

**GOVERNMENT OF PUERTO RICO
PUERTO RICO PUBLIC SERVICE REGULATORY BOARD
PUERTO RICO ENERGY BUREAU**

NEPR Received: Feb 23, 2023 10:32 AM

IN RE:

IN RE: REVIEW OF THE PUERTO RICO
ELECTRIC POWER AUTHORITY'S 10-
YEAR INFRASTRUCTURE PLAN-
DECEMBER 2020

CASE NO. NEPR-MI-2021-0002

SUBJECT: Motion Submitting Three FEMA Approvals of Projects, Request for Confidential Treatment, and Supporting Memorandum of Law

**MOTION SUBMITTING THREE FEMA APPROVAL OF PROJECTS,
REQUEST FOR CONFIDENTIAL TREATMENT AND SUPPORTING
MEMORANDUM OF LAW**

TO THE PUERTO RICO ENERGY BUREAU:

COME NOW LUMA Energy, LLC¹, and LUMA Energy ServCo, LLC², (jointly referred to as "LUMA"), through the undersigned legal counsel and respectfully submit the following:

I. Submittal of FEMA Approvals and Request for Confidentiality

1. On March 26, 2021, this Honorable Puerto Rico Energy Bureau ("Energy Bureau") issued a Resolution and Order in the instant proceeding, ordering, in pertinent part, that the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority ("PREPA") submit to the Energy Bureau the specific transmission and distribution projects ("T&D Projects" or "projects") to be funded with Federal Emergency Management Agency ("FEMA") funds or any other federal funds at least thirty (30) calendar days prior to submitting these projects to the Puerto Rico Central Office for Recovery, Reconstruction and Resiliency ("COR3"), FEMA or any other federal agency ("March 26th Order"). It also directed PREPA to continue reporting to the Energy Bureau and FEMA within the next five years,

¹ Register No. 439372.

² Register No. 439373.

the progress of all ongoing efforts related to the approval of the submitted projects not yet approved by the Energy Bureau. This Energy Bureau thereafter determined that this directive applied to PREPA and LUMA. *See* Resolution and Order of August 20, 2021.

2. On August 30, 2021, LUMA filed a *Motion Requesting Clarification of a Portion of the Energy Bureau’s Resolution and Order Entered on August 20, 2021, and Submitting Updated List of Transmission and Distribution Projects and Twenty-Nine Scope of Work* (“August 30th Motion”). In the August 30th Motion, LUMA submitted twenty-nine (29) SOWs for T&D Projects for the Energy Bureau’s review and approval prior to submitting them to COR3 and FEMA. The SOWs submitted by LUMA included the “FAASt Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Ponce Group 7 (Distribution),” “FAASt Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair – Mayagüez Group 11 (Distribution),” and “FAASt [Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - San Juan Group 10] (Distribution)” T&D Projects.³

3. On September 22, 2021, the Energy Bureau issued a Resolution and Order. It determined that most of the SOWs for T&D projects submitted by LUMA were necessary to improve the system’s reliability (“September 22nd Order”). Therefore, it approved most of the projects presented in the August 30th Motion, including the “FAASt Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Ponce Group 7 (Distribution),” “FAASt Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - MayaguezGroup 11 (Distribution),” and “FAASt [Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - San JuanGroup 10] (Distribution)” T&D Projects SOWs. The Energy Bureau also ordered

³ The “FAASt Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Ponce Group 7 (Distribution),” “FAASt Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair – Mayaguez Group 11 (Distribution),” and “FAASt [Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - San Juan Group 10] (Distribution)” T&D Projects were submitted initially to the Energy Bureau as the “Distribution Pole & Conductor Replacement,” which encompassed pole and conductor replacement projects throughout Puerto Rico but was later divided into individual projects per regions.

LUMA to submit a copy of the approval by COR3 and/or FEMA of the projects, which shall contain the costs obligated for each project within ten (10) days of receiving such approval.

4. In compliance with the September 22nd Order, LUMA hereby submits copies of approvals by FEMA of the projects issued on February 15, 2023.⁴ *See Exhibit 1* to this Motion. The document states FEMA’s approvals and includes the cost obligated for each project.

5. LUMA is submitting herein a redacted public version of the FEMA approvals (**Exhibit 1**) protecting confidential information associated with Critical Energy Infrastructure Information (“CEII”). The FEMA approvals of the “FAASt Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Ponce Group 7 (Distribution),” “FAASt Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Mayagüez Group 11 (Distribution),” and “FAASt [Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - San Juan Group 10] (Distribution)” T&D Projects are protected from disclosure as CEII, *see, e.g.*, 6 U.S.C. §§ 671-674; 18 C.F.R. §388.113 (2020), and pursuant to the Bureau’s Policy on Management of Confidential Information. *See* Energy Bureau’s Policy on Management of Confidential Information, CEPR-MI-2016-0009, issued on August 31, 2016, as amended by Resolution dated September 20, 2016.

II. Memorandum of Law in Support of Request for Confidentiality

A. Applicable Laws and Regulations to Submit Information Confidentially Before the Energy Bureau

6. The bedrock provision on the management of confidential information filed before this Energy Bureau, is Section 6.15 of Act 57-2014, known as the “Puerto Rico Energy Transformation and Relief Act.” It provides, in pertinent part, that: “[i]f any person who is required

⁴ It is important to note that knowledge of any FEMA approval for a T&D Project is acquired once FEMA makes the information available via its grant portal.

to submit information to the [Energy Bureau] believes that the information to be submitted has any confidentiality privilege, such person may request the [Energy Bureau] to treat such information as such [...]” 22 LPRA §1054n. If the Energy Bureau determines, after appropriate evaluation, that the information should be protected, “it shall grant such protection in a manner that least affects the public interest, transparency, and the rights of the parties involved in the administrative procedure in which the allegedly confidential document is submitted.” *Id.* §1054n(a).

7. Access to confidential information shall be provided “only to the lawyers and external consultants involved in the administrative process after the execution of a confidentiality agreement.” *Id.* §1054n(b). Finally, Act 57-2014 provides that this Energy Bureau “shall keep the documents submitted for its consideration out of public reach only in exceptional cases. In these cases, the information shall be duly safeguarded and delivered exclusively to the personnel of the [Energy Bureau] who needs to know such information under nondisclosure agreements. However, the [Energy Bureau] shall direct that a non-confidential copy be furnished for public review.” *Id.* §1054n(c).

8. Relatedly, in connection with the duties of electric power service companies, Section 1.10 (i) of Act 17-2019 provides that electric power service companies shall provide the information requested by customers, except for confidential information in accordance with the Rules of Evidence of Puerto Rico.

9. Moreover, the Energy Bureau’s Policy on Management of Confidential Information details the procedures a party should follow to request that a document or portion thereof be afforded confidential treatment. In essence, the referenced Policy requires identifying confidential information and filing a memorandum of law explaining the legal basis and support for a request

to file information confidentially. *See* CEPR-MI-2016-0009, Section A, as amended by the Resolution of September 20, 2016, CEPR-MI-2016-0009. The memorandum should also include a table that identifies the confidential information, a summary of the legal basis for the confidential designation, and why each claim or designation conforms to the applicable legal basis of confidentiality. *Id.* at ¶ 3. The party who seeks confidential treatment of information filed with the Energy Bureau must also file both a “redacted” or “public version” and an “unredacted” or “confidential” version of the document that contains confidential information. *Id.* at ¶ 6.

10. The Energy Bureau’s Policy on Management of Confidential Information states the following with regard to access to validated Trade Secret Information and CEII:

1. Trade Secret Information
Any document designated by the [Energy Bureau] as Validated Confidential Information because it is a trade secret under Act 80-2011 may only be accessed by the Producing Party and the [Energy Bureau], unless otherwise set forth by the [Energy Bureau] or any competent court.
2. Critical Energy Infrastructure Information (“CEII”)
The information designated by the [Energy Bureau] as Validated Confidential Information on the grounds of being CEII may be accessed by the parties’ authorized representatives only after they have executed and delivered the Nondisclosure Agreement.

Those authorized representatives who have signed the Non-Disclosure Agreement may only review the documents validated as CEII at the [Energy Bureau] or the Producing Party’s offices. During the review, the authorized representatives may not copy or disseminate the reviewed information and may bring no recording device to the viewing room.

Id. at § D (on Access to Validated Confidential Information).

11. Regulation No. 8543, *Regulation on Adjudicative, Notice of Noncompliance, Rate Review, and Investigation Proceedings*, also includes a provision for filing confidential

information in proceedings before this Energy Bureau. To wit, Section 1.15 provides that “a person has the duty to disclose information to the [Energy Bureau] considered to be privileged pursuant to the Rules of Evidence, said person shall identify the allegedly privileged information, request the [Energy Bureau] the protection of said information, and provide supportive arguments, in writing, for a claim of information of privileged nature. The [Energy Bureau] shall evaluate the petition and, if it understands [that] the material merits protection, proceed according to [...] Article 6.15 of Act No. 57-2015, as amended.” *See also* Energy Bureau Regulation No. 9137 on *Performance Incentive Mechanisms*, § 1.13 (addressing disclosure before the Energy Bureau of Confidential Information and directing compliance with Resolution CEPR-MI-2016-0009).

B. Request for Confidentiality

12. The FEMA approvals with CEII included in **Exhibit 1** contains portions of CEII that, under relevant federal law and regulations, are protected from public disclosure. LUMA stresses that the FEMA approvals with CEII warrant confidential treatment to protect critical infrastructure from threats that could undermine the system and negatively affect electric power services to the detriment of the interests of the public, customers, and citizens of Puerto Rico. In several proceedings, this Energy Bureau has considered and granted requests by PREPA to submit

CEII under seal of confidentiality.⁵ In at least two proceedings on Data Security,⁶ and Physical Security,⁷ this Energy Bureau, *motu proprio*, has conducted proceedings confidentially, thereby recognizing the need to protect CEII from public disclosure.

13. Additionally, this Energy Bureau has granted requests by LUMA to protect CEII in connection with LUMA's System Operation Principles. *See* Resolution and Order of May 3, 2021, table 2 on page 4, Case No. NEPR-MI-2021-0001 (granting protection to CEII included in LUMA's Responses to Requests for Information). Similarly, in the proceedings on LUMA's proposed Initial Budgets and System Remediation Plan, this Energy Bureau granted confidential designation to several portions of LUMA's Initial Budgets and Responses to Requests for Information. *See* Resolution and Order of April 22, 2021, on Initial Budgets, table 2 on pages 3-4, and Resolution and Order of April 22, 2021, on Responses to Requests for Information, table 2 on pages 8-10, Case No. NEPR-MI-2021-0004; Resolution and Order of April 23, 2021, on Confidential Designation of Portions of LUMA's System Remediation Plan, table 2 on page 5, and Resolution and Order of May 6, 2021, on Confidential Designation of Portions of LUMA's

⁵ *See e.g., In re Review of LUMA's System Operation Principles*, NEPR-MI-2021-0001 (Resolution and Order of May 3, 2021); *In re Review of the Puerto Rico Power Authority's System Remediation Plan*, NEPR-MI-2020-0019 (order of April 23, 2021); *In re Review of LUMA's Initial Budgets*, NEPR-MI-2021-0004 (order of April 21, 2021); *In re Implementation of Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority Integrated Resource Plan and Modified Action Plan*, NEPR MI 2020-0012 (Resolution of January 7, 2021, granting partial confidential designation of information submitted by PREPA as CEII); *In re Optimization Proceeding of Minigrad Transmission and Distribution Investments*, NEPR MI 2020-0016 (where PREPA filed documents under seal of confidentiality invoking, among others, that a filing included confidential information and CEII); *In re Review of the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority Integrated Resource Plan*, CEPR-AP-2018-0001 (Resolution and Order of July 3, 2019 granting confidential designated and request made by PREPA that included trade secrets and CEII) *but see* Resolution and Order of February 12, 2021 reversing in part, grant of confidential designation).

⁶ *In re Review of the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority Data Security Plan*, NEPR-MI-2020-0017.

⁷ *In re Review of the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority Physical Security Plan*, NEPR-MI-2020-0018.

Responses to Requests for Information on System Remediation Plan, table 2 at pages 7-9, Case No. NEPR-MI-2020-0019.

14. As mentioned above, the Energy Bureau's Policy on Management of Confidential Information provides for the management of CEII. It directs that the parties' authorized representatives access information validated as CEII only after executing and delivering a Non-Disclosure Agreement.

15. Generally, CEII or critical infrastructure information is exempted from public disclosure because it involves assets and information which pose public security, economic, health, and safety risks. Federal Regulations on CEII, particularly, 18 C.F.R. § 388.113, state that:

Critical energy infrastructure information means specific engineering, vulnerability, or detailed design information about proposed or existing critical infrastructure that:

- (i) Relates details about the production, generation, transportation, transmission, or distribution of energy;
- (ii) Could be useful to a person in planning an attack on critical infrastructure;
- (iii) Is exempt from mandatory disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. 552; and
- (iv) Does not simply give the general location of the critical infrastructure.

Id.

16. Additionally, “[c]ritical electric infrastructure means a system or asset of the bulk-power system, whether physical or virtual, the incapacity or destruction of which would negatively affect national security, economic security, public health or safety, or any combination of such matters. *Id.* Finally, “[c]ritical infrastructure means existing and proposed systems and assets, whether physical or virtual, the incapacity or destruction of which would negatively affect security, economic security, public health or safety, or any combination of those matters.” *Id.*

17. The Critical Infrastructure Information Act of 2002, 6 U.S.C. §§ 671-674 (2020), part of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, protects critical infrastructure information (“CII”).⁸ CII is defined as “information not customarily in the public domain and related to the security of critical infrastructure or protected systems [...]” 6 U.S.C. § 671 (3).⁹

⁸ Regarding protection of voluntary disclosures of critical infrastructure information, 6 U.S.C. § 673, provides in pertinent part, that CII:

- (A) shall be exempt from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act;
- (B) shall not be subject to any agency rules or judicial doctrine regarding ex parte communications with a decision-making official;
- (C) shall not, without the written consent of the person or entity submitting such information, be used directly by such agency, any other Federal, State, or local authority, or any third party, in any civil action arising under Federal or State law if such information is submitted in good faith;
- (D) shall not, without the written consent of the person or entity submitting such information, be used or disclosed by any officer or employee of the United States for purposes other than the purposes of this part, except—
 - (i) in furtherance of an investigation or the prosecution of a criminal act; or
 - (ii) when disclosure of the information would be--
 - (I) to either House of Congress, or to the extent of matter within its jurisdiction, any committee or subcommittee thereof, any joint committee thereof or subcommittee of any such joint committee; or
 - (II) to the Comptroller General, or any authorized representative of the Comptroller General, in the course of the performance of the duties of the Government Accountability Office
- (E) shall not, be provided to a State or local government or government agency; of information or records;
 - (i) be made available pursuant to any State or local law requiring disclosure of information or records;
 - (ii) otherwise be disclosed or distributed to any party by said State or local government or government agency without the written consent of the person or entity submitting such information; or
 - (iii) be used other than for the purpose of protecting critical Infrastructure or protected systems, or in furtherance of an investigation or the prosecution of a criminal act.
- (F) does not constitute a waiver of any applicable privilege or protection provided under law, such as trade secret protection.

