	
24	Rio Blanco Generation & Transmission Modernization and Hardening	
25	Rio Blanco TC Grid Constraint Mitigation	
26	San Juan 115kV GIS	
27	Naguabo 2701	
28	Hydro Generating Units - Generation Separation	
29	SCADA	IT/Telecom
30	Intermediate ESC Projects	Buildings
31	Intermediate Improvement and Construction	
32	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Distribution
33	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamon Region	
34	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	
35	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	
36	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	
37	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	



#	Project Name	Asset Category
38	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - San Juan Region	
39	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	
40	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamon Region	
41	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	
42	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	
43	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	
44	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	
45	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - San Juan Region	
64	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	
47	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamon Region	
48	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	
49	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	
50	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	
51	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	
52	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - San Juan Region	
53	Streetlights - All Regions	
2024 – Milestone: Submit Project to COR3 and FEMA for Review		
1	New Generation Near the San Juan Area (Palo Seco)	Generation
2	Dos Bocas Reservoir	Hydro and Dams
3	Caonillas Reservoir	
4	Toro Negro 2	
5	Guayabal Reservoir	
6	Guayabal Dam	
7	Matrullas Reservoir	

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#	Project Name	Asset Category
8	Garzas 1	
9	Garzas Reservoir	
10	Guamaní Canal	
11	Patillas Canal	
12	Guineo Reservoir	
13	Yauco 2	
14	Carite Dam	
15	Caonillas Dam	
16	Pellejas Dam	
17	9-Transmission Existing (38kV)	Transmission
18	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamón Region	Distribution
19	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - San Juan Region	
20	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	
21	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	
22	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayagüez Region	
23	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	
24	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	
25	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	
26	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamon Region	
27	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	
28	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	
29	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	
30	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	
31	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - San Juan Region	



#	Project Name	Asset Category
32	Streetlights - All Regions	Substations
33	Hato Rey TC GIS UG Terminal	
34	T-Line Substation Terminals	
35	Subst. Inter-Term Gen. & Switchyard Modernization Substations	
36	Subst. Inter-Term Grid Concern Substations	
37	Subst. Inter-Term Modernization & Hardening Substations	
38	San Juan 115kV GIS	
39	Subst. Short-Term Gen. & Switchyard Modernization Substations - Project Description	
40	Subst. Short-Term Grid Concern Substations - Project Description	
41	Subst. Short-Term Modernization & Hardening Substations - Project Description	
42	Naguabo 2701	IT/Telecom
43	SCADA	
44	Intermediate ESC Projects	
45	Intermediate Improvement and Construction	Buildings
2024 – Milestone: Begin Construction/Implementation		
1	Retirement of Generating Units (Aguirre U1-U2, Palo Seco U1-U4, San Juan U7-U10, Aguirre CC 1-2)	Generation
2	Early Warning System (Dams) Project	Hydro and Dams
3	Diversion Canal and Forebay	
4	Toro Negro 1	
5	Caonillas 1	
6	Guerrero Reservoir	
7	Juana Díaz Canal	
8	Garzas 2	
9	Río Blanco	
10	Yauco 1	

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FEMA

#	Project Name	Asset Category
11	Dos Bocas	
12	Dos Bocas Dam	
13	Patillas Dam	
14	Moca Canal	
15	Toro Negro Hydroelectric System Connection (4)	
16	Matrullas Dam	
17	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayagüez Region	Distribution
18	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	
19	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	
20	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamón Region	
21	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	
22	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	
23	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - San Juan Region	
24	SCADA	IT/Telecom
25	Intermediate ESC Projects	Buildings
26	Intermediate Improvement and Construction	
27	San Juan 115kV GIS	Substations
2024 – Milestone: Begin COR3 and FEMA Project Closeout		
1	Guineo Dam	Hydro and Dams
2	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Distribution
3	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamón Region	
4	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	
5	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	
6	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - San Juan Region	
7	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	



#	Project Name	Asset Category
8	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayagüez Region	
9	Tapia GIS Rebuilt	Substations
10	Ponce Warehouse at Ponce ESC	Buildings
11	Ponce Calle Villa	
12	Palo Seco North & South	
13	Toa Baja Technical Services	
14	San Juan 115-kV Underground Transmission Loop	Transmission

2. 2025

Table 7.2 – 2025 Milestones

#	Project Name	Asset Category
2025 – Milestone: Begin 30% Architecture and Engineering Design		
1	Lajas Lateral Canals	Hydro and Dams
2	Vivi Dam	
3	Adjuntas Dam	
4	37-Transmission Existing (115 & 230 kV)	Transmission
5	40-Transmission Existing (38 kV)	
6	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - San Juan Region	Distribution
7	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	
8	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayagüez Region	
9	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	
10	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	
11	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamón Region	
12	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	
13	Hato Rey TC GIS UG Terminal	Substations

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FEMA

#	Project Name	Asset Category
14	Subst. Short-Term Gen. & Switchyard Modernization Substations - Project Description	
15	Subst. Short-Term Grid Concern Substations - Project Description	
16	Subst. Short-Term Modernization & Hardening Substations - Project Description	
2025 – Milestone: Submit Project to COR3 and FEMA for Review		
1	Vivi Dam	Hydro and Dams
2	Adjuntas Dam	
3	37-Transmission Existing (115 & 230 kV)	Transmission
4	40-Transmission Existing (38 kV)	
5	13-Transmission New Lines (38kV, 115 & 230kV)	
6	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Distribution
7	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamon Region	
8	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	
9	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	
10	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	
11	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	
12	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - San Juan Region	
13	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	
14	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamon Region	
15	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	
16	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	
17	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	
18	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	
19	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - San Juan Region	
2025 – Milestone: Begin Construction/Implementation		
1	Guajataca Reservoir	Hydro and Dams
2	Toro Negro 2	