⁹ CII includes the following types of information:

- (A) actual, potential, or threatened interference with, attack on, compromise of, or incapacitation of critical infrastructure or protected systems by either physical or computer-based attack or other similar conduct (including the misuse of or unauthorized access to all types of communications and data transmission systems) that violates Federal, State, or local law, harms interstate commerce of the United States, or threatens public health or safety;

18. The FEMA approvals with CEII in **Exhibit 1** qualify as CEII because each of these documents contains the express coordinates to power transmission and distribution facilities (18 C.F.R. § 388.113(iv)), and these specific coordinates could potentially be helpful to a person planning an attack on the energy facilities listed as part of this FEMA approvals. The information identified as confidential in this paragraph is not common knowledge and is not made publicly available. Therefore, it is respectfully submitted that, on balance, the public interest in protecting CEII weighs in favor of protecting the relevant portions of the FEMA approvals with CEII in **Exhibit 1** from disclosure, given the nature and scope of the details included in those portions of the Exhibit.

19. Based on the above, LUMA respectfully submits that the FEMA approvals with CEII should be designated as CEII. This designation is a reasonable and necessary measure to protect the specific location of the energy facilities listed or discussed in these FEMA approvals in **Exhibit 1**. Given the importance of ensuring the safe and efficient operation of the generation assets and the T&D System, LUMA respectfully submits that these materials constitute CEII that should be maintained confidentially to safeguard their integrity and protect them from external threats.

(B)the ability of any critical infrastructure or protected system to resist such interference, compromise, or incapacitation, including any planned or past assessment, projection, or estimate of the vulnerability of critical infrastructure or a protected system, including security testing, risk evaluation thereto, risk management planning, or risk audit; or

(C)any planned or past operational problem or solution regarding critical infrastructure or protected systems, including repair, recovery, construction, insurance, or continuity, to the extent it is related to such interference, compromise, or incapacitation.

C. Identification of Confidential Information

20. In compliance with the Energy Bureau’s Policy on Management of Confidential Information, CEPR-MI-2016-0009, below, find a table summarizing the hallmarks of this request for confidential treatment.

Document	Name	Pages in which Confidential Information is Found, if applicable	Summary of Legal Basis for Confidentiality Protection, if applicable	Date Filed
Exhibit 1	FAASt Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Ponce Group 7 (Distribution)	Pages 1, 2, 6, and 12	Critical Energy Infrastructure Information, 18 C.F.R. § 388.113; 6 U.S.C. §§ 671-674.	February 23, 2023
Exhibit 1	FAASt Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair – Mayagüez Group 11 (Distribution)	Pages 1, 2, 6, and 11	Critical Energy Infrastructure Information, 18 C.F.R. § 388.113; 6 U.S.C. §§ 671-674.	February 23, 2023
Exhibit 1	FAASt [Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - San Juan Group 10] (Distribution)	Pages 1, 2, 6, and 12	Critical Energy Infrastructure Information, 18 C.F.R. § 388.113; 6 U.S.C. §§ 671-674.	February 23, 2023

WHEREFORE, LUMA respectfully requests that the Energy Bureau **take notice** of the aforementioned; **accept** the copies of the FEMA approvals attached herein as **Exhibit 1**; and **grant** the request for confidential treatment of **Exhibit 1**.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED.

We hereby certify that we filed this motion using the electronic filing system of this Energy Bureau. We will send an electronic copy of this motion to the attorneys for PREPA, Joannely Marrero-Cruz, jmarrero@diazvaz.law, and Katuska Bolaños-Lugo, kbolanos@diazvaz.law.

In San Juan, Puerto Rico, on this 23rd day of February 2023.



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Exhibit 1
FEMA Approvals

Department of Homeland Security Federal Emergency Management Agency

General Info

Project #	686480	PW#	11229	Project Type	Specialized
Project Category	F - Utilities	Applicant	PR Electric Power Authority (000-UA2QU-00)		
Project Title	FAASt Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Ponce Group 7 (Distribution)			Event	4339DR-PR (4339DR)
Project Size	Large	Declaration Date	9/20/2017		
Activity Completion Date	9/20/2027	Incident Start Date	9/17/2017		
Process Step	Obligated	Incident End Date	11/15/2017		

Damage Description and Dimensions

The Disaster # 4339DR, which occurred between **09/17/2017** and **11/15/2017**, caused:

Damage #1246871; FAASt Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Ponce Group 7

DDD for this facility codified in the 136271 - MEPA078 Puerto Rico Electrical Power Authority Island Wide FAASt Project.

General Facility Information:

- **Facility Type:** Power generation, transmission, and distribution facilities
- **Facility:** Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Ponce Group 7
- **Facility Description:** The specific facilities included in this project are: poles and structures (including their foundations), framing and insulators, load break switches (manual and automated), capacitor banks, voltage regulators, transformers (including lightning arresters and fuse cut-outs), conductors, guy wires, anchoring, grounding assemblies, underground cable, underground cable systems, fault interrupting equipment (fuses, reclosers, and sectionalizers), and any other associated components.
- **Approx. Year Built:** 1980
- **Start GPS Latitude/Longitude:** [REDACTED]
- **End GPS Latitude/Longitude:** [REDACTED]

General Damage Information:

- **Date Damaged:** 9/20/2017
- **Cause of Damage:** High winds & wind driven rain, caused by Cat 4 Hurricane Maria

Final Scope

1246871 **FAASt Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Ponce Group 7**

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this document is to submit for approval the detailed Scope of Work ("SOW") to COR3 and FEMA for the Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair – Ponce Group 7 Project under DR-4339-PR Public Assistance. The document provides a description of the project including scope, schedule, and cost estimates as well as Environmental & Historical Preservation ("EHP") requirements and proposed 406 hazard mitigation work. LUMA Energy is seeking approval from COR3 and FEMA for project funding to repair, restore, or replace the eligible facilities.

LUMA submits this detailed SOW pursuant to the Transmission and Distribution Operations & Maintenance Agreement between Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority ("PREPA"), the Puerto Rico Public-Private Partnerships Authority ("P3A") and LUMA Energy, and in accordance with the Consent to Federal Funding Letter issued by PREPA and P3A and provided herein as Appendix F which collectively provides the necessary consent for LUMA Energy, as agent of PREPA, to undertake work in connection with any Federal Funding requests related to the Transmission and Distribution System submitted to FEMA.

FACILITIES

The facilities listed below are part of the feeder systems in the Ponce Region. These interconnected and inter-functional distribution feeders (sites) are part of the electrical distribution system. All the feeders originate from a substation (start) and serve customers along the route to various locations (end). The coordinates shown below as "GPS End" represent the end of the mainline backbone of each feeder.

Name	Feeder Number	# Of Poles to Replace	GPS Start	GPS End	Phase	Voltage Level (kV)	Constructed Date
CANAS T.C. 4.16 KV	5002-03	6			3 Phase	4.16	More than 20 Years
CANAS T.C. 4.16 KV	5002-04	8			3 Phase	4.16	More than 20 Years
PAMPANOS	5005-03	6			3 Phase	13.2	More than 20 Years
BUENA VISTA	5007-01	4			3 Phase	4.16	More than 20 Years

PROJECT SCOPE OF WORK

Below includes a breakdown of pole replacement by feeder for "Proposed 428 Public Assistance Scope of Work" and "Proposed 406 Hazard Mitigation Grant Program Scope of Work", followed by descriptions of each work type specific to the Scope of Work for this group.

Proposed 428 Public Assistance Scope of Work:

Feeder 5002-03 Scope:

Remove	Quantity	Install	Quantity
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35ft Wood Pole(s)	3	45ft H4 Concrete Pole(s)	3
35ft Wood Pole(s)	1	50ft Galvanized Steel S8 pole(s)	1
45ft Wood Pole(s)	2	45ft H4 Concrete Pole(s)	2

Feeder 5002-04 Scope:

Remove	Quantity	Install	Quantity
35ft Wood Pole(s)	2	45ft H4 Concrete Pole(s)	2
35ft Wood Pole(s)	1	45ft H6 Concrete Pole(s)	1
40ft Wood Pole(s)	2	45ft H4 Concrete Pole(s)	2
40ft Steel Pole(s)	1	45ft H4 Concrete Pole(s)	1
45ft Wood Pole(s)	1	45ft H6 Concrete Pole(s)	1
50ft Wood Pole(s)	1	50ft H6 Concrete Pole(s)	1

Feeder 5005-03 Scope:

Remove	Quantity	Install	Quantity
35ft Wood Pole(s)	4	45ft H4 Concrete Pole(s)	4
35ft Wood Pole(s)	1	50ft Galvanized Steel S8 pole(s)	1
40ft Wood Pole(s)	1	45ft H4 Concrete Pole(s)	1

Feeder 5007-01 Scope:

Remove	Quantity	Install	Quantity
40ft Wood Pole(s)	1	45ft H4 Concrete Pole(s)	1
40ft Wood Pole(s)	1	45ft H6 Concrete Pole(s)	1
50ft Wood Pole(s)	1	45ft H6 Concrete Pole(s)	1
55ft Wood Pole(s)	1	45ft H6 Concrete Pole(s)	1

Detail Descriptions for Planned Field Work:

Pole Replacement

- Remove existing poles, including hardware and install new poles, including hardware, in the same location. If unable to install the replacement in the same location, the pole will be installed within 3 feet.
- All pole installations are to replace existing pole locations; no new locations are included in this scope of work. Refer to Appendix J- EHP Checklist, column C (Soil area and depth impact) for the depths of the poles to be installed.
- Remove the existing foundations as specified in Appendix J- EHP Checklist column I (Concrete Foundation) and replace them with a new concrete foundation bases as per Appendix D-Distribution Construction Standards (Concrete Base Standard). The maximum auger width used is 42" and the maximum depth drilled is 15ft.
- New guy wire/ anchors are to be installed in compliance with Appendix D- Distribution Construction Standards within 3ft from the existing anchor. The maximum distance an anchor will be installed for a 50ft pole is 25ft from the base of the pole, within the right-of-way.
- Brushing will be required in locations to gain access to the pole for replacement. Brushing refers to the removal and clearing of vegetation solely to the extent that it allows crews to conduct work. The brushing of vegetation will be limited to a 15 ft radius surrounding the surface of the pole but not to exceed the width of the right-of-way for the exclusive purpose of gaining access to the pole to conduct repairs. Please see Appendix J- EHP Checklist column H (Brushing/Clearing), Refer to Appendix B- Maps and Pictures for pictures of the vegetation.
- All work for this program will be performed within the current electrical right-of-way.
- This scope of work will not affect water or sewer utility services.

Material Disposal

- PCBs, oil from the transformer and breakers, sealants, and other chemical wastes typical of a construction site are considered hazardous waste and will be disposed of by the contractor in approved facilities as per applicable local regulations. Refer to Appendix C - Waste Management Plan.
- The type of debris that may be found in the process of removal are luminaires, pole arms, photocells, metal scrap, wiring, concrete, steel, and wood poles, etc. The debris will be separated and taken to an approved waste disposal facility in compliance with applicable local regulations. Refer to Appendix C- Waste Management Plan.
- Transformers will be contained and returned to LUMA in compliance with applicable local regulations. The removal of the transformer will require testing of the existing oil for PCB levels, drain oil, and delivery to the approved waste disposal site as per Environmental Regulations. Refer to Appendix C- Waste Management Plan.

Access Roads

- Poles are in close proximity to the roads and are site accessible. The construction of access roads is not required for this scope of work. Refer to Appendix J- EHP Checklist in column G "Site Accessible"

Staging Area

- All materials are stored and dispatched from the Ponce Regional Warehouse. Refer to Appendix L- Warehouse locations. No additional or temporary staging areas are required.

Fill, gravel, sand, etc.:

- Fill, Gravel, and Sand materials will be obtained from an approved supplier as referenced in Appendix A- Approved Supplier List.

List of Equipment to be used:

- Skid Steer, Excavator, Dump trucks, Manlifts, 120-Ton Motor Crane, Boom Trucks 45-ton Crane, Zoom Boom, Air compressor, Truck Digger, Water truck, Pump Truck, Concrete Vibrator, Oil Tanker, Filtering Machine and Flatbed platform.
- Vegetation will be removed utilizing machete, chainsaw, electric pruner, telescopic pole pruner, bucket truck, and/or chipper

Specific List of Permits Required:

- DTOP Endorsements & Municipality Notifications.
- Excavation and Demolition Notification in Department of Transportation and Public Works Agency - (DTOP).
- LUMA will provide proof of all permits.

PROJECT ESTIMATE

The estimated costs (Class 3 Accuracy +/-30%) to complete the project are captured in the table below. The cost estimate was developed utilizing preliminary Architectural and Engineering design information and may be subject to change. LUMA has allocated 10% of the project cost for the mitigation of potential known risks.