PREPA 10-YEAR INFRASTRUCTURE PLAN



Puerto Rico Electric
Power Authority



FEMA

#	Project Name	Asset Category
3	Toro Negro Hydroelectric System Connection between Splitter box and Aceitunas Forebay	
4	Toro Negro 2 Penstock	
5	Garzas 1	
6	Main and Aguadilla Canal	
7	Yauco 2	
8	Carite Dam	
9	Coamo Dam	
10	Matrullas Building	
11	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamón Region	Distribution
12	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - San Juan Region	
13	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	
14	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	
15	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayagüez Region	
16	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	
17	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	
18	Streetlights - All Regions	
19	Subst. Inter-Term Grid Concern Substations	Substations
20	Subst. Inter-Term Modernization & Hardening Substations	
21	Subst. Inter-Term Gen. & Switchyard Modernization Substations	
22	Hydro Generating Units - Generation Separation	
23	9-Transmission Existing (38kV)	Transmission
2025 – Milestone: Begin COR3 and FEMA Project Closeout		
1	Mobile Emergency Generation	Generation
2	Toro Negro 1	Hydro and Dams
3	Caonillas 1	



#	Project Name	Asset Category
4	Guerrero Reservoir	
5	Toro Negro 2	
6	Juana Díaz Canal	
7	Garzas Dam	
8	Garzas 1	
9	Garzas 2	
10	Río Blanco	
11	Yauco 2	
12	Yauco 1	
13	Dos Bocas	
14	Dos Bocas Dam	
15	Patillas Dam	
16	Moca Canal	
17	Toro Negro Hydroelectric System Connection (4)	
18	Matrullas Dam	
19	Naguabo 2701	Substations
20	Flooded Substations	
21	Intermediate ESC Projects	Buildings
22	Intermediate Improvement and Construction	

3. 2026

Table 7.3 – 2026 Milestones

#	Project Name	Asset Category
2026 – Milestone: Begin 30% Architecture and Engineering Design		
1	Lucchetti Reservoir	Hydro and Dams
2	Guayo Reservoir	

PREPA 10-YEAR INFRASTRUCTURE PLAN



Puerto Rico Electric
Power Authority



FEMA

#	Project Name	Asset Category
3	Lajas Irrigation Canals	
4	Guayo Dam	
5	CAGUAS ICEE (Former Caguas' Commercial)	Buildings
2026 – Milestone: Submit Project to COR3 and FEMA for Review		
1	Lajas Lateral Canals	Hydro and Dams
2	Lajas Irrigation Canals	
3	Guayo Dam	
4	16-Transmission New Lines (38kV, 115 & 230 kV)	Transmission
5	CAGUAS ICEE (Former Caguas' Commercial)	Buildings
2026 – Milestone: Begin Construction/Implementation		
1	Cambalache Main Power Transformers	Generation
2	New Generation Near the San Juan Area (Palo Seco)	
3	Guajataca Dam - Study/Assessment - Detailed Design - Procurement	Hydro and Dams
4	Dos Bocas Reservoir	
5	Caonillas Reservoir	
6	Río Blanco Penstock	
7	Río Blanco Hydroelectric System Connection	
8	Guayabal Reservoir	
9	Guayabal Dam	
10	Garzas Reservoir	
11	Guamaní Canal	
12	Patillas Canal	
13	Guineo Reservoir	
14	Caonillas Dam	
15	Pellejas Dam	
16	16-Transmission New Lines (38kV, 115 & 230 kV)	Transmission



#	Project Name	Asset Category
17	37-Transmission Existing (115 & 230 kV)	
18	40-Transmission Existing (38 kV)	
19	13-Transmission New Lines (38kV, 115 & 230 kV)	
20	CAGUAS ICEE (Former Caguas' Commercial)	Buildings
21	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Distribution
22	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamon Region	
23	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	
24	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	
25	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	
26	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	
27	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - San Juan Region	
28	Subst. Short-Term Gen. & Switchyard Modernization Substations - Project Description	Substations
29	Subst. Short-Term Grid Concern Substations - Project Description	
30	Subst. Short-Term Modernization & Hardening Substations - Project Description	
2026 – Milestone: Begin COR3 and FEMA Project Closeout		
1	Hato Rey TC GIS UG Terminal	Substations
2	T-Line Substation Terminals	
3	Cambalache Generation & Transmission Modernization and Hardening	
4	Rio Blanco Generation & Transmission Modernization and Hardening	
5	Main and Aguadilla Canal	Hydro and Dams
6	Carite Dam	
7	Coamo Dam	
8	Matrullas Building	

4. 2027

Table 7.4 – 2027 Milestones

PREPA 10-YEAR INFRASTRUCTURE PLAN



Puerto Rico Electric
Power Authority



FEMA

#	Project Name	Asset Category
2027 – Milestone: Begin 30% Architecture and Engineering Design		
1	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Distribution
2	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamón Region	
3	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayagüez Region	
4	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - San Juan Region	
5	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	
6	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	
7	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	
8	Long Term ESC Projects	Buildings
9	Long Term Commercial Office Projects	
10	Cataño Power Service Workshop	
11	Humacao Commercial Office	
2027 – Milestone: Submit Project to COR3 and FEMA for Review		
1	Lucchetti Reservoir	Dams and Hydro
2	Guayo Reservoir	
3	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Distribution
4	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamón Region	
5	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayagüez Region	
6	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - San Juan Region	
7	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	
8	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	
9	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	
10	Long Term ESC Projects	Buildings
11	Long Term Commercial Office Projects	
12	Cataño Power Service Workshop	
13	Humacao Commercial Office	
2027 – Milestone: Begin Construction/Implementation		