Project Cost Estimate	428 Public Assistance
Planning, Permits and Applications	\$12,912
Environmental Management	\$18,456
Engineering	\$46,661
Project Management	\$23,330
Distribution Line	\$466,607
Contingency	\$56,797
Total Project Cost Estimate:	\$624,763
FAASt Project # 686480 (428) Total	\$523,404
FAASt A&E #335168 Total	\$101,359

Work To Be Completed (WTBC): \$624,763

A&E Deduction (Global A&E FAASt 335168) -\$101,359

Project Total Cost: \$523,404

For detailed cost estimate, please refer to document labeled: 686480-DR4339PR-Appendix H - Detail Cost Estimate - Ponce Group 7 Rev0.xlsx

Project Notes:

1. Refer to detailed SOW provided in document 686480-DR4339PR-Detailed SOW Ponce Group 7 Rev1.pdf
2. For reference documents Appendix A thru L, see file labeled:

APPENDIX A - Approved Supplier List

APPENDIX B - Maps and Pictures

APPENDIX C - Waste Management Plan

APPENDIX D - Distribution Construction Standards

APPENDIX E - LUMA Wildlife Avian and Historical Protection Procedure #335

APPENDIX F - Consent to Federal Funding Letter - FEMA/COR3

APPENDIX G - Structure Coordinates APPENDIX H - Detail Cost Estimate

APPENDIX I - PAPPG Appendix J - Cost-Effective Hazard Mitigation Measures

APPENDIX J - EHP Checklist

APPENDIX K - EHP Maps

APPENDIX L - Warehouse Locations

3. For EHP Requirements, refer to pages 6 to 7 of the detailed SOW and reference documents: Appendix J & K.

4. Architectural and Engineering (A&E) costs are deducted given previously obligated Global A&E Project for the subject FAASt PREPA work (see project: 335168 - FAASt A&E PREPA).

406 HMP Scope

Project number: 686480; FAASt Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Ponce Group 7 (Distribution)

Damage # 1246871; FAASt Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Ponce Group 7.

Applicant: PR Electric Power Authority (000-UA2QU-00)

Location: Ponce, Puerto Rico

GPS Latitude/Longitude: Start: [REDACTED]; End: [REDACTED]

Hazard Mitigation Narrative

During the incident period from September 17, 2017, to November 15, 2017, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico experienced hurricane-force winds, heavy rain, flooding, and power outage "loss of power" from Hurricane Maria. The incident caused damage to the electrical system, such as the power generation plants, transmission and distribution lines, substations, communication systems, buildings, among other damages to the infrastructures owned, operated, and maintained by the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority (PREPA).

Project # 686480 (Distribution Pole & Conductor Repair - Ponce Group 7).

The Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair- Ponce Group 7 consists of 4 interconnected and inter-functional distribution feeders (sites) establish the electrical distribution system as follows: Canas T.C. 4.16KV 5002-03, Canas T.C. 4.16KV 5002-04, Pampanos 5005-03 & Buena Vista 5007-01.

The Method of Repair (MOR) included the replacement of the damaged critical distribution poles (wood, concrete or galvanized), cross-arms, insulators, and all associated hardware needed for the new structure. According to the information provided by the Applicant, due to the high velocity hurricane winds, wind-blown debris, and prolonged heavy rain, were the main cause of the damages of the facilities.

In order to minimize the damages in a future event, the Applicant is proposing as a mitigation measure, increase the strength of the poles by increasing the wind tolerance to +160mph. Note: The FEMA Accelerated Award Strategy (FAASt) MOR included the PREPA distribution standards and specifications that were

based on a 145mph sustained winds. However, the new PREPA Standard 2021 updates the design-criteria to a 160mph sustained winds resistant. The +160mph wind tolerance mitigation measure, will protect and make the affected infrastructure more resistant, stronger, and resilient to similar hazards.

Hazard Mitigation Proposal (HMP) Scope of Work:

In order to prevent or reduce future damages from similar events, the applicant proposed the following mitigation measures:

Mitigation Measures (*Replacement*)

➤ To avoid damage in a future event, the Applicant is proposing as a mitigation measure, increase the strength of the poles by increasing the wind tolerance of all materials to +160mph. The FAAsT MOR included the PREPA distribution standards and specifications that were based on a 145mph sustained winds. However, the new PREPA Standard 2021 updates the design-criteria to a 160mph sustained winds resistant. The above mitigation measures will protect and make the affected infrastructure more resistant, stronger, and resilient to similar hazards. Refer to Appendix J: Section VI.D.1 of the PAPPG V3.1.

➤ [Distribution Critical Poles Replacement] 406 Mitigation Scope of Work:

1. Feeder 5002-03 Scope (6ea):

- Replace three (3) 45ft concrete H4 pole by three (3) 50ft Concrete H4 pole.
- No 406 Hazard Mitigation work identified to replace one (1) 50ft galvanized steel S8 poles. In this case, Mitigation is accomplished by 428 PA method of repair (MOR).
- Replace two (2) 45ft concrete H4 pole by two (2) 50ft Galvanized Steel Pole S8.

2. Feeder 5002-04 Scope (8ea):

- Replace five (5) 45ft concrete H4 pole by five (5) 50ft Galvanized Steel Pole S8.
- Replace two (2) 45ft concrete H6 pole by two (2) 50ft Galvanized Steel Pole S8.
- Replace one (1) 50ft concrete H6 pole by one (1) 50ft Galvanized Steel Pole S8.

3. Feeder 5005-03 Scope (6ea):

- Replace five (5) 45ft concrete H4 pole by five (5) 50ft Galvanized Steel Pole S8.
- No 406 Hazard Mitigation work identified to replace one (1) 50ft galvanized steel S8 poles. In this case, Mitigation is accomplished by 428 PA method of repair (MOR).

4. Feeder 5007-01 Scope (4ea):

- Replace one (1) 45ft concrete H4 pole by one (1) 50ft Galvanized Steel Pole S8.
- Replace three (3) 45ft concrete H6 pole by three (3) 50ft Galvanized Steel Pole S8.

Hazard Mitigation Proposal (HMP) Cost:

Total Net Hazard Mitigation Cost (Base Cost) =	\$ 85,891.00
+ HM (Applicant A&E, Management & General Conditions) =	\$ <u>22,761.00</u>
Hazard Mitigation Total Cost =	\$ 108,652.00

HMP Cost-Effectiveness Calculations:

Eligible Cost of PA repair Scope of Work per DI: \$466,607.00

Net Cost of 406 HMP per DI: \$85,891.00

HMR = (Total Net Hazard Mitigation Cost / Project Net In-Kind Repair Cost) x 100

HMR = (\$85,891.00 / \$466,607.00) x 100 = 18.41% (< 100% and Appendix J).

* See Mitigation Profile Documents Tab for complete version of this HMP and supporting documents.

* Due to GM system constraints in the Mitigation Profile Cost Tab, there may be a discrepancy in the total dollar amount of the mitigation proposal (or, the cost effectiveness statement) cited in the Cost Tab of the project(s). Whenever a difference between the Mitigation Cost Tab and the completed HMP cost occurs, the correct dollar amount of the grant proposal will default to the amount of 406 funding cited on the actual HMP document (and the Cost Summary Spreadsheet) uploaded into the Mitigation Profile Documents Tab.

* This project Hazard Mitigation costing / soft cost / factor methodologies followed the same procedures provided in the cost estimates of the PA portion of the project.

Cost

Code	Quantity	Unit	Total Cost	Section
3510 (Engineering And Design Services (Prepa Fasst Global A & E 335168)))	1.00	Lump Sum	(\$101,359.00)	Uncompleted
9201 (PAAP Fixed Estimate (No Value - Tracking Purposes Only))	1.00	Lump Sum	\$0.00	Completed
9001 (Contract (Prepa Faast Project 136271)))	1.00	Lump Sum	\$624,763.00	Uncompleted

CRC Gross Cost \$523,404.00

Total 406 HMP Cost \$108,652.00

Total Insurance Reductions \$0.00

CRC Net Cost \$632,056.00

Federal Share (90.00%) \$568,850.40

Non-Federal Share (10.00%) \$63,205.60

Award Information

Version Information

Version #	Eligibility Status	Current Location	Bundle Number	Project Amount	Cost Share	Federal Share Obligated	Date Obligated
0	Eligible	Awarded	PA-02-PR-4339-PW-11229(13346)	\$632,056.00	90 %	\$568,850.40	2/15/2023

Drawdown History

EMMIE Drawdown Status As of Date	IFMIS Obligation #	Expenditure Number	Expended Date	Expended Amount
No Records				

Obligation History

Version #	Date Obligated	Obligated Cost	Cost Share	IFMIS Status	IFMIS Obligation #
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Subgrant Conditions

- As described in Title 2 Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.) § 200.333, financial records, supporting documents, statistical records and all other non-Federal entity records pertinent to a Federal award must be retained for a period of three (3) years from the date of submission of the final expenditure report or, for Federal awards that are renewed quarterly or annually, from the date of the submission of the quarterly or annual financial report, respectively, as reported to the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity in the case of a subrecipient. Federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities must not impose any other record retention requirements upon non-Federal entities. Exceptions are stated in 2 C.F.R. §200.333(a) – (f)(1) and (2). All records relative to this project are subject to examination and audit by the State, FEMA and the Comptroller General of the United States and must reflect work related to disaster-specific costs.
- In the seeking of proposals and letting of contracts for eligible work, the Applicant/Subrecipient must comply with its Local, State (provided that the procurements conform to applicable Federal law) and Federal procurement laws, regulations, and procedures as required by FEMA Policy 2 CFR Part 200, Procurement Standards, §§ 317-326.
- The Recipient must submit its certification of the subrecipient's completion of all of its small projects and compliance with all environmental and historic preservation requirements within 180 days of the applicant's completion of its last small project, or the latest approved deadline, whichever is sooner.
- When any individual item of equipment purchased with PA funding is no longer needed, or a residual inventory of unused supplies exceeding \$5,000 remains, the subrecipient must follow the disposition requirements in Title 2 Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.) § 200.313-314.
- The terms of the FEMA-State Agreement are incorporated by reference into this project under the Public Assistance award and the applicant must comply with all applicable laws, regulations, policy, and guidance. This includes, among others, the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act; Title 44 of the Code of Federal Regulations; FEMA Policy No. 104-009-2, Public Assistance Program and Policy Guide; and other applicable FEMA policy and guidance.
- The DHS Standard Terms and Conditions in effect as of the declaration date of this emergency declarations or major disaster, as applicable, are incorporated by reference into this project under the Public Assistance grant, which flow down from the Recipient to subrecipients unless a particular term or condition indicates otherwise.
- The Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements set forth at Title 2 Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.) Part 200 apply to this project award under the Public Assistance grant, which flow down from the Recipient to all subrecipients unless a particular section of 2 C.F.R. Part 200, the FEMA-State Agreement, or the terms and conditions of this project award indicate otherwise. See 2 C.F.R. §§ 200.101 and 110.
- The subrecipient must submit a written request through the Recipient to FEMA before it makes a change to the approved scope of work in this project. If the subrecipient commences work associated with a change before FEMA approves the change, it will jeopardize financial assistance for this project. See FEMA Policy No. 104-009-2, Public Assistance Program and Policy Guide.
- The Subrecipient provided the estimate for this PW. FEMA validated the estimate and found it to be reasonable for the work to be performed.
- Pursuant to section 312 of the Stafford Act, 42 U.S.C. 5155, FEMA is prohibited from providing financial assistance to any entity that receives assistance from another program, insurance, or any other source for the same work. The subrecipient agrees to repay all duplicated assistance to FEMA if they receive assistance for the same work from another Federal agency, insurance, or any other source. If an subrecipient receives funding from another federal program for the same purpose, it must notify FEMA through the Recipient and return any duplicated funding.

Insurance

Additional Information

1/24/2023

GENERAL INFORMATION

Event: DR4339-PR

Project: SP 686480

Category of Work: Cat F - Utilities

Applicant: PR Electric Power Authority

Event Type: Hurricane / Hurricane Maria

Cause of Loss: Wind / Wind Driven Rain

Incident Period: 9/17/2017 to 11/15/2017

Total Public Assistance Amount: \$632,056.00 (CRC Gross Cost \$523,404.00 + Mitigation Amount \$108,652.00)

COMMERCIAL INSURANCE INFORMATION

Does the applicant have a Commercial Policy that extends coverage for this facility: Yes

Policies Issued by: Willis Towers Watson, Multinational Insurance Company and Mapfre

Policy Numbers: Willis Towers Watson (B0804Q1966F17, B0804Q14312F17, B0804Q19673F17, B0804Q19672F17, B0804Q18529F17, B0804Q14312F17, B0804Q19674F17, B0804Q18411F17, B0804Q14310F17, B0804Q11038F17, B0804Q14507F17, B0804Q14312F17)

Mapfre Praico Insurance Company (1398178000644)

Multinational Insurance Company (88-CP-000307831-2, 88-CP-000318673-0, 88-CP000318674-0, 88-CP-000318675-0, 88-CP-000318676-0, 88-CP-000318677-0)

Policy Period: From: 5/15/2017 To: 5/15/2018

Policy Limits: \$300,000,000.00

RCV or ACV: Replacement Cost Value

Deductible Amount \$25,000,000.00 each and every occurrence property damage and 30 days each and every occurrence business interruption in respect of Named Windstorm.

Does the Applicant's Commercial Policy extend coverage for the damage described in this project: No

NUMBER OF DAMAGED LOCATIONS INCLUDED IN THIS PROJECT: (1)

Damaged Inventory (DI) #1246871:

FAASt Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Ponce Group 7

Location Description: Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Ponce Group 7

GPS Coordinates: Start [REDACTED] End

Cause of Loss: Wind / Wind Driven Rain

SOV / Schedule #: Not insured

SOV / Schedule Amount: Not insured

Applicable Deductible Amount: N/A

Damage Inventory Amount: \$632,056.00 (CRC Gross Cost \$523,404.00 + Mitigation Amount \$108,652.00)

-

Prior Obtain and Maintain Requirement:

No prior insurance requirements were found for this facility.

-

Reduction(s):

No insurance reduction will be applied to this project as coverage is not anticipated. An anticipated insurance reduction of \$193,746,436.00 was applied to FAAST project # 136271 for anticipated insurance proceeds for Hurricane Maria losses. For ease of reference, please see table of insurance allocations: "PREPA Allocation Plan – All Disasters" file.

-

Obtain and Maintain Requirement:

No Obtain & Maintain Requirement is being mandated for the FAASt Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Ponce Group 7 because the facility does not meet the definition of building, equipment, contents, or vehicle.

Insurance Proceeds Statement:

FEMA acknowledges that the Applicant is in negotiations with their insurance carrier at the time of the FEMA insurance review and might have received partial settlements. In accordance with 44 CFR §206.250-253, in the absence of an actual settlement, anticipated insurance recoveries will be deducted from this project based on Applicant's insurance policy limits. FEMA subsequently adjusts the eligible costs based on the actual amount of insurance proceeds the Applicant receives after a final settlement.