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FEMA

#	Project Name	Asset Category
1	Matrullas Reservoir	Dams and Hydro
2	Vivi Dam	
3	Adjuntas Dam	
4	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - San Juan Region	Distribution
5	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	
6	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayagüez Region	
7	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	
8	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	
9	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamón Region	
10	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	
11	Long Term ESC Projects	Buildings
12	Long Term Commercial Office Projects	
13	Cataño Power Service Workshop	
14	Humacao Commercial Office	
2027 – Milestone: Begin COR3 and FEMA Project Closeout		
1	Cambalache Main Power Transformers	Generation
2	Retirement of Generating Units (Aguirre U1-U2, Palo Seco U1-U4, San Juan U7-U10, Aguirre CC 1-2)	
3	Diversion Canal and Forebay	Dams and Hydro
4	Guajataca Reservoir	
5	Toro Negro Hydroelectric System Connection between Splitter box and Aceitunas Forebay	
6	Toro Negro 2 Penstock	
7	Garzas Reservoir	
8	Guamaní Canal	
9	Patillas Canal	
10	Caonillas Dam	
11	Pellejas Dam	



#	Project Name	Asset Category
12	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayagüez Region	Distribution
13	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	
14	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	
15	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamón Region	
16	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	
17	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	
18	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - San Juan Region	
19	Subst. Inter-Term Grid Concern Substations	Substations
20	Subst. Inter-Term Modernization & Hardening Substations	
21	Subst. Inter-Term Gen. & Switchyard Modernization Substations	
22	Hydro Generating Units - Generation Separation	
23	Subst. Inter-Term Gen. & Switchyard Modernization Substations	
24	Subst. Inter-Term Grid Concern Substations	
25	Subst. Inter-Term Modernization & Hardening Substations	
26	Aguirre Generation & Switchyard Modernization & Hardening	
27	Mayaguez Generation & Transmission Modernization and Hardening	
28	Palo Seco Generation & Transmission Modernization and Hardening	
29	Rio Blanco TC Grid Constraint Mitigation	
30	CAGUAS ICEE (Former Caguas' Commercial)	Buildings

5. 2028

Table 7.5 – 2028 Milestones

#	Project Name	Asset Category
2028 – Milestone: Begin 30% Architecture and Engineering Design		

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Puerto Rico Electric
Power Authority



FEMA

#	Project Name	Asset Category
1	Loco Reservoir	Dams and Hydro
2	Yahuecas Dam	
3	Lucchetti Dam	
4	Prieto Dam	
5	Loco Dam	
6	6-Transmission New Lines (38kV, 115 & 230 kV)	Transmission
7	Subst. Long-Term Grid Concern Substations	Substations
8	Subst. Long-Term Modernization & Hardening Substations	
9	Subst. Long-Term Gen. & Switchyard Modernization Substations	
10	Santa Isabel ESC & Commercial Office	Buildings
2028 – Milestone: Submit Project to COR3 and FEMA for Review		
1	Loco Reservoir	Dams and Hydro
2	Yahuecas Dam	
3	Lucchetti Dam	
4	Prieto Dam	
5	Loco Dam	
6	Subst. Long-Term Grid Concern Substations	Substations
7	Subst. Long-Term Modernization & Hardening Substations	
8	Subst. Long-Term Gen. & Switchyard Modernization Substations	
9	Santa Isabel ESC & Commercial Office	Buildings
2028 – Milestone: Begin Construction/Implementation		
1	Lajas Lateral Canals	Substations
2	Lajas Irrigation Canals	
3	Guayo Dam	
4	Santa Isabel ESC & Commercial Office	Buildings
2028 – Milestone: Begin COR3 and FEMA Project Closeout		
1	Early Warning System (Dams) Project	

PREPA 10-YEAR INFRASTRUCTURE PLAN



Puerto Rico Electric
Power Authority



FEMA

#	Project Name	Asset Category
2	Guayabal Reservoir	Dams and Hydro
3	Vivi Dam	
4	Adjuntas Dam	
5	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamón Region	Distribution
6	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - San Juan Region	
7	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	
8	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	
9	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayagüez Region	
10	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	
11	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	
12	Cybersecurity Program Implementation	IT/Telecom
13	FAN	
14	MPLS Network Deployment	
15	Physical Security Assessment for Facilities	
16	Monacillo Control Center	
17	Ponce Control Center	
18	Energy Management System (EMS) (OT/Backoffice)	
19	LMR Two-way radio P-25	
20	SCADA RTU Replacement	
21	Microwave PTP	
22	IT Corporate Network	
23	Meter & Automation Lab	Buildings
24	Long Term ESC Projects	
25	Long Term Commercial Office Projects	
26	Cataño Power Service Workshop	
27	Humacao Commercial Office	



6. 2029

Table 7.6 – 2029 Milestones

#	Project Name	Asset Category
2029 – Milestone: Begin 30% Architecture and Engineering Design		
1	28-Transmission Existing (115 & 230 kV)	Transmission
2	86-Transmission Existing (38 kV)	
2029 – Milestone: Submit Project to COR3 and FEMA for Review		
1	28-Transmission Existing (115 & 230 kV)	Transmission
2	86-Transmission Existing (38 kV)	
3	6-Transmission New Lines (38kV, 115 & 230 kV)	
2029 – Milestone: Begin Construction/Implementation		
1	Lucchetti Reservoir	Hydro and Dams
2	Guayo Reservoir	
3	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Distribution
4	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamón Region	
5	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayagüez Region	
6	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - San Juan Region	
7	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	
8	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	
9	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	
10	Subst. Long-Term Grid Concern Substations	Substations
11	Subst. Long-Term Modernization & Hardening Substations	
12	Subst. Long-Term Gen. & Switchyard Modernization Substations	
2029 – Milestone: Begin COR3 and FEMA Project Closeout		
1	Río Blanco Penstock	Hydro and Dams
2	Río Blanco Hydroelectric System Connection	