FEMA's Recovery Policy FP 206-086-1, Public Assistance Policy on Insurance (June 29, 2015), requires applicants to take reasonable efforts to recover insurance proceeds that it is entitled to receive from its insurers. FEMA will consider final insurance settlements that may be less than the insurance policy limits when an applicant demonstrates that it has taken reasonable efforts to recover insurance proceeds that it is entitled on a case-by-case basis.

Standard Insurance Comments

FEMA Policy 206-086-1

PART 2: Other Insurance-Related Provisions. (Sections 312 and 406(d) of the Stafford Act)

A. Duplication of Benefits. FEMA cannot provide assistance for disaster-related losses that duplicate benefits available to an applicant from another source, including insurance.

1. Before FEMA approves assistance for a property, an applicant must provide FEMA with information about any actual or anticipated insurance settlement or recovery it is entitled to for that property.
2. FEMA will reduce assistance to an applicant by the amount of its actual or anticipated insurance proceeds.
3. Applicants must take reasonable efforts to recover insurance proceeds that they are entitled to receive from their insurer(s).

Jean-Carlo Echevarria, PA Insurance Specialist, CRC Atlantic, Guaynabo, PR

O&M Requirements

There are no Obtain and Maintain Requirements on **FAAST Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Ponce Group 7 (Distribution)**.

406 Mitigation

There is no additional mitigation information on **FAAST Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Ponce Group 7 (Distribution)**.

Environmental Historical Preservation

Is this project compliant with EHP laws, regulations, and executive orders?

Yes

EHP Conditions

- Any change to the approved scope of work will require re-evaluation for compliance with NEPA and other Laws and Executive Orders.
- This review does not address all federal, state and local requirements. Acceptance of federal funding requires recipient to comply with all federal, state and local laws. Failure to obtain all appropriate federal, state and local environmental permits and clearances may jeopardize funding.
- If ground disturbing activities occur during construction, applicant will monitor ground disturbance and if any potential archaeological resources are discovered, will immediately cease construction in that area and notify the State and FEMA.
- Executive Order 11988 - Floodplains - Condition only applies for feeders 5002-03, 5005-03, 5007-01. Applicant must obtain any required permits from the Puerto Rico Permits Management Office (OGPe) prior to initiating work and comply with any conditions of the permit established by the Planning Board (JP) for constructions in floodplains. All coordination (emails, letters, documented phone calls) pertaining to these activities and compliance must be provided and maintained in the Applicant's permanent files.
- Endangered Species Act (ESA) - The Applicant must provide documentation at close-out that proves completion of required Conservation Measures.
- Endangered Species Act (ESA) - Reptiles Conditions for the Puerto Rican Boa (*Epicrates inornatus*) are applicable only for feeder, 5002-04. 1. Inform all personnel about the potential presence of the PR boa and the VI boa in areas where the proposed work will be conducted. Photographs of the PR and VI Boa are to be prominently displayed at the site. The recipient must ensure that project personnel is able to correctly identify a PR or VI boa. For information on PR boa, please visit: <https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6628>. 2. Prior to any construction activity, including removal of vegetation and earth movement, the boundaries of the project area must be delineated, buffer zones, and areas to be excluded and protected, should be clearly marked in the project plan and in the field to avoid further habitat degradation into forested areas. Once areas are clearly marked, and prior to any construction activity, including site preparation, project personnel able to correctly identify a PR or VI boa must survey the areas to be cleared to ensure that no boas are present within the work area. Vehicle and equipment operation must remain on designated access roads/paths and within rights-of way. 3. If a PR boa is found within any of the working or construction areas, activities should stop in the area where the boa was found. Do not capture the boa. If boas need to be moved out of harm's way, project personnel designated by the recipient shall immediately contact the Puerto Rico Department of Natural and Environmental Resources (PRDNER) Rangers for safe capture and relocation of the animal (PRDNER phone #s: 787-724-5700, 787-230-5550, 787-771-1124). If immediate relocation is not an option, project-related activities at this area must stop until the boa moves out of harm's way on its own. Activities at other work sites, where no boas have been found after surveying the area, may continue. 4. Measures should be taken to avoid and minimize PR boa casualties by heavy machinery or motor vehicles being used on site. Any heavy machinery left on site (staging) or near potential PR boa habitat (within 50 meters of potential boa habitat), needs to be thoroughly inspected each morning before work starts to ensure that no boas have sheltered within engine compartments or other areas of the equipment. If PR boas are found within vehicles or equipment, do not capture the animal and let it move on its own or call PRDNER Rangers for safe capture and relocation of the boa (PRDNER phone #s: 787-724-5700, 787-230-5550, 787-771-

1124). If not possible, the animal should be left alone until it leaves the vehicle on its own. 5. PR boas may seek shelter in debris piles. Measures should be taken to avoid and minimize boa casualties associated with sheltering in debris piles as a result of project activities. Debris piles should be placed far away from forested areas. Prior to moving, disposing or shredding, debris piles should be carefully inspected for the presence of boas. If PR boas are found within debris piles, do not capture the animal and let it move on its own or call PRDNER Rangers for safe capture and relocation of the animal. If debris piles will be left on site, we recommend they be placed in areas that will not be disturbed in the future. 6. For all boa sightings (dead or alive), personnel designated by the recipient must record the time and date of the sighting and the specific location where the boa was found. Data should also include a photo of the animal dead or alive, and site GPS coordinates, and comments on how the animal was detected and its behavior. If the PR boa was accidentally killed as part of the project actions, please include information on what conservation measures had been implemented and what actions will be taken to avoid further killings. All boa sighting reports should be sent to the USFWS Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office, Marelisa Rivera - Deputy Field Supervisor, 787- 851-7297 extension 206, 787-510-5207, marelisa_rivera@fws.gov.

- Endangered Species Act (ESA) - Birds The below conservation measures apply only to feeder 5002-04 for the species Puerto Rican nightjar. 8. During breeding seasons (see below), nest surveys shall be conducted if a project occurs in a species' range. Nest searches must be conducted by qualified personnel with the appropriate DNER permits prior to start of work. If nesting activity is detected, all construction activities or human disturbance must be avoided within a 200-meter buffer to the closest nest. This avoidance strategy must be kept until fledglings successfully leave the nest permanently. Outside the nesting season, if a nest is encountered, work shall not interfere with the species until they have left the site. If nesting activity is detected, all construction activities or human disturbance must be avoided within a 200-meter buffer to the closest nest. This avoidance strategy must be kept until juvenile birds fledge the nest and are permanently gone. Nesting season: Puerto Rican nightjar (*Anrostomus noctitherus*): February-August. For all nest sightings, the Applicant must record the time and date of the sighting and the specific location where it was found. Data should also include a photo of the nest and eggs, relocation site GPS coordinates, and the time and date of the relocation. All sightings and incidental lethal take reports should be sent to the USFWS Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office, Marelisa Rivera - Deputy Field Supervisor, 787-851-7297 extension 206, 787-510-5207, marelisa_rivera@fws.gov.
- National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) - a. The Subrecipient and/or Subrecipient's contractor shall follow the Low Impact Debris Removal Stipulations (LIDRS) as stated in Appendix E of the Project-Specific Programmatic Agreement Among FEMA, the SHPO, ACHP, COR3, and PREPA (PSPA), executed on August 2, 2022. b. Unexpected Discoveries: Pursuant to Stipulation III.B of the PSPA, if, in the course of implementing this Individual Undertaking(s), previously unidentified structures, sites, buildings, objects, districts, or archaeological deposits, that may be eligible for listing in the National Register, or human remains are uncovered, or if it appears that an Individual Undertaking has affected or will affect a previously identified historic property in an unanticipated manner, the contractor must notify Subrecipient who will immediately notify the Recipient. Work must stop in the vicinity of the discovery and measures must be taken to protect the discovery and avoid additional harm. c. Additional staging areas and/or work pads within work site area haven't been identified yet. The Recipient/Subrecipient and/or private operator must provide the information of any additional staging areas or work pads for EHP evaluation as soon as available specially if any construction activity will be necessary to prepare the site(s). Information for staging areas and/or work pads confined to previously disturbed or hardened surfaces can be provided at close-out.
- Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, aka Solid Waste Disposal Act (RCRA) - 1. The Applicant shall handle, manage, and dispose of all types of hazardous waste in accordance with requirements of local, state, and federal laws, regulations, and ordinances. In addition, the Applicant shall ensure that all debris is separated and disposed of in a manner consistent with the PR DNER guidelines at a permitted site or landfill. The contractor/applicant will be responsible for the proper disposition of construction debris in authorized landfills providing the name, location, coordinates and permits of the facility to the corresponding authorities. 2. The applicant is responsible to ensure damaged transformers are handled, managed and disposed of in accordance with all federal and state laws and requirements. Downed electrical equipment may contain toxic and hazardous materials, such as polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), and may spill these materials if a rupture occurs. Applicant is responsible for screening transformers that do or may contain PCBs and the area where any related spill occurred. The applicant is then responsible to handle, manage, dispose of, or recycle damaged equipment and contaminated soil as appropriate. Where possible, temporary measures should be implemented to prevent, treat, or contain further releases or mitigate the migration of PCBs into the environment. If damaged equipment or material storage containers must be stored temporarily, containers should be placed on hardened surface areas, such as a concrete or an asphalt for no more than 90 days. Excavated contaminated material should be disposed of in accordance with federal and state laws and requirements. 3. Unusable equipment, debris, white goods, scrap metal any other material shall be disposed in approved manner and location. In the event significant items are discovered during the implementation or development of the project the Applicant shall handle, manage and dispose petroleum products, hazardous materials and toxic waste in accordance to the requirements of the local and federal agencies. Noncompliance with these requirements may jeopardize receipt of federal funds.
- NEPA Determination - 1. Additional staging areas and/or work pads within work site area haven't been identified yet. The Recipient/Subrecipient and/or private operator must provide the information of any additional staging areas or work pads

for EHP evaluation as soon as available specially if any construction activity will be necessary to prepare the site(s). Information for staging areas and/or work pads confined to previously disturbed or hardened surfaces can be provided at close-out. 2. All borrow or fill material must come from pre-existing stockpiles, material reclaimed from maintained roadside ditches (provided the designed width or depth of the ditch is not increased), or commercially procured material from a source existing prior to the event. For any FEMA-funded project requiring the use of a non-commercial source or a commercial source that was not permitted to operate prior to the event (e.g., a new pit, agricultural fields, road ROWs, etc.) in whole or in part, regardless of cost, the Applicant must notify FEMA and the Recipient prior to extracting material. FEMA must review the source for compliance with all applicable federal environmental planning and historic preservation laws and executive orders prior to a Sub-recipient or their contractor beginning borrow extraction. Consultation and regulatory permitting may be required. Non-compliance with this requirement may jeopardize receipt of federal funding. Documentation of borrow sources utilized is required at close-out and must include fill type (private, commercial, etc.), name, fill site GPS coordinates (not of the company/governmental office), address, and type of material.

EHP Additional Info

There is no additional environmental historical preservation on **FAASt Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Ponce Group 7 (Distribution)**.

Final Reviews

Final Review

Reviewed By CHIRICO, JOSEPH A.

Reviewed On 02/06/2023 12:26 PM AST

Review Comments

Approved for obligation

Recipient Review

Reviewed By Salgado, Gabriel

Reviewed On 02/07/2023 11:44 AM AST

Review Comments

Recipient review completed. Project is ready for applicant review.

Fixed Cost Offer

As a Public Assistance (PA) Subrecipient PR Electric Power Authority (000-UA2QU-00), in accordance with Section 428 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, the Applicant agrees to accept a permanent work subaward based on a Fixed Cost Offer in the amount of \$632,056.00 for subaward number 11229 under Disaster # 4339. The Applicant accepts responsibility for all costs above the Fixed Cost Offer.

The Applicant understands that by participating in this pilot program they will be reimbursed for allowable costs in accordance with 2 CFR Part 200, and the reimbursement will not exceed the Fixed Cost Offer. The Applicant also understands that by agreeing to this Fixed Cost Offer, they will not receive additional funding related to the facilities or sites included in the subaward. The Applicant also acknowledges that failure to comply with the requirements of applicable laws and regulations governing assistance provided by FEMA and the PA Alternative Procedures Pilot Program Guidance (such as procurement and contracting; environmental and historic preservation compliance; and audit and financial accountability) may lead to loss of federal funding.

Project Signatures

Signed By Miller, Thomas

Signed On 02/07/2023

Department of Homeland Security Federal Emergency Management Agency

General Info

Project #	688472	PW#	11217	Project Type	Specialized
Project Category	F - Utilities	Applicant	PR Electric Power Authority (000-UA2QU-00)		
Project Title	FAASt Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Mayaguez Group 11 (Distribution)			Event	4339DR-PR (4339DR)
Project Size	Large	Declaration Date	9/20/2017		
Activity Completion Date	9/20/2027	Incident Start Date	9/17/2017		
Process Step	Obligated	Incident End Date	11/15/2017		

Damage Description and Dimensions

The Disaster # 4339DR, which occurred between **09/17/2017** and **11/15/2017**, caused:

Damage #1257231; FAASt Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Mayagüez Group 11 (Cabo Rojo y Acacia- 6703-03, 6801-01, 6801-02, 6801-03, 6802-01 & 6802-02)

DDD for this facility codified in the 136271 - MEPA078 Puerto Rico Electrical Power Authority Island Wide FAASt Project.

General Facility Information:

- **Facility Type:** Power generation, transmission, and distribution facilities
- **Facility:** Distribution pole and conductor repair - (Cabo Rojo y Acacia- 6703-03, 6801-01, 6801-02, 6801-03, 6802-01 & 6802-02)
- **Facility Description:** The specific facilities included in this project are: poles and structures (including their foundations), framing and insulators, load break switches (manual and automated), capacitor banks, voltage regulators, transformers (including lightning arresters and fuse cut-outs), conductors, guy wires, anchoring, grounding assemblies, underground cable, underground cable systems, fault interrupting equipment (fuses, reclosers, and sectionalizers), and any other associated components
- **Approx. Year Built:** 1980
- **Start GPS Latitude/Longitude:** [REDACTED]
- **End GPS Latitude/Longitude:** [REDACTED]

General Damage Information:

- **Date Damaged:** 9/20/2017
- **Cause of Damage:** High winds & wind driven rain, caused by Cat 4 Hurricane Maria

Final Scope

1257231

FAASt Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Mayagüez Group 11 (Cabo Rojo y Acacia- 6703-03, 6801-

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this document is to submit for approval the detailed Scope of Work ("SOW") to COR3 and FEMA for the Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair – Mayaguez Group 11 Project under DR-4339-PR Public Assistance. The document provides a description of the project including scope, schedule, and cost estimates as well as Environmental & Historical Preservation ("EHP") requirements and proposed 406 hazard mitigation work. LUMA Energy is seeking approval from COR3 and FEMA for project funding to repair, restore, or replace the eligible facilities.