#	Project Name	Asset Category
3	Guayabal Dam	
4	Guineo Reservoir	
5	Lajas Irrigation Canals	
6	Guayo Dam	
7	16-Transmission New Lines (38kV, 115 & 230 kV)	Transmission
8	Streetlights - All Regions	Distribution
9	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - San Juan Region	
10	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	
11	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayagüez Region	
12	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	
13	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	
14	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamón Region	
15	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	
16	Advanced Distribution Monitoring System (ADMS) (OT/Backoffice)	IT/Telecom
17	Infrastructure	
18	Santa Isabel ESC & Commercial Office	Buildings

7. 2030 and Beyond

Table 7.7 – 2030 and Beyond Milestones

#	Project Name	Asset Category
2030+ – Milestone: Begin 30% Architecture and Engineering Design		
1	Toa Alta Improvement and Construction	Buildings
2	San Juan -Santurce Building Complex	
2030+ – Milestone: Submit Project to COR3 and FEMA for Review		
1	Toa Alta Improvement and Construction	Buildings
2	San Juan -Santurce Building Complex	
2030+ – Milestone: Begin Construction/Implementation		

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FEMA

#	Project Name	Asset Category
1	Loco Reservoir	Hydro and Dams
2	Yahuecas Dam	
3	Lucchetti Dam	
4	Prieto Dam	
5	Loco Dam	
6	28-Transmission Existing (115 & 230 kV)	Transmission
7	86-Transmission Existing (38 kV)	
8	6-Transmission New Lines (38kV, 115 & 230 kV)	
9	Toa Alta Improvement and Construction	Buildings
10	San Juan -Santurce Building Complex	
2030+ – Milestone: Begin COR3 and FEMA Project Closeout		
1	Renewable Generation Projects	Generation
2	Synchronous Condensers	
3	Battery energy storage	
4	Guajataca Dam - Study/Assessment - Detailed Design - Procurement	Hydro and Dams
5	Dos Bocas Reservoir	
6	Lajas Lateral Canals	
7	Caonillas Reservoir	
8	Lucchetti Reservoir	
9	Guayo Reservoir	
10	Matrullas Reservoir	
11	Loco Reservoir	
12	Yahuecas Dam	
13	Lucchetti Dam	
14	Prieto Dam	
15	Loco Dam	
16	37-Transmission Existing (115 & 230 kV)	Transmission



#	Project Name	Asset Category
17	40-Transmission Existing (38 kV)	
18	28-Transmission Existing (115 & 230 kV)	
19	86-Transmission Existing (38 kV)	
20	6-Transmission New Lines (38kV, 115 & 230 kV)	
21	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	
22	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamón Region	
23	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayagüez Region	
24	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - San Juan Region	
25	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	
26	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	
27	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	
28	Subst. Long-Term Grid Concern Substations	Substations
29	Subst. Long-Term Modernization & Hardening Substations	
30	Subst. Long-Term Gen. & Switchyard Modernization Substations	
31	Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI)	IT/Telecom
32	SCADA	
33	Toa Alta Improvement and Construction	Buildings
34	San Juan -Santurce Building Complex	
35	Distribution Automation – All Regions	Distribution

J. List of Projects by Municipality

The following tables are designed to show which projects in the PREPA 10-Year Infrastructure Plan impact each municipality on the island. These tables currently include projects in the Distribution, Substations, Generation, Dams and Hydro, and Buildings asset categories. These tables will continue to be refined and projects from the remaining asset categories will be added in subsequent updates to this plan.



1. Adjuntas

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8202-01, 8202-02, 8202-03, 8203-01, 8203-02
Substations	Ceiba Baja TRF 7012	
Dams/Hydro	Adjuntas Dam	
Dams/Hydro	Garzas 1	
Dams/Hydro	Garzas 2	
Dams/Hydro	Garzas Dam	
Dams/Hydro	Garzas Reservoir	
Dams/Hydro	Guayo Dam	
Dams/Hydro	Guayo Reservoir	
Dams/Hydro	Pellejas Dam	
Dams/Hydro	Yahuecas Dam	

2. Aguada

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 7201-02, 7201-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 7302-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 7201-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 7201-03, 7201-05
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 7302-02



3. *Aguadilla*

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 7002-02, 7004-02, 7004-03, 7005-01, 7005-02, 7005-04, 7-12-01, 7012-02
Substations	Victoria TC 7008	
Dams/Hydro	Guerrero Reservoir	
Dams/Hydro	Main and Aguadilla Channel	
Buildings	Aguadilla ESC	

4. *Aguas Buenas*

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3701-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3701-02, 3701-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3701-01

5. *Aibonito*

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3501-01, 3501-02, 3501-03, 3502-01, 3502-02

6. *Añasco*

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6101-01, 6101-02, 6101-05



Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6101-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6101-03

7. *Arecibo*

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8010-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8004-01, 8011-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8001-01, 8004-02, 8005-01, 8007-03, 8007-04, 8008-01, 8008-02, 8013-02, 8015-08
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8001-02, 8004-03, 8004-04, 8007-01, 8010-02, 8010-03, 8011-02, 8011-04, 8013-01, 8014-08, 8015-09
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8001-04, 8002-01, 8002-02, 8002-03, 8002-04, 8002-05, 8013-03, 8013-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8001-03, 8014-06, 8014-07, 8015-07
Substations	Cambalache Generation & Transmission Modernization and Hardening	
Dams/Hydro	Dos Bocas	
Dams/Hydro	Dos Bocas Dam	
Dams/Hydro	Dos Bocas Reservoir	
Generation	Cambalache Dike	
Generation	Cambalache Main Power Transformers	
Generation	Cambalache Power Plant Repairs	
Generation	Cambalache Unit 1 Repairs	
Buildings	Arecibo ESC	



Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Buildings	Arecibo Region Miscellaneous Repairs	
Buildings	Arecibo Regional Building	

8. Arroyo

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 4101-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 4101-01, 4101-02, 4101-03

9. Barceloneta

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8501-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8504-01, 8504-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8501-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8504-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8501-03

10. Barranquitas

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 9601-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 9601-01



Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 9602-04, 9605-01, 9605-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 9602-03

11. Bayamón

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 1713-03, 1717-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 1704-01, 1704-02, 1704-05, 1705-03, 1706-01, 1706-02, 1706-03, 1708-02, 1708-05, 1734-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 1704-03, 1705-01, 1708-04, 1709-03, 1710-01, 1711-04, 1716-03, 1719-15, 1720-07, 1734-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 1707-01, 1707-04, 1707-05, 1709-02, 1709-05, 1710-03, 1710-04, 1710-05, 1711-02, 1717-01, 1717-02, 1717-04, 1717-05, 1719-18
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 1701-03, 1703-02, 1703-04, 1703-05, 1704-04, 1705-02, 1705-04, 1705-05, 1707-02, 1707-03, 1708-03, 1711-01, 1711-03, 1711-05, 1714-02, 1714-03, 1714-05, 1715-02, 1715-03, 1716-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 1701-01, 1703-01, 1713-04, 1713-05, 1715-05, 1716-02, 1719-16, 1719-19, 1720-08
Substations	Bayamon TC - MC - 1711	
Substations	Bayamon TC BKRS 230kV	
Substations	Caridad - MC - 1714	
Buildings	Bayamon Region Miscellaneous Repairs	



12. *Cabo Rojo*

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6703-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6702-01, 6704-02, 6704-03, 6705-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6702-03, 6702-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6703-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6703-03, 6705-02

13. *Caguas*

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3004-01, 3007-03, 3015-05, 3006-02, 3006-03, 3013-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3004-03, 3007-02, 3007-04, 3009-01, 3014-01, 3014-02, 3014-04, 3006-01, 3008-03, 3010-01, 3010-04, 3013-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3009-02, 3009-03, 3009-04, 3014-03, 3016-05, 3006-04, 3006-05, 3008-01, 3013-01, 3013-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3016-03, 3008-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3004-04, 3005-01, 3005-02, 3005-03, 3007-01, 3015-06, 3010-02, 3010-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3004-02, 3015-09
Substations	Caguas TC BKRS 115kV	
Buildings	CAGUAS ICEE (Former Caguas' Commercial)	
Buildings	Caguas Region Miscellaneous Repairs	



14. Camuy

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 7601-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 7601-04, 7601-05
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 7601-01

15. Canóvanas

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 2401-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 2404-08
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 2401-02, 2402-02, 2402-03, 2404-05
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 2402-01, 2404-06, 2404-07
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 2401-03

16. Carolina

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 1618-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 1607-01, 1652-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 1607-03, 1618-01, 1619-01, 1646-02, 1646-05, 1652-03



Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 1602-01, 1602-03, 1602-04, 1602-05, 1607-04, 1619-03, 1646-01, 1646-03, 1647-08, 1647-09, 1652-04, 1652-05, 1657-02, 1657-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 1602-02, 1618-03, 1647-06, 1647-07, 1647-10
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 1615-06, 1615-07, 1615-08, 1615-09, 1615-10, 1616-11, 1616-12, 1616-13, 1616-14, 1616-15, 1617-01, 1617-02, 1617-03, 1617-04, 1617-05, 1657-01, 1657-04, 1658-13, 1658-14, 1658-15
Buildings	Carolina Region Miscellaneous Repairs	

17. *Cataño*

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 1801-02, 1802-01, 1806-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 1801-03, 1806-01, 1806-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 1801-05, 1802-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 1801-01
Substations	Catano Modernization and Hardening Project	
Buildings	Cataño Power Service Workshop	

18. *Cayey*

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3401-03, 3405-01, 3405-03



Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3401-01, 3401-02, 3403-01, 3406-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3405-02, 3406-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3406-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3402-05

19. Ceiba

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 2101-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 2101-01

20. Ciales

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8701-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8701-02, 8701-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8701-04

21. Cidra

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3601-02, 3601-04



Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3601-01, 3601-03, 3602-02, 3603-02, 3604-06, 3604-07
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3602-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3602-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3603-01
Substations	Sabanera TRF 3603	

22. Coamo

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 4602-01, 4603-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 4601-01, 4601-04, 4602-03, 4603-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 4601-02, 4602-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 4602-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 4602-05
Substations	Coamo PDS Minor Rprs - 4603	
Dams/Hydro	Coamo Dam	

23. Comerío

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 9703-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 9703-03



Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 9703-02

24. Corozal

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9502-01, 9503-05
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9501-03, 9503-06
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9501-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9501-01, 9502-02, 9502-03

25. Culebra

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 3801-01, 3801-02
Substations	Culebra SUB 3801	

26. Dorado

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9202-01, 9202-02, 9202-03, 9203-02, 9206-08, 9207-08
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9201-01, 9201-02, 9202-04, 9203-03, 9203-04, 9206-10
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9206-07, 9206-09, 9206-11, 9207-05, 9207-09



27. Fajardo

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 2005-10
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 2001-03, 2005-09, 2006-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 2001-01, 2001-02, 2001-04, 2002-01, 2002-02, 2002-03, 2003-01, 2006-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 2003-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 2005-07, 2005-08, 2005-11

28. Florida

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8602-01, 8602-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8602-02

29. Guánica

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5602-02, 5602-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5602-01



30. Guayama

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 4003-01, 4003-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 4001-03, 4002-02, 4003-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 4001-04, 4002-01, 4006-02, 4006-05
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 4002-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 4001-02
Dams/Hydro	Carite Dam	
Dams/Hydro	Guamani Channel	
Generation	Jobos Gas Plant Repairs	
Generation	Mobile Emergency Generation	

31. Guayanilla

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5501-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5501-02, 5501-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5501-01
Substations	Costa Sur BKRS 115kV	
Substations	Costa Sur BKRS 230kV	
Substations	Costa Sur Generation & Transmission Modernization and Hardening	