LUMA submits this detailed SOW pursuant to the Transmission and Distribution Operations & Maintenance Agreement between Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority ("PREPA"), the Puerto Rico Public-Private Partnerships Authority ("P3A") and LUMA Energy, and in accordance with the Consent to Federal Funding Letter issued by PREPA and P3A and provided herein as Appendix F which collectively provides the necessary consent for LUMA Energy, as agent of PREPA, to undertake work in connection with any Federal Funding requests related to the Transmission and Distribution System submitted to FEMA.

FACILITIES

The facilities listed below are part of the feeder systems in the Mayaguez Region. These interconnected and inter-functional distribution feeders (sites) are part of the electrical distribution system. All the feeders originate from a substation (start) and serve customers along the route to various locations (end). The coordinates shown below as "GPS End" represent the end of the mainline backbone of each feeder.

Name	Feeder Number	# Of Poles to Replace	GPS Start	GPS End	Phase	Voltage Level (kV)	Constructed Date
CABO ROJO	6703-03	1			3 Phase	7.2	More than 20 Years
ACACIAS 4.16kV	6801-01	1			3 Phase	4.16	More than 20 Years
ACACIAS 4.16kV	6801-03	2			3 Phase	4.16	More than 20 Years
ACACIAS 13.2kV	6802-01	1			3 Phase	13.2	More than 20 Years
ACACIAS 13.2kV	6802-02	1			3 Phase	13.2	More than 20 Years

PROJECT SCOPE OF WORK

Below includes a breakdown of pole replacement by feeder for "Proposed 428 Public Assistance Scope of Work" and "Proposed 406 Hazard Mitigation Grant Program Scope of Work", followed by descriptions of each work type specific to the Scope of Work for this group.

Proposed 428 Public Assistance Scope of Work:

Feeder 6703-03 Scope:

Remove	Quantity	Install	Quantity
40ft Wood Pole(s)	1	50ft H4 Concrete Pole(s)	1

Feeder 6801-01 Scope:

Remove	Quantity	Install	Quantity
35ft Wood Pole(s)	1	50ft H4 Concrete Pole(s)	1

Feeder 6801-03 Scope:

Remove	Quantity	Install	Quantity
60ft Wood Pole(s)	2	70ft S8 Galvanized Steel Pole(s)	2

Feeder 6802-01 Scope:

Remove	Quantity	Install	Quantity
40ft Wood Pole(s)	1	50ft H4 Concrete Pole(s)	1

Feeder 6802-02 Scope:

Remove	Quantity	Install	Quantity
35ft Wood Pole(s)	1	70ft S8 Galvanized Steel Pole(s)	1

Detail Descriptions for Planned Field Work:

Pole Replacement

- Remove existing poles, including hardware and install new poles, including hardware, in the same location. If unable to install the replacement in the same location, the pole will be installed within 3 feet.

- All pole installations are to replace existing pole locations; no new locations are included in this scope of work. Refer to Appendix J- EHP Checklist, column C (Soil area and depth impact) for the depths of the poles to be installed.
- Remove the existing foundations as specified in Appendix J- EHP Checklist column I (Concrete Foundation) and replace them with a new concrete foundation bases as per Appendix D-Distribution Construction Standards (Concrete Base Standard). The maximum auger width used is 42" and the maximum depth drilled is 15ft.
- New guy wire/ anchors are to be installed in compliance with Appendix D- Distribution Construction Standards within 3ft from the existing anchor. The maximum distance an anchor will be installed for a 50ft pole is 25ft from the base of the pole, within the right-of-way.
- Brushing will be required in locations to gain access to the pole for replacement. Brushing refers to the removal and clearing of vegetation solely to the extent that it allows crews to conduct work. The brushing of vegetation will be limited to a 15 ft radius surrounding the surface of the pole but not to exceed the width of the right-of-way for the exclusive purpose of gaining access to the pole to conduct repairs. Please see Appendix J- EHP Checklist column H (Brushing/Clearing), Refer to Appendix B- Maps and Pictures for pictures of the vegetation.
- All work for this program will be performed within the current electrical right-of-way.
- This scope of work will not affect water or sewer utility services.

Material Disposal

- PCBs, oil from the transformer and breakers, sealants, and other chemical wastes typical of a construction site are considered hazardous waste and will be disposed of by the contractor in approved facilities as per applicable local regulations. Refer to Appendix C - Waste Management Plan.
- The type of debris that may be found in the process of removal are luminaires, pole arms, photocells, metal scrap, wiring, concrete, steel, and wood poles, etc. The debris will be separated and taken to an approved waste disposal facility in compliance with applicable local regulations. Refer to Appendix C- Waste Management Plan.
- Transformers will be contained and returned to LUMA in compliance with applicable local regulations. The removal of the transformer will require testing of the existing oil for PCB levels, drain oil, and delivery to the approved waste disposal site as per Environmental Regulations. Refer to Appendix C- Waste Management Plan.

Access Roads

- Poles are in close proximity to the roads and are site accessible. The construction of access roads is not required for this scope of work. Refer to Appendix J- EHP Checklist in column G "Site Accessible"

Staging Area

- All materials are stored and dispatched from the Mayaguez Regional Warehouse. Refer to Appendix L- Warehouse locations. No additional or temporary staging areas are required.

Fill, gravel, sand, etc.:

- Fill, Gravel, and Sand materials will be obtained from an approved supplier as referenced in Appendix A- Approved Supplier List.

List of Equipment to be used:

- Skid Steer, Excavator, Dump trucks, Manlifts, 120-Ton Motor Crane, Boom Trucks 45-ton Crane, Zoom Boom, Air compressor, Truck Digger, Water truck, Pump Truck, Concrete Vibrator, Oil Tanker, Filtering Machine and Flatbed platform.
- Vegetation will be removed utilizing machete, chainsaw, electric pruner, telescopic pole pruner, bucket truck, and/or chipper

Specific List of Permits Required:

- DTOP Endorsements & Municipality Notifications.
- Excavation and Demolition Notification in Department of Transportation and Public Works Agency - (DTOP).
- LUMA will provide proof of all permits.

PROJECT ESTIMATE

The estimated costs (Class 3 Accuracy +/-30%) to complete the project are captured in the table below. The cost estimate was developed utilizing preliminary Architectural and Engineering design information and may be subject to change. LUMA has allocated 10% of the project cost for the mitigation of potential known risks.

Project Cost Estimate	Total	428 Public Assistance	406 Hazard Mitigation
Planning, Permits and Applications	\$3,228.00	\$3,228.00	\$0.00
Environmental Management	\$4,614.00	\$4,614.00	\$0.00
Engineering	\$15,904.40	\$14,719.70	\$1,184.70
Project Management	\$7,952.20	\$7,359.85	\$592.35
Distribution Line	\$159,044.00	\$147,197.00	\$11,847.00
Contingency	\$19,074.26	\$17,711.86	\$1,362.41
Total Project Cost Estimate:	\$209,816.86	\$194,830.41	\$14,986.46
FAASt Project # 688472 (428) Total		\$164,908.86	
FAASt Project # 688472 (406) Total		\$14,986.46	
FAASt A&E #335168 Total		\$29,921.55	
Total Cost		\$209,816.86	

Please refer to Appendix H for Cost Estimate Details.

428 Work To Be Completed (WTBC): \$194,830.41

428 A&E Deduction (Global A&E FAASt 335168) -\$29,921.55

428 WTBC Project Total Cost: \$164,908.86

For detailed cost estimate, please refers to document labeled: 688472-DR4339PR-Appendix H - Detail Cost Estimate - Mayaguez Group 11 Rev0.xlsx.

Project Notes:

1. Refer to detailed SOW provided in document 688472-DR4339PR-Detailed SOW Mayaguez Group 11 Rev1.pdf.
2. For reference, documents Appendix A thru L.
3. For EHP Requirements, refer to pages 5 to 7 of the detailed SOW and reference documents: Appendix J & K.
4. Architectural and Engineering (A&E) costs are deducted given previously obligated Global A&E Project for the subject FAASt PREPA work (see

Project number: 688472 FAASt [Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Mayaguez Group 11] (Distribution)

Damage #1257231; FAASt Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Mayaguez Group 11 (CABO ROJO 6703-03, ACACIAS 4.16KV 6801-01, ACACIAS 4.16KV 6801-03, ACACIAS 13.2KV 6802-01, ACACIAS 13.2KV 6802-02).

Applicant: PR Electric Power Authority (000-UA2QU-00)

Location: Mayaguez, Puerto Rico, (Start: [REDACTED], End: [REDACTED]).

Hazard Mitigation Narrative

During the incident period from September 17, 2017, to November 15, 2017, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico experienced hurricane-force winds, heavy rain, flooding and power outage "loss of power" from Hurricane Maria. The incident caused damage to the electrical system, such as the power generation plants, transmission and distribution lines, substations, communication systems, buildings, among other damages to the infrastructures owned, operated, and maintained by the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority (PREPA).

Project #688472 (Distribution Critical Poles & Conductors Repair/Replacement).

The Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair Mayaguez Group 11 consists of 5 interconnected and inter-functional distribution feeders (sites) establish the electrical distribution system as follow: [CABO ROJO 6703-03, ACACIAS 4.16KV 6801-01, ACACIAS 4.16KV 6801-03, ACACIAS 13.2KV 6802-01, ACACIAS 13.2KV 6802-02].

The Method of Repair (MOR) included the replacement of the damaged critical distribution poles (wood, concrete or galvanized), cross-arms, insulators, and all associated hardware needed for the new structure. According to the information provided by the Applicant, due to the high velocity hurricane winds, wind-blown debris, and prolonged heavy rain, were the main cause of the damages of the facilities.

In order to minimize the damages in a future event, the Applicant is proposing as a mitigation measure, increase the strength of the poles by increasing the wind tolerance to +160mph. Note: The FEMA Accelerated Award Strategy (FAASt) MOR included the PREPA distribution standards and specifications that were based on a 145mph sustained winds. However, the new PREPA Standard 2021 updates the design-criteria to a 160mph sustained winds resistant. The +160mph wind tolerance mitigation measure, will protect and make the affected infrastructure more resistant, stronger, and resilient to similar hazards.

Hazard Mitigation Proposal (HMP) Scope of Work:

In order to prevent or reduce future damages from similar events, the applicant proposed the following mitigation measures:

Mitigation Measures (Replacement)

➤ To avoid damage in a future event, the Applicant is proposing as a mitigation measure, increase the strength of the poles by increasing the wind tolerance of all materials to +160mph. The FAASt MOR included the PREPA distribution standards and specifications that were based on a 145mph sustained winds. However, the new PREPA Standard 2021 updates the design-criteria to a 160mph sustained winds resistant. The above mitigation measures will protect and make the affected infrastructure more resistant, stronger, and resilient to similar hazards. Refer to Appendix J: Section VI.D.1 of the PAPPV V3.1.

➤ **[Distribution Critical Poles Replacement] 406 Mitigation Scope of Work:**

1. Feeder CABO ROJO 6703-03: 1EA.pole.

Replace one (1) 50ft concrete H4 pole by one (1) 50ft galvanized steel S8 pole.

2. Feeder ACACIAS 4.16KV 6801-01 Scope: 1EA.pole.

Replace one (1) 50ft concrete H4 pole by one (1) 50ft galvanized steel S8 pole.

3. Feeder ACACIAS 4.16KV 6801-03 Scope: 2 Poles.

No 406 Mitigation opportunity identified to replace two (2) 65' concrete H6 poles. In this case, Mitigation is accomplished by 428 PA method of repair (MOR).

4. Feeder ACACIAS 13.2KV 6802-01 Scope: 1EA. Poles.

Replace one (1) 50ft concrete H4 pole by one (1) 50ft galvanized steel S8 pole.

5. Feeder ACACIAS 13.2KV 6802-02 Scope: 1EA. Poles.

No 406 Mitigation opportunity identified to replace one (1) 65' concrete H6 poles. In this case, Mitigation is accomplished by 428 PA method of repair (MOR).

(III) Hazard Mitigation Proposal (HMP) Cost

Total Net Hazard Mitigation Cost (Base Cost) =	\$11,847.00
+ HM (Applicant A&E, Management & General Conditions) =	<u>\$3,139.46</u>
Hazard Mitigation Total Cost =	\$14,986.46

(IV) HMP Cost-Effectiveness Calculations

HMR = (Total Net Hazard Mitigation Cost / Project Net In-Kind Repair Cost) x 100

HMR = (\$11,847.00 / \$57,830.00) x 100 = 20.49%

The cost of this Hazard Mitigation Proposal (HMP) is **20.49%** of the repair or restoration costs and is deemed cost effective per FEMA Public Assistance Program and Policy Guide (PAPPG) V3.1 April 2018, Chapter 2, VII., Section C, ___ 15% Rule, X **100% Rule**, ___ BCA Rule. This Hazard Mitigation Proposal meets eligible repair and restoration cost effective requirements.

***Cost effective calculation should be taken before CEF Factors, Soft Costs, or other Factors.**

**** See the HMP Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis (BCA) for a more detailed breakdown of HMP costs and cost effectiveness calculation(s).**

*****See Mitigation Profile Documents Tab in Grants Manager for complete version of this HMP and supporting documents (HMP, HMP cost estimate, HMP Cost Effective Analysis, among others).**

Cost

Code	Quantity	Unit	Total Cost	Section
3510 (Engineering And Design Services (PREPA FAASSt Global A&E 335168))	1.00	Lump Sum	(\$29,921.55)	Uncompleted
9201 (PAAP Fixed Estimate (No Value - Tracking Purposes Only))	1.00	Lump Sum	\$0.00	Completed
9001 (Contract (PREPA FAASSt Project 136271))	1.00	Lump Sum	\$194,830.41	Uncompleted

CRC Gross Cost \$164,908.86

Total 406 HMP Cost \$14,986.00

Total Insurance Reductions \$0.00

CRC Net Cost \$179,894.86

Federal Share (90.00%) \$161,905.38

Non-Federal Share (10.00%) \$17,989.48

Award Information

Version Information

Version #	Eligibility Status	Current Location	Bundle Number	Project Amount	Cost Share	Federal Share Obligated	Date Obligated
0	Eligible	Awarded	PA-02-PR-4339-PW-11217(13345)	\$179,894.86	90 %	\$161,905.37	2/15/2023

Drawdown History

EMMIE Drawdown Status As of Date	IFMIS Obligation #	Expenditure Number	Expended Date	Expended Amount
No Records				

Obligation History

Version #	Date Obligated	Obligated Cost	Cost Share	IFMIS Status	IFMIS Obligation #
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Subgrant Conditions

- As described in Title 2 Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.) § 200.333, financial records, supporting documents, statistical records and all other non-Federal entity records pertinent to a Federal award must be retained for a period of three (3) years from the date of submission of the final expenditure report or, for Federal awards that are renewed quarterly or annually, from the date of the submission of the quarterly or annual financial report, respectively, as reported to the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity in the case of a subrecipient. Federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities must not impose any other record retention requirements upon non-Federal entities. Exceptions are stated in 2 C.F.R. §200.333(a) – (f)(1) and (2). All records relative to this project are subject to examination and audit by the State, FEMA and the Comptroller General of the United States and must reflect work related to disaster-specific costs.
- In the seeking of proposals and letting of contracts for eligible work, the Applicant/Subrecipient must comply with its Local, State (provided that the procurements conform to applicable Federal law) and Federal procurement laws, regulations, and procedures as required by FEMA Policy 2 CFR Part 200, Procurement Standards, §§ 317-326.
- The Recipient must submit its certification of the subrecipient's completion of this project, the final claim for payment, and supporting documentation within 180 days from the date that the applicant completes the scope of work, or the project deadline, whichever occurs first. FEMA reimburses Large Projects (those with costs above the large project threshold) based on the actual eligible final project costs. Therefore, during the final project reconciliation (closeout), the project may be amended to reflect the reconciliation of actual eligible costs.
- When any individual item of equipment purchased with PA funding is no longer needed, or a residual inventory of unused supplies exceeding \$5,000 remains, the subrecipient must follow the disposition requirements in Title 2 Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.) § 200.313-314.
- The terms of the FEMA-State Agreement are incorporated by reference into this project under the Public Assistance award and the applicant must comply with all applicable laws, regulations, policy, and guidance. This includes, among others, the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act; Title 44 of the Code of Federal Regulations; FEMA Policy No. 104-009-2, Public Assistance Program and Policy Guide; and other applicable FEMA policy and guidance.
- The DHS Standard Terms and Conditions in effect as of the declaration date of this emergency declarations or major disaster, as applicable, are incorporated by reference into this project under the Public Assistance grant, which flow down from the Recipient to subrecipients unless a particular term or condition indicates otherwise.
- The Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements set forth at Title 2 Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.) Part 200 apply to this project award under the Public Assistance grant, which flow down from the Recipient to all subrecipients unless a particular section of 2 C.F.R. Part 200, the FEMA-State Agreement, or the terms and conditions of this project award indicate otherwise. See 2 C.F.R. §§ 200.101 and 110.
- The subrecipient must submit a written request through the Recipient to FEMA before it makes a change to the approved scope of work in this project. If the subrecipient commences work associated with a change before FEMA approves the change, it will jeopardize financial assistance for this project. See FEMA Policy No. 104-009-2, Public Assistance Program and Policy Guide.
- Pursuant to section 312 of the Stafford Act, 42 U.S.C. 5155, FEMA is prohibited from providing financial assistance to any entity that receives assistance from another program, insurance, or any other source for the same work. The subrecipient agrees to repay all duplicated assistance to FEMA if they receive assistance for the same work from another Federal agency, insurance, or any other source. If an subrecipient receives funding from another federal program for the same purpose, it must notify FEMA through the Recipient and return any duplicated funding.

Insurance

Additional Information

1/17/2023

GENERAL INFORMATION

Event: DR4339-PR

Project: SP 688472

Category of Work: Cat F - Utilities

Applicant: PR Electric Power Authority

Event Type: Hurricane / Hurricane Maria

Cause of Loss: Wind / Wind Driven Rain

Incident Period: 9/17/2017 to 11/15/2017

Total Public Assistance Amount: \$179,894.86 (CRC Gross Cost \$164,908.86 + Mitigation Amount \$14,986.00)

COMMERCIAL INSURANCE INFORMATION

Does the applicant have a Commercial Policy that extends coverage for this facility: Yes

Policies Issued by: Willis Towers Watson, Multinational Insurance Company and Mapfre

Policy Numbers: Willis Towers Watson (B0804Q1966F17, B0804Q14312F17, B0804Q19673F17, B0804Q19672F17, B0804Q18529F17, B0804Q14312F17, B0804Q19674F17, B0804Q18411F17, B0804Q14310F17, B0804Q11038F17, B0804Q14507F17, B0804Q14312F17)

Mapfre Praico Insurance Company (1398178000644)

Multinational Insurance Company (88-CP-000307831-2, 88-CP-000318673-0, 88-CP000318674-0, 88-CP-000318675-0, 88-CP-000318676-0, 88-CP-000318677-0)

Policy Period: From: 5/15/2017 To: 5/15/2018

Policy Limits: \$300,000,000.00

RCV or ACV: Replacement Cost Value

Deductible Amount \$25,000,000.00 each and every occurrence property damage and 30 days each and every occurrence business interruption in respect of Named Windstorm.

Does the Applicant's Commercial Policy extend coverage for the damage described in this project: No

NUMBER OF DAMAGED LOCATIONS INCLUDED IN THIS PROJECT: (1)

Damaged Inventory (DI) #1257231:

FAASt Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Mayagüez Group 11 (Cabo Rojo y Acacia- 6703-03, 6801-01, 6801-02, 6801-03, 6802-01 & 6802-02)

Location Description: Distribution pole and conductor repair - (Cabo Rojo y Acacia- 6703-03, 6801-01, 6801-02, 6801-03, 6802-01 & 6802-02)

GPS Coordinates: Start [REDACTED] End

Cause of Loss: Wind / Wind Driven Rain

SOV / Schedule #: Not insured

SOV / Schedule Amount: Not insured

Applicable Deductible Amount: N/A

Damage Inventory Amount: \$179,894.86 (CRC Gross Cost \$164,908.86 + Mitigation Amount \$14,986.00)

-

Prior Obtain and Maintain Requirement:

No prior insurance requirements were found for this facility.

-

Reduction(s):

No insurance reduction will be applied to this project as coverage is not anticipated. An anticipated insurance reduction of \$193,746,436.00 was applied to FAAST project # 136271 for anticipated insurance proceeds for Hurricane Maria losses. For ease of reference, please see table of insurance allocations: "PREPA Allocation Plan – All Disasters" file.

-

Obtain and Maintain Requirement:

No Obtain & Maintain Requirement is being mandated for the FAASt Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Mayagüez Group 11 (Cabo Rojo y Acacia- 6703-03, 6801-01, 6801-02, 6801-03, 6802-01 & 6802-02) because the facility does not meet the definition of building, equipment, contents, or vehicle.

Insurance Proceeds Statement:

FEMA acknowledges that the Applicant is in negotiations with their insurance carrier at the time of the FEMA insurance review and might have received partial settlements. In accordance with 44 CFR §206.250-253, in the absence of an actual settlement, anticipated insurance recoveries will be deducted from this project based on Applicant's insurance policy limits. FEMA subsequently adjusts the eligible costs based on the actual amount of insurance proceeds the Applicant receives after a final settlement.

FEMA's Recovery Policy FP 206-086-1, Public Assistance Policy on Insurance (June 29, 2015), requires applicants to take reasonable efforts to recover insurance proceeds that it is entitled to receive from its insurers. FEMA will consider final insurance settlements that may be less than the insurance policy limits when an applicant demonstrates that it has taken reasonable efforts to recover insurance proceeds that it is entitled on a case-by-case basis.

Standard Insurance Comments

FEMA Policy 206-086-1

PART 2: Other Insurance-Related Provisions. (Sections 312 and 406(d) of the Stafford Act)

A. Duplication of Benefits. FEMA cannot provide assistance for disaster-related losses that duplicate benefits available to an applicant from another source, including insurance.

1. Before FEMA approves assistance for a property, an applicant must provide FEMA with information about any actual or anticipated insurance settlement or recovery it is entitled to for that property.
2. FEMA will reduce assistance to an applicant by the amount of its actual or anticipated insurance proceeds.
3. Applicants must take reasonable efforts to recover insurance proceeds that they are entitled to receive from their insurer(s).

Jean-Carlo Echevarria, PA Insurance Specialist, CRC Atlantic, Guaynabo, PR

O&M Requirements

There are no Obtain and Maintain Requirements on **FAAST Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Mayaguez Group 11 (Distribution)**.

406 Mitigation

There is no additional mitigation information on **FAAST Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Mayaguez Group 11 (Distribution)**.

Environmental Historical Preservation

Is this project compliant with EHP laws, regulations, and executive orders?

Yes

EHP Conditions

- Any change to the approved scope of work will require re-evaluation for compliance with NEPA and other Laws and Executive Orders.
- This review does not address all federal, state and local requirements. Acceptance of federal funding requires recipient to comply with all federal, state and local laws. Failure to obtain all appropriate federal, state and local environmental permits and clearances may jeopardize funding.
- If ground disturbing activities occur during construction, applicant will monitor ground disturbance and if any potential archaeological resources are discovered, will immediately cease construction in that area and notify the State and FEMA.
- Executive Order 11988 - Floodplains - Applicant must obtain any required permits from the Puerto Rico Permits Management Office(OGPe) prior to initiating work and comply with any conditions of the permit established by the Planning Board (JP) for constructions in floodplains. All coordination (emails, letters, documented phone calls) pertaining to these activities and compliance must be provided and maintained in the Applicant's permanent files.
- Endangered Species Act (ESA) - The Applicant must provide documentation at close-out that proves completion of required Conservation Measures
- Endangered Species Act (ESA) - Condition(s) for: *Epicrates inornatus* (For feeders: 6703-03, 6801-03 and 6802-01) 1. Inform all personnel about the potential presence of the PR boa and the VI boa in areas where the proposed work will be conducted. Photographs of the PR and VI Boa are to be prominently displayed at the site. The recipient must ensure that project personnel is able to correctly identify a PR or VI boa. For information on PR boa, please visit: <https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6628>. 2. Prior to any construction activity, including removal of vegetation and earth movement, the boundaries of the project area must be delineated, buffer zones, and areas to be excluded and protected, should be clearly marked in the project plan and in the field to avoid further habitat degradation into forested areas. Once areas are clearly marked, and prior to any construction activity, including site preparation, project personnel able to correctly identify a PR or VI boa must survey the areas to be cleared to ensure that no boas are present within the work area. Vehicle and equipment operation must remain on designated access roads/paths and within rights-of way. 3. If a PR boa is found within any of the working or construction areas, activities should stop in the area where the boa was found. Do not capture the boa. If boas need to be moved out of harm's way, project personnel designated by the recipient shall immediately contact the Puerto Rico Department of Natural and Environmental Resources (PRDNER) Rangers for safe capture and relocation of the animal (PRDNER phone #s: 787-724-5700, 787-230-5550, 787-771-1124). If immediate relocation is not an option, project-related activities at this area must stop until the boa moves out of harm's way on its own. Activities at other work sites, where no boas have been found after surveying the area, may continue. 4. Measures should be taken to avoid and minimize PR boa casualties by heavy machinery or motor vehicles being used on site. Any heavy machinery left on site (staging) or near potential PR boa habitat (within 50 meters of potential boa habitat), needs to be thoroughly inspected each morning before work starts to ensure that no boas have sheltered within engine compartments or other areas of the equipment. If PR boas are found within vehicles or equipment, do not capture the animal and let it move on its own or call PRDNER Rangers for safe capture and relocation of the boa (PRDNER phone #s: 787-724-5700, 787-230-5550, 787-771-1124). If not possible, the animal should be left alone until it leaves the vehicle on its own. 5. PR boas may seek shelter in

debris piles. Measures should be taken to avoid and minimize boia casualties associated with sheltering in debris piles as a result of project activities. Debris piles should be placed far away from forested areas. Prior to moving, disposing or shredding, debris piles should be carefully inspected for the presence of boas. If PR boas are found within debris piles, do not capture the animal and let it move on its own or call PRDNER Rangers for safe capture and relocation of the animal. If debris piles will be left on site, we recommend they be placed in areas that will not be disturbed in the future. 6. For all boia sightings (dead or alive), personnel designated by the recipient must record the time and date of the sighting and the specific location where the boia was found. Data should also include a photo of the animal dead or alive, and site GPS coordinates, and comments on how the animal was detected and its behavior. If the PR boia was accidentally killed as part of the project actions, please include information on what conservation measures had been implemented and what actions will be taken to avoid further killings. All boia-sighting reports should be sent to the USFWS Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office, Marelisa Rivera - Deputy Field Supervisor, 787-851- 7297 extension 206, 787-510-5207, marelisa_rivera@fws.gov.