32. *Guaynabo*

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - San Juan Region	Feeders: 1907-03, 1909-09
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - San Juan Region	Feeders: 1530-08, 1530-09, 1901-01, 1901-02, 1901-03, 1901-04, 1901-05, 1903-05, 1907-05, 1909-07, 1909-08, 1924-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - San Juan Region	Feeders: 1530-06, 1530-07, 1530-10, 1903-01, 1903-02, 1903-03, 1907-04, 1924-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - San Juan Region	Feeders: 1343-01, 1343-03, 1343-05, 1908-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - San Juan Region	Feeders: 1343-02, 1343-04, 1924-02, 1924-05
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - San Juan Region	Feeders: 1908-01, 1908-04, 1908-05, 1910-01, 1910-04, 1910-05, 1911-06, 1911-07, 1924-04
Substations	Guaynabo Pueblo Substation	

33. *Gurabo*

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3101-02, 3103-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3101-03, 3101-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3102-01, 3102-02, 3103-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3103-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3101-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3103-03, 3103-05



34. Hatillo

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 7702-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 7701-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 7701-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 7702-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 7701-02, 7702-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 7701-04

35. Hormigueros

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6801-02, 6801-03, 6802-01, 6802-02, 6802-04, 6802-05
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6801-01

36. Humacao

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 2602-01, 2603-08, 2605-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 2601-01, 2601-03, 2601-04, 2602-02, 2602-03, 2603-09, 2604-02, 2604-03, 2605-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 2604-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 2601-02, 2603-07



Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 2603-10
Buildings	Humacao Commercial Office	

37. *Isabela*

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 7503-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 7503-05, 7505-05
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 7502-01, 7502-03, 7503-01, 7503-02, 7503-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 7502-02, 7502-04, 7504-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 7504-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 7505-01
Dams/Hydro	Diversion Channel and Forebay	
Dams/Hydro	Guajataca Dam	

38. *Jayuya*

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8301-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8301-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8301-02, 8302-04, 8302-05
Substations	Jayuya Minor Rprs - 8301	



39. Juana Díaz

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5804-02, 5817-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5801-04, 5802-03, 5805-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5801-01, 5802-01, 5802-02, 5802-04, 5803-02, 5804-01, 5817-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5802-05
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5801-02, 5808-01, 5808-02
Dams/Hydro	Juana Diaz Channel	

40. Juncos

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3201-02, 3201-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3202-01, 3205-07
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3205-08
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3201-01, 3201-03, 3205-09
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3205-10

41. Lajas

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6601-03, 6601-04, 6603-01



Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6601-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6601-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6603-03
Dams/Hydro	Lajas Irrigation Channels	
Dams/Hydro	Lajas Lateral Channels	

42. Lares

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 7902-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 7901-01, 7901-02, 7902-03, 7903-06
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 7901-03, 7901-04, 7902-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 7903-07
Substations	Bartolo TRF 7902	
Dams/Hydro	Prieto Dam	

43. Las Marías

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6201-01, 6201-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6201-03



44. Las Piedras

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 2801-02, 2801-03, 2803-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 2803-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 2801-01, 2803-03

45. Loiza

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 2403-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 2403-02

46. Luquillo

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 2201-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 2201-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 2201-02, 2201-03

47. Manatí

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8404-03



Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8404-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8401-02, 8401-03, 8404-01, 8404-02, 8405-01, 8405-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8401-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8401-04, 8405-02, 8405-04
Substations	Manati TC BKR 230kV	

48. Maricao

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6301-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6301-02, 6305-02, 6305-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6303-01, 6306-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6301-03

49. Maunabo

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 4301-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 4301-02, 4301-03, 4301-04



50. Mayagüez

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6001-05, 6014-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6010-02, 6010-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6001-03, 6002-05, 6005-02, 6008-04, 6010-01, 6012-02, 6012-03, 6012-05, 6014-01, 6015-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6002-01, 6003-03, 6004-02, 6014-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6001-01, 6001-04, 6002-04, 6003-01, 6004-03, 6004-05, 6005-01, 6007-02, 6007-04, 6007-05, 6008-02, 6008-05, 6012-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6001-02, 6002-02, 6002-03, 6003-02, 6015-01
Substations	Mayaguez Generation & Transmission Modernization and Hardening	
Generation	Mayaguez Gas Plant Repairs	
Buildings	Mayaguez Region Miscellaneous Repairs	

51. Moca

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 7103-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 7101-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 7101-04, 7104-06
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 7101-03, 7103-01, 7103-04, 7104-05
Dams/Hydro	Moca Channel	



52. Morovis

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8801-01, 8801-02, 8801-03, 8801-04

53. Naguabo

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 2701-01, 2701-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 2702-01, 2702-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 2701-02
Substations	Rio Blanco Generation & Transmission Modernization and Hardening	
Substations	Rio Blanco TC Grid Constraint Mitigation	
Substations	Naguabo 2701	
Dams/Hydro	Rio Blanco Hydroelectric System Connection	
Dams/Hydro	Rio Blanco Penstock	
Dams/Hydro	Rio Blanco	
Generation	Daguao Gas Plant Repairs	
Generation	Mobile Emergency Generation	

54. Naranjito

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9802-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9801-02



Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9801-01, 9801-03

55. Orocovis

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 9902-01, 9902-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 9902-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 9901-01, 9901-02
Dams/Hydro	Guineo Dam	
Dams/Hydro	Guineo Reservoir	
Dams/Hydro	Toro Negro Hydroelectric System Connection (4)	
Dams/Hydro	Toro Negro Hydroelectric System Connection between Splitter box and Aceitunas Forebay	
Dams/Hydro	Matrullas Building	
Dams/Hydro	Matrullas Dam	
Dams/Hydro	Matrullas Reservoir	
Dams/Hydro	Toro Negro 2	
Dams/Hydro	Toro Negro 2 Penstock	

56. Patillas

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 4201-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 4201-02, 4201-03, 4201-04



Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Dams/Hydro	Patillas Channel	
Dams/Hydro	Patillas Dam	

57. Peñuelas

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5401-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5403-01, 5401-02, 5401-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5401-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5402-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5403-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5402-02
Substations	Tallaboa 5402	
Generation	New Black Start System at Costa Sur	

58. Ponce

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5004-06, 5004-07, 5018-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5001-02, 5002-01, 5002-03, 5002-04, 5004-09, 5005-03, 5007-01, 5012-03, 5012-04, 5013-01, 5013-02, 5018-02, 5018-05, 5021-01, 5021-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5001-04, 5003-01, 5005-05, 5008-03, 5008-04, 5010-03, 5011-03, 5011-04, 5016-01



Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5013-03, 5016-02, 5018-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5001-03, 5001-05, 5002-02, 5003-02, 5003-03, 5004-08, 5005-01, 5005-02, 5007-02, 5007-03, 5007-04, 5008-01, 5011-05, 5012-01, 5012-02, 5016-03, 5018-04, 5019-01, 5019-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5003-04, 5004-10, 5005-04, 5007-05, 5010-04, 5010-06, 5011-01, 5011-02, 5012-05
Substations	Canas TC BKRS 115kV	
Buildings	Ponce Calle Villa	
Buildings	Ponce Region Miscellaneous Repairs	

59. Quebradillas

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 7402-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 7402-03, 7402-05, 7403-02, 7403-03, 7404-06
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 7402-02, 7403-01

60. Rincón

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 7301-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 7301-01, 7301-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 7301-05, 7303-01



Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 7301-02, 7303-02, 7303-03

61. Rio Grande

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 2301-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 2306-01, 2306-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 2301-03, 2302-03, 2305-01, 2305-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 2301-01, 2302-01, 2302-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 2305-03, 2305-04
Substations	Rio Grande Estates - CH - 2306	
Dams/Hydro	Icacos Dam	

62. Sabana Grande

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 6501-01, 6501-02, 6501-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 6501-03
Substations	Sabana Grande Minor Rprs - 6501	



63. Salinas

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 4503-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 4501-01, 4502-01, 4502-02, 4503-02, 4504-01, 4504-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 4501-03, 4501-04, 4501-05, 4504-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 4501-02
Substations	Aguirre BKRS 230kV	
Substations	Salinas Urbano Minor Rprs - 4501	
Substations	Aguirre Generation & Switchyard Modernization & Hardening	
Generation	New Black Start System at Aguirre	
Generation	Aguirre CC Main Power Transformer	
Generation	Aguirre Steam Plant Repairs	
Generation	Aguirre Unit 1 Major Overhaul	
Environmental	Whitefish Staging Area Aguirre Power Plant	

64. San Germán

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6401-04, 6404-02, 6404-03, 6406-02, 6406-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 6401-01, 6401-02, 6401-03, 6404-01, 6404-04
Buildings	San Germán ESC	



65. San Juan

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - San Juan Region	Feeders: 1117-11, 1346-02, 1620-02, 1303-01, 1303-02, 1303-05, 1330-01, 1529-15
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - San Juan Region	Feeders: 1346-03, 1346-04, 1346-05, 1416-05, 1421-03, 1519-02, 1526-02, 1526-03, 1531-02, 1531-03, 1531-05, 1201-02, 1206-01, 1303-04, 1330-02, 1342-02, 1342-04, 1404-06, 1404-07, 1520-02, 1520-04, 1525-01, 1525-03, 1529-11, 1529-13
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - San Juan Region	Feeders: 1014-18, 1105-04, 1106-04, 1111-01, 1111-02, 1113-02, 1114-01, 1115-05, 1118-10, 1119-04, 1301-03, 1327-10, 1336-08, 1348-06, 1401-07, 1414-05, 1416-02, 1416-03, 1416-04, 1424-06, 1519-03, 1526-04, 1620-04, 1201-01, 1206-03, 1206-04, 1342-01, 1342-05, 1520-01, 1520-05, 1525-02, 1525-05, 1529-12, 1803-02, 1803-03, 1803-04, 1803-05
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - San Juan Region	Feeders: 1106-05, 1109-05, 1110-03, 1113-05, 1115-02, 1115-03, 1115-04, 1116-01, 1117-08, 1118-07, 1118-09, 1119-02, 1133-04, 1301-02, 1301-04, 1310-03, 1327-11, 1327-12, 1328-04, 1329-01, 1335-04, 1336-06, 1336-07, 1336-09, 1336-10, 1345-01, 1345-02, 1345-05, 1346-06, 1348-07, 1348-08, 1419-09, 1422-04, 1423-02, 1437-03, 1437-04, 1437-05, 1519-01, 1526-05, 1531-01, 1620-01, 1620-03, 1620-05, 1303-03, 1330-04, 1525-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - San Juan Region	Feeders: 1001-01, 1001-02, 1001-03, 1002-01, 1002-02, 1002-03, 1011-01, 1011-02, 1011-03, 1011-04, 1011-05, 1012-06, 1012-07, 1012-08, 1012-09, 1012-10, 1013-12, 1013-13, 1014-16, 1100-01, 1100-02, 1100-03, 1100-05, 1101-01, 1102-01, 1102-02, 1102-03, 1102-04, 1102-05, 1105-01, 1105-02, 1105-05, 1106-01, 1106-02, 1107-04, 1107-05, 1109-01, 1109-02, 1109-04, 1110-01, 1110-02, 1110-05, 1112-04, 1113-01, 1113-03, 1113-04, 1114-02,



Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
		1114-03, 1116-03, 1116-04, 1116-05, 1117-09, 1118-08, 1119-01, 1119-03, 1119-05, 1120-06, 1120-08, 1120-09, 1120-10, 1133-01, 1133-02, 1136-01, 1301-01, 1310-01, 1310-04, 1310-05, 1327-09, 1328-01, 1328-02, 1328-03, 1328-05, 1329-02, 1329-03, 1329-04, 1329-05, 1334-01, 1334-02, 1335-01, 1335-02, 1335-03, 1335-05, 1338-01, 1338-02, 1338-03, 1338-04, 1338-05, 1345-03, 1345-04, 1346-01, 1359-01, 1359-02, 1359-03, 1359-04, 1359-05, 1359-06, 1359-07, 1401-06, 1401-08, 1401-09, 1401-10, 1414-02, 1414-04, 1416-01, 1418-01, 1418-02, 1418-05, 1419-13, 1420-02, 1420-03, 1420-05, 1421-01, 1421-02, 1421-04, 1422-02, 1422-03, 1422-05, 1423-01, 1423-03, 1423-04, 1424-07, 1424-08, 1437-01, 1512-04, 1519-04, 1521-01, 1521-02, 1526-01, 1206-02, 1342-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - San Juan Region	Feeders: 1414-01, 1414-03, 1418-03, 1418-04, 1419-10, 1419-11, 1419-12, 1420-01, 1420-04, 1421-05, 1423-05, 1437-02, 1512-05, 1519-05, 1404-08, 1404-09
Substations	Baldrich - MC - 1422	
Substations	Berwind TC- MC - 1336	
Substations	Cachete - MC - 1526	
Substations	Centro Medico 1 & 2 1327 & 1359	
Substations	Condado - MC - 1133	
Substations	Covadonga GIS Minor Rprs - 1011	
Substations	Crematorio - MC - 1512	
Substations	Egozcue - MC - 1109	
Substations	Esc. Industrial M. Such - MC - 1423	
Substations	Fonalledas GIS Rebuilt 1401 1421	
Substations	Hato Rey TC GIS UG Terminal	



Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Substations	Isla Grande 1101	
Substations	Isla Grande GIS	
Substations	Las Lomas TRF 1525	
Substations	Llorens Torres - MC - 1106	
Substations	Parques y Recreos - MC - 1002	
Substations	Puerto Nuevo - MC - 1520	
Substations	Santurce Planta (Sect) 1116	
Substations	Taft - MC - 1105	
Substations	Tapia GIS Rebuilt	
Substations	Viaducto TC - MC - 1100	
Substations	San Juan 115kV GIS	
Generation	New Combined Cycle	
Generation	San Juan Steam Plant Repairs	
Generation	San Juan Unit 10 Repairs	
Buildings	San Juan -Santurce Building Complex	

66. San Lorenzo

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3302-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3301-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3302-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders:3301-02, 3302-01, 3302-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 3301-03



67. San Sebastián

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 7801-01, 7801-03, 7802-03, 7802-04, 7805-11, 7805-13
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 7802-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 7801-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Mayaguez Region	Feeders: 7801-04
Dams/Hydro	Guajataca Reservoir	

68. Santa Isabel

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 4401-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 4401-01, 4401-02, 4401-04, 4402-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 4402-01
Buildings	Santa Isabel ESC & Commercial Office	

69. Toa Alta

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9403-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9401-01, 9401-02, 9401-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9403-01, 9405-05, 9405-09



Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9403-02, 9405-08
Buildings	Toa Alta Improvement and Construction	

70. Toa Baja

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 1718-02, 9404-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 1718-01, 1718-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9404-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 1718-04
Substations	Palo Seco Generation & Transmission Modernization and Hardening	
Generation	Mobile Emergency Generation	
Generation	Palo Seco Steam Plant Repairs	
Buildings	Palo Seco North & South	
Buildings	Toa Baja Technical Services	

71. Trujillo Alto

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - San Juan Region	Feeders: 1204-03, 1204-04, 1204-05
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - San Juan Region	Feeders: 1203-01, 1203-02, 1203-03, 1205-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - San Juan Region	Feeders: 1204-02, 1205-02, 1205-03



72. Utuado

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8104-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8101-01, 8101-03, 8101-04, 8101-05, 8103-01, 8103-02, 8104-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Arecibo Region	Feeders: 8101-02, 8104-05
Dams/Hydro	Caonillas 1	
Dams/Hydro	Caonillas Dam	
Dams/Hydro	Caonillas Reservoir	
Dams/Hydro	Vivi Dam	

73. Vega Alta

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9101-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9105-07
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9105-08
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9101-01, 9101-03, 9103-01, 9103-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9103-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9105-06



74. Vega Baja

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9001-01, 9001-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9002-02, 9003-06
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9004-08, 9004-10
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9002-01, 9002-03, 9003-05
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Bayamon Region	Feeders: 9004-11
Generation	Mobile Emergency Generation	
Generation	Vega Baja Gas Plant Repairs	

75. Vieques

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Carolina Region	Feeders: 2501-01, 2501-02, 501-03
Substations	Vieques SUB 2501	

76. Villalba

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5901-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5901-01, 5901-03, 5902-02, 5902-03
Dams/Hydro	Guayabal Dam	
Dams/Hydro	Guayabal Reservoir	
Dams/Hydro	Toro Negro 1	



77. Yabucoa

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 2901-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 2901-01, 2901-02, 2901-04
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 2906-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Caguas Region	Feeders: 2906-03, 2906-04
Generation	Mobile Emergency Generation	
Generation	Yabucoa Gas Plant Repairs	

78. Yauco

Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5303-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Short Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5302-04, 5304-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5302-01, 5302-02, 5304-01
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Intermediate Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5301-01, 5303-02, 5304-05, 5305-03
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 1 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5302-03, 5304-02
Distribution	Distribution Feeders - Long Term Group - Tier 2 - Ponce Region	Feeders: 5305-04
Dams/Hydro	Loco Dam	
Dams/Hydro	Loco Reservoir	
Dams/Hydro	Luchetti Dam	
Dams/Hydro	Luchetti Reservoir	



Asset Category	Project Name	Notes
Dams/Hydro	Yauco 1	
Dams/Hydro	Yauco 2	