- National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) - a. The Subrecipient and/or Subrecipient's contractor shall follow the Low Impact Debris Removal Stipulations (LIDRS) as stated in Appendix E of the Project-Specific Programmatic Agreement Among FEMA, the SHPO, ACHP, COR3, and PREPA (PSPA), executed on August 2, 2022. b. Unexpected Discoveries: Pursuant to Stipulation III.B of the PSPA, if, in the course of implementing this Individual Undertaking(s), previously unidentified structures, sites, buildings, objects, districts, or archaeological deposits, that may be eligible for listing in the National Register, or human remains are uncovered, or if it appears that an Individual Undertaking has affected or will affect a previously identified historic property in an unanticipated manner, the contractor must notify Subrecipient who will immediately notify the Recipient. Work must stop in the vicinity of the discovery and measures must be taken to protect the discovery and avoid additional harm. c. Additional staging areas and/or work pads within work site area haven't been identified yet. The Recipient/Subrecipient and/or private operator must provide the information of any additional staging areas or work pads for EHP evaluation as soon as available specially if any construction activity will be necessary to prepare the site(s). Information for staging areas and/or work pads confined to previously disturbed or hardened surfaces can be provided at close-out.
- Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, aka Solid Waste Disposal Act (RCRA) - 1. The Applicant shall handle, manage, and dispose of all types of hazardous waste in accordance with requirements of local, state, and federal laws, regulations, and ordinances. In addition, the Applicant shall ensure that all debris is separated and disposed of in a manner consistent with the PR DNER guidelines at a permitted site or landfill. The contractor/applicant will be responsible for the proper disposition of construction debris in authorized landfills providing the name, location, coordinates and permits of the facility to the corresponding authorities. 2. If transformers: The applicant is responsible to ensure damaged transformers are handled, managed, and disposed of in accordance with all federal and state laws and requirements. Downed electrical equipment may contain toxic and hazardous materials, such as polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), and may spill these materials if a rupture occurs. Applicant is responsible for screening transformers that do or may contain PCBs and the area where any related spill occurred. The applicant is then responsible to handle, manage, dispose of, or recycle damaged equipment and contaminated soil as appropriate. Where possible, temporary measures should be implemented to prevent, treat, or contain further releases or mitigate the migration of PCBs into the environment. If damaged equipment or material storage containers must be stored temporarily, containers should be placed on hardened surface areas, such as a concrete or an asphalt for no more than 90 days. Excavated contaminated material should be disposed of in accordance with federal and state laws and requirements. 3. Unusable equipment, debris, white goods, scrap metal any other material shall be disposed in approved manner and location. In the event significant items are discovered during the implementation or development of the project the Applicant shall handle, manage and dispose petroleum products, hazardous materials and toxic waste in accordance to the requirements of the local and federal agencies. Noncompliance with these requirements may jeopardize receipt of federal funds.
- NEPA Determination - 1. All borrow or fill material must come from pre-existing stockpiles, material reclaimed from maintained roadside ditches (provided the designed width or depth of the ditch is not increased), or commercially procured material from a source existing prior to the event. For any FEMA-funded project requiring the use of a non-commercial source or a commercial source that was not permitted to operate prior to the event (e.g., a new pit, agricultural fields, road ROWs, etc.) in whole or in part, regardless of cost, the Applicant must notify FEMA and the Recipient prior to extracting material. FEMA must review the source for compliance with all applicable federal environmental planning and historic preservation laws and executive orders prior to a Sub-recipient or their contractor beginning borrow extraction. Consultation and regulatory permitting may be required. Non-compliance with this requirement may jeopardize receipt of federal funding. Documentation of borrow sources utilized is required at close-out and must include fill type (private, commercial, etc.), name, fill site GPS coordinates (not of the company/governmental office), address, and type of material. 2. Additional staging areas and/or work pads within work site area haven't been identified yet. The Recipient/Subrecipient and/or private operator must provide the information of any additional staging areas or work pads for EHP evaluation as soon as available specially if any construction activity will be necessary to prepare the site(s). Information for staging areas and/or work pads confined to previously disturbed or hardened surfaces can be provided at close-out.

EHP Additional Info

There is no additional environmental historical preservation on **FAASt Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - Mayaguez Group 11 (Distribution)**.

Final Reviews

Final Review

Reviewed By CHIRICO, JOSEPH A.

Reviewed On 01/27/2023 12:54 PM AST

Review Comments

Approved for obligation - Applicant is responsible to comply with all regulatory requirements.

Recipient Review

Reviewed By Salgado, Gabriel

Reviewed On 01/30/2023 11:36 AM AST

Review Comments

Recipient Review completed. Project is ready for applicant Review.

Fixed Cost Offer

As a Public Assistance (PA) Subrecipient PR Electric Power Authority (000-UA2QU-00), in accordance with Section 428 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, the Applicant agrees to accept a permanent work subaward based on a Fixed Cost Offer in the amount of \$179,894.86 for subaward number 11217 under Disaster # 4339. The Applicant accepts responsibility for all costs above the Fixed Cost Offer.

The Applicant understands that by participating in this pilot program they will be reimbursed for allowable costs in accordance with 2 CFR Part 200, and the reimbursement will not exceed the Fixed Cost Offer. The Applicant also understands that by agreeing to this Fixed Cost Offer, they will not receive additional funding related to the facilities or sites included in the subaward. The Applicant also acknowledges that failure to comply with the requirements of applicable laws and regulations governing assistance provided by FEMA and the PA Alternative Procedures Pilot Program Guidance (such as procurement and contracting; environmental and historic preservation compliance; and audit and financial accountability) may lead to loss of federal funding.

Project Signatures

Signed By Miller, Thomas

Signed On 01/30/2023

Department of Homeland Security Federal Emergency Management Agency

General Info

Project #	691246	PW#	11231	Project Type	Specialized
Project Category	F - Utilities	Applicant	PR Electric Power Authority (000-UA2QU-00)		
Project Title	FAASt [Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - San Juan Group 10] (Distribution)			Event	4339DR-PR (4339DR)
Project Size	Large	Declaration Date	9/20/2017		
Activity Completion Date	3/20/2019	Incident Start Date	9/17/2017		
Process Step	Obligated	Incident End Date	11/15/2017		

Damage Description and Dimensions

The Disaster # 4339DR, which occurred between **09/17/2017** and **11/15/2017**, caused:

Damage #1262982; FAASt [Pole and Conductor Repair - San Juan Group 10] (Viaducto 1115-04, Llorens Torres 13kV 1118-08, Llorens Torres 13kV 1118-09, Isla Grande GIS I 1119-04, Villa Betina 1303-03, FALU 1334-01)

DDD for this facility codified in the 136271 - MEPA078 Puerto Rico Electrical Power Authority Island Wide FAASt Project.

General Facility Information:

- **Facility Type:** Power generation, transmission, and distribution facilities
- **Facility:** Pole and Conductor - San Juan Group 10 (Viaducto 1115-04, Llorens Torres 13kV 1118-08, Llorens Torres 13kV 1118-09, Isla Grande GIS I 1119-04, Villa Betina 1303-03, FALU 1334-01)
- **Facility Description:** The specific facilities included in this project are: poles and structures (including their foundations), framing and insulators, load break switches (manual and automated), capacitor banks, voltage regulators, transformers (including lightning arresters and fuse cut-outs), conductors, guy wires, anchoring, grounding assemblies, underground cable, underground cable systems, fault interrupting equipment (fuses, reclosers, and sectionalizers), and any other associated components.
- **Approx. Year Built:** 1980
- **GPS Latitude/Longitude:** [REDACTED]

General Damage Information:

- **Date Damaged:** 9/20/2017
- **Cause of Damage:** High winds & wind driven rain, caused by Cat 4 Hurricane Maria

Final Scope

1262982

FAASt [Pole and Conductor Repair - San Juan Group 10] (Viaducto 1115-04, Llorens Torres 13kV 1118-08)

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this document is to submit for approval the detailed Scope of Work ("SOW") to COR3 and FEMA for the Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair – San Juan Group 10 Project under DR-4339-PR Public Assistance. The document provides a description of the project including scope, schedule, and cost estimates as well as Environmental & Historical Preservation ("EHP") requirements and proposed 406 hazard mitigation work. LUMA Energy is seeking approval from COR3 and FEMA for project funding to repair, restore, or replace the eligible facilities.

LUMA submits this detailed SOW pursuant to the Transmission and Distribution Operations & Maintenance Agreement between Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority ("PREPA"), the Puerto Rico Public-Private Partnerships Authority ("P3A") and LUMA Energy, and in accordance with the Consent to Federal Funding Letter issued by PREPA and P3A and provided herein as Appendix F which collectively provides the necessary consent for LUMA Energy, as agent of PREPA, to undertake work in connection with any Federal Funding requests related to the Transmission and Distribution System submitted to FEMA.

FACILITIES

The facilities listed below are part of the feeder systems in the San Juan Region. These interconnected and inter-functional distribution feeders (sites) are part of the electrical distribution system. All the feeders originate from a substation (start) and serve customers along the route to various locations (end). The coordinates shown below as "GPS End" represent the end of the mainline backbone of each feeder.

Name	Feeder Number	# Of Poles to Replace	GPS Start	GPS End	Phase	Voltage Level (kV)	Constructed Date
LLORENS TORRES 13kV	1118-08	6			3 Phase	13.2	More than 20 Years
LLORENS TORRES 13kV	1118-09	1			3 Phase	13.2	More than 20 Years
ISLAGRANDE GIS I	1119-04	1			3 Phase	13.2	17 Years
VILLABETINA	1303-03	1			3 Phase	13.2	More than 20 Years
FALU	1334-01	1			3 Phase	4.16	More than 20 Years

PROJECT SCOPE OF WORK

Below includes a breakdown of pole replacement by feeder for "Proposed 428 Public Assistance Scope of Work" and "Proposed 406 Hazard Mitigation Grant Program Scope of Work", followed by descriptions of each work type specific to the Scope of Work for this group.

Proposed 428 Public Assistance Scope of Work:

Feeder 1118-08 Scope:

Remove	Quantity	Install	Quantity
35ft Wood Pole(s)	1	45ft H4 Concrete Pole(s)	1
35ft Wood Pole(s)	1	45ft H6 Concrete Pole(s)	1
40ft Wood Pole(s)	1	45ft H4 Concrete Pole(s)	1
40ft Concrete Pole(s)	1	45ft H6 Concrete Pole(s)	1
50ft Concrete Pole(s)	2	45ft H4 Concrete Pole(s)	2

Feeder 1118-09 Scope:

Remove	Quantity	Install	Quantity
40ft Concrete Pole(s)	1	45ft H6 Concrete Pole(s)	1

Feeder 1119-04 Scope:

Remove	Quantity	Install	Quantity
40ft Wood Pole(s)	1	45ft H6 Concrete Pole(s)	1

Feeder 1303-03 Scope:

Remove	Quantity	Install	Quantity
45ft Concrete Pole(s)	1	45ft H4 Concrete Pole(s)	1

Feeder 1334-01 Scope:

Remove	Quantity	Install	Quantity
35ft Wood Pole(s)	1	45ft H4 Concrete Pole(s)	1

Detail Descriptions for Planned Field Work:

Pole Replacement

- Remove existing poles, including hardware and install new poles, including hardware, in the same location. If unable to install the replacement in the same location, the pole will be installed within 3 feet.
- All pole installations are to replace existing pole locations; no new locations are included in this scope of work. Refer to Appendix J- EHP Checklist, column C (Soil area and depth impact) for the depths of the poles to be installed.
- Remove the existing foundations as specified in Appendix J- EHP Checklist column I (Concrete Foundation) and replace them with a new concrete foundation bases as per Appendix D-Distribution Construction Standards (Concrete Base Standard). The maximum auger width used is 42" and the maximum depth drilled is 15ft.
- New guy wire/ anchors are to be installed in compliance with Appendix D- Distribution Construction Standards within 3ft from the existing anchor. The maximum distance an anchor will be installed for a 50ft pole is 25ft from the base of the pole, within the right-of-way.
- Brushing will be required in locations to gain access to the pole for replacement. Brushing refers to the removal and clearing of vegetation solely to the extent that it allows crews to conduct work. The brushing of vegetation will be limited to a 15 ft radius surrounding the surface of the pole but not to exceed the width of the right-of-way for the exclusive purpose of gaining access to the pole to conduct repairs. Please see Appendix J- EHP Checklist column H (Brushing/Clearing), Refer to Appendix B- Maps and Pictures for pictures of the vegetation.
- All work for this program will be performed within the current electrical right-of-way.
- This scope of work will not affect water or sewer utility services.

Material Disposal

- PCBs, oil from the transformer and breakers, sealants, and other chemical wastes typical of a construction site are considered hazardous waste and will be disposed of by the contractor in approved facilities as per applicable local regulations. Refer to Appendix C - Waste Management Plan.
- The type of debris that may be found in the process of removal are luminaires, pole arms, photocells, metal scrap, wiring, concrete, steel, and wood poles, etc. The debris will be separated and taken to an approved waste disposal facility in compliance with applicable local regulations. Refer to Appendix C- Waste Management Plan.
- Transformers will be contained and returned to LUMA in compliance with applicable local regulations. The removal of the transformer will require testing of the existing oil for PCB levels, drain oil, and delivery to the approved waste disposal site as per Environmental Regulations. Refer to Appendix C- Waste Management Plan.

Access Roads

- Poles are in close proximity to the roads and are site accessible. The construction of access roads is not required for this scope of work. Refer to Appendix J- EHP Checklist in column G "Site Accessible"

Staging Area

- All materials are stored and dispatched from the San Juan Regional Warehouse. Refer to Appendix L- Warehouse locations. No additional or temporary staging areas are required.

Fill, gravel, sand, etc.:

- Fill, Gravel, and Sand materials will be obtained from an approved supplier as referenced in Appendix A- Approved Supplier List.

List of Equipment to be used:

- Skid Steer, Excavator, Dump trucks, Manlifts, 120-Ton Motor Crane, Boom Trucks 45-ton Crane, Zoom Boom, Air compressor, Truck Digger, Water truck, Pump Truck, Concrete Vibrator, Oil Tanker, Filtering Machine and Flatbed platform.
- Vegetation will be removed utilizing machete, chainsaw, electric pruner, telescopic pole pruner, bucket truck, and/or chipper

Specific List of Permits Required:

- DTOP Endorsements & Municipality Notifications.

- Excavation and Demolition Notification in Department of Transportation and Public Works Agency - (DTOP).
- LUMA will provide proof of all permits.

PROJECT ESTIMATE

The estimated costs (Class 3 Accuracy +/-30%) to complete the project are captured in the table below. The cost estimate was developed utilizing preliminary Architectural and Engineering design information and may be subject to change. LUMA has allocated 10% of the project cost for the mitigation of potential known risks.

Project Cost Estimate	428 Public Assistance
Planning, Permits and Applications	\$5,380.00
Environmental Management	\$7,690.00
Engineering	\$18,862.40
Project Management	\$9,431.20
Distribution Line	\$188,624.00
Contingency	\$22,998.76
Total Project Cost Estimate:	\$252,986.36
FAASt Project # 691246 (428) Total	\$211,622.76
FAASt A&E #335168 Total	\$41,363.60

Work To Be Completed (WTBC): \$252,986.36

A&E Deduction (Global A&E FAASt 335168) -\$41,363.60

Project Total Cost: \$211,622.76

For detailed cost estimate, please refers to document labeled: 691246-DR4339PR-Appendix H - Detail Cost Estimate - San Juan Group 10 Rev0.xlsx

Project Notes:

1. Refer to detailed SOW provided in document 691246 - DR4339PR-Detailed SOW San Juan Group 10 Rev1.pdf
2. For reference documents Appendix A thru L, see file labeled:

APPENDIX A - Approved Supplier List

APPENDIX B - Maps and Pictures

APPENDIX C - Waste Management Plan

APPENDIX D - Distribution Construction Standards

APPENDIX E - LUMA Wildlife Avian and Historical Protection Procedure #335

APPENDIX F - Consent to Federal Funding Letter - FEMA/COR3

APPENDIX G - Structure Coordinates

APPENDIX H - Detail Cost Estimate

APPENDIX I - PAPPG

APPENDIX J - Cost-Effective Hazard Mitigation Measures

APPENDIX J - EHP Checklist

APPENDIX K - EHP Maps

APPENDIX L - Warehouse Locations

3. For EHP Requirements, refer to pages 5 to 7 of the detailed SOW and reference documents: Appendix J & K.

4. Architectural and Engineering (A&E) costs are deducted given previously obligated Global A&E Project for the subject FAASt PREPA work (see project: 335168 - FAASt A&E PREPA).

406 HMP Scope

Project number: 691246

Damage #126982: FAASt [Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair-San Juan Group 10] (Distribution); Lloréns Torres 13Kv. -1118-08, Lloréns Torres 13Kv - 1118-09, Isla Grande GIS 1 – 119-04, Villa Betina – 1303-03 & Falu – 1334-01.

Applicant: PR Electric Power Authority (000-UA2QU-00)

Location: San Juan, P.R.

GPS Latitude/Longitude: XXXXXXXXXX

(I). Hazard Mitigation Narrative

During the incident period from September 17, 2017, to November 15, 2017, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico experienced hurricane-force winds, heavy rain, flooding and power outage "loss of power" from Hurricane Maria. The incident caused damage to the electrical system, such as the power generation plants, transmission and distribution lines, substations, communication systems, buildings, among other damages to the infrastructures owned, operated, and maintained by the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority (PREPA).

Project #691246 (Distribution Critical Poles & Conductors Repair/Replacement).

The Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair-San Juan Group 10 consists of 5 interconnected and inter-functional distribution feeders (sites) establish the electrical distribution system as follows: Lloréns Torres 13Kv. -1118-08, Lloréns Torres 13Kv - 1118-09, Isla Grande GIS 1 – 119-04, Villa Betina – 1303-03 & Falu – 1334-01.

The Method of Repair (MOR) included the replacement of the damaged critical distribution poles (wood, concrete or galvanized), cross-arms, insulators, and all associated hardware needed for the new structure. According to the information provided by the Applicant, due to the high velocity hurricane winds, wind-blown debris, and prolonged heavy rain, were the main cause of the damages of the facilities.

In order to minimize the damages in a future event, the Applicant is proposing as a mitigation measure, increase the strength of the poles by increasing the wind tolerance to +160mph. Note: The FEMA Accelerated Award Strategy (FAASt) MOR included the PREPA distribution standards and specifications that were based on a 145mph sustained winds. However, the new PREPA Standard 2021 updates the design-criteria to a 160mph sustained winds resistant. The +160mph wind tolerance mitigation measure, will protect and make the affected infrastructure more resistant, stronger, and resilient to similar hazards.

(II). Hazard Mitigation Proposal (HMP) Scope of Work:

In order to prevent or reduce future damages from similar events, the applicant proposed the following mitigation measures:

Mitigation Measures (Replacement)

1. To avoid damage in a future event, the Applicant is proposing as a mitigation measure, increase the strength of the poles by increasing the wind tolerance of all materials to +160mph. The FAASt MOR included the PREPA distribution standards and specifications that were based on a 145mph sustained winds. However, the new PREPA Standard 2021 updates the design-criteria to a 160mph sustained winds resistant. The above mitigation measures will protect and make the affected infrastructure more resistant, stronger, and resilient to similar hazards. Refer to Appendix J: Section VI.D.1 of the PAPPG V3.1.

➤ [Distribution Critical Poles Replacement] 406 Mitigation Scope of Work:

1. Feeder 1118-08 Scope:

- Replace One (1) 45ft concrete H4 pole by One (1) 50ft galvanized steel S8 pole.
- Replace Two (2) 45ft concrete H6 pole by Two (2) 50ft galvanized steel S8 pole.

2. Feeder 1118-09 Scope:

- Replace One (1) 45ft concrete H6 pole by One (1) 50ft galvanized steel S8 pole.

3. Feeder 1119-04 Scope:

- Replace One (1) 45ft concrete H6 pole by One (1) 50ft galvanized steel S8 pole.

4. Feeder 1303-03 Scope:

- Replace One (1) 45ft concrete H4 pole by One (1) 50ft galvanized steel S8 pole.

(III) Hazard Mitigation Proposal (HMP) Cost

Total Net Hazard Mitigation Cost (Base Cost) =	\$26,654.00
+ HM (Applicant A&E, Management & General Conditions) =	<u>\$ 7,063.31</u>
Hazard Mitigation Total Cost =	\$33,717.31

(IV) HMP Cost-Effectiveness Calculations

HMR = (Total Net Hazard Mitigation Cost / Project Net In-Kind Repair Cost) x 100

HMR = (\$26,654.00/ \$116,966.00) x 100 = **22.79%**

The cost of this Hazard Mitigation Proposal (HMP) is **22.79 %** of the repair or restoration costs and is deemed cost effective per FEMA Public Assistance Program and Policy Guide (PAPPG) V3.1 April2018, Chapter 2, VII., Section C, 15%Rule, X **100% Rule**, BCA Rule. This Hazard Mitigation Proposal meets eligible repair and restoration cost effective requirements.

*Cost effective calculation should be taken before CEF Factors, Soft Costs, or other Factors.

** See the HMP Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis (BCA) for a more detailed breakdown of HMP costs and cost effectiveness calculation(s).

***See Mitigation Profile Documents Tab in Grants Manager for complete version of this HMP and supporting documents (*HMP, HMP cost*

estimate, HMP Cost Effective Analysis, among others).

Cost

Code	Quantity	Unit	Total Cost	Section
3510 (Engineering And Design Services (PREPA FAASSt Global A&E 335168))	1.00	Lump Sum	(\$41,363.60)	Uncompleted
9201 (PAAP Fixed Estimate (No Value - Tracking Purposes Only))	1.00	Lump Sum	\$0.00	Completed
9001 (Contract (PREPA FAASSt Project 136271))	1.00	Lump Sum	\$252,986.36	Uncompleted

CRC Gross Cost \$211,622.76

Total 406 HMP Cost \$33,717.31

Total Insurance Reductions \$0.00

CRC Net Cost \$245,340.07

Federal Share (90.00%) \$220,806.07

Non-Federal Share (10.00%) \$24,534.00

Award Information

Version Information

Version #	Eligibility Status	Current Location	Bundle Number	Project Amount	Cost Share	Federal Share Obligated	Date Obligated
0	Eligible	Awarded	PA-02-PR-4339-PW-11231(13347)	\$245,340.07	90 %	\$220,806.06	2/15/2023

Drawdown History

EMMIE Drawdown Status As of Date	IFMIS Obligation #	Expenditure Number	Expended Date	Expended Amount
No Records				

Obligation History

Version #	Date Obligated	Obligated Cost	Cost Share	IFMIS Status	IFMIS Obligation #
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Subgrant Conditions

- As described in Title 2 Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.) § 200.333, financial records, supporting documents, statistical records and all other non-Federal entity records pertinent to a Federal award must be retained for a period of three (3) years from the date of submission of the final expenditure report or, for Federal awards that are renewed quarterly or annually, from the date of the submission of the quarterly or annual financial report, respectively, as reported to the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity in the case of a subrecipient. Federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities must not impose any other record retention requirements upon non-Federal entities. Exceptions are stated in 2 C.F.R. §200.333(a) – (f)(1) and (2). All records relative to this project are subject to examination and audit by the State, FEMA and the Comptroller General of the United States and must reflect work related to disaster-specific costs.
- In the seeking of proposals and letting of contracts for eligible work, the Applicant/Subrecipient must comply with its Local, State (provided that the procurements conform to applicable Federal law) and Federal procurement laws, regulations, and procedures as required by FEMA Policy 2 CFR Part 200, Procurement Standards, §§ 317-326.
- The Recipient must submit its certification of the subrecipient's completion of this project, the final claim for payment, and supporting documentation within 180 days from the date that the applicant completes the scope of work, or the project deadline, whichever occurs first. FEMA reimburses Large Projects (those with costs above the large project threshold) based on the actual eligible final project costs. Therefore, during the final project reconciliation (closeout), the project may be amended to reflect the reconciliation of actual eligible costs.
- When any individual item of equipment purchased with PA funding is no longer needed, or a residual inventory of unused supplies exceeding \$5,000 remains, the subrecipient must follow the disposition requirements in Title 2 Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.) § 200.313-314.
- The terms of the FEMA-State Agreement are incorporated by reference into this project under the Public Assistance award and the applicant must comply with all applicable laws, regulations, policy, and guidance. This includes, among others, the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act; Title 44 of the Code of Federal Regulations; FEMA Policy No. 104-009-2, Public Assistance Program and Policy Guide; and other applicable FEMA policy and guidance.
- The DHS Standard Terms and Conditions in effect as of the declaration date of this emergency declarations or major disaster, as applicable, are incorporated by reference into this project under the Public Assistance grant, which flow down from the Recipient to subrecipients unless a particular term or condition indicates otherwise.
- The Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements set forth at Title 2 Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.) Part 200 apply to this project award under the Public Assistance grant, which flow down from the Recipient to all subrecipients unless a particular section of 2 C.F.R. Part 200, the FEMA-State Agreement, or the terms and conditions of this project award indicate otherwise. See 2 C.F.R. §§ 200.101 and 110.
- The subrecipient must submit a written request through the Recipient to FEMA before it makes a change to the approved scope of work in this project. If the subrecipient commences work associated with a change before FEMA approves the change, it will jeopardize financial assistance for this project. See FEMA Policy No. 104-009-2, Public Assistance Program and Policy Guide.
- Pursuant to section 312 of the Stafford Act, 42 U.S.C. 5155, FEMA is prohibited from providing financial assistance to any entity that receives assistance from another program, insurance, or any other source for the same work. The subrecipient agrees to repay all duplicated assistance to FEMA if they receive assistance for the same work from another Federal agency, insurance, or any other source. If an subrecipient receives funding from another federal program for the same purpose, it must notify FEMA through the Recipient and return any duplicated funding.

Insurance

Additional Information

1/25/2023

GENERAL INFORMATION

Event: DR4339-PR

Project: SP 691246

Category of Work: Cat F - Utilities

Applicant: PR Electric Power Authority

Event Type: Hurricane / Hurricane Maria

Cause of Loss: Wind / Wind Driven Rain

Incident Period: 9/17/2017 to 11/15/2017

Total Public Assistance Amount: \$245,340.07 (CRC Gross Cost \$211,622.76 + Mitigation Amount \$33,717.31)

COMMERCIAL INSURANCE INFORMATION

Does the applicant have a Commercial Policy that extends coverage for this facility: Yes

Policies Issued by: Willis Towers Watson, Multinational Insurance Company and Mapfre

Policy Numbers: Willis Towers Watson (B0804Q1966F17, B0804Q14312F17, B0804Q19673F17, B0804Q19672F17, B0804Q18529F17, B0804Q14312F17, B0804Q19674F17, B0804Q18411F17, B0804Q14310F17, B0804Q11038F17, B0804Q14507F17, B0804Q14312F17)

Mapfre Praico Insurance Company (1398178000644)

Multinational Insurance Company (88-CP-000307831-2, 88-CP-000318673-0, 88-CP000318674-0, 88-CP-000318675-0, 88-CP-000318676-0, 88-CP-000318677-0)

Policy Period: From: 5/15/2017 To: 5/15/2018

Policy Limits: \$300,000,000.00

RCV or ACV: Replacement Cost Value

Deductible Amount \$25,000,000.00 each and every occurrence property damage and 30 days each and every occurrence business interruption in respect of Named Windstorm.

Does the Applicant's Commercial Policy extend coverage for the damage described in this project: No

NUMBER OF DAMAGED LOCATIONS INCLUDED IN THIS PROJECT: (1)

Damaged Inventory (DI) #1262982:

FAASt [Pole and Conductor Repair - San Juan Group 10] (Viaducto 1115-04, Llorens Torres 13kV 1118-08, Llorens Torres 13kV 1118-09, Isla Grande GIS I 1119-04, Villa Betina 1303-03, FALU 1334-01)

Location Description: Pole and Conductor - San Juan Group 10 (Viaducto 1115-04, Llorens Torres 13kV 1118-08, Llorens Torres 13kV 1118-09, Isla Grande GIS I 1119-04, Villa Betina 1303-03, FALU 1334-01)

GPS Coordinates: XXXXXXXXXX

Cause of Loss: Wind / Wind Driven Rain

SOV / Schedule #: Not insured

SOV / Schedule Amount: Not insured

Applicable Deductible Amount: N/A

Damage Inventory Amount: \$245,340.07 (CRC Gross Cost \$211,622.76 + Mitigation Amount \$33,717.31)

-

Prior Obtain and Maintain Requirement:

No prior insurance requirements were found for this facility.

-

Reduction(s):

No insurance reduction will be applied to this project as coverage is not anticipated. An anticipated insurance reduction of \$193,746,436.00 was applied to FAAST project # 136271 for anticipated insurance proceeds for Hurricane Maria losses. For ease of reference, please see table of insurance allocations: "PREPA Allocation Plan – All Disasters" file.

-

Obtain and Maintain Requirement:

No Obtain & Maintain Requirement is being mandated for the FAAST [Pole and Conductor Repair - San Juan Group 10] (Viaducto 1115-04, Llorens Torres 13kV 1118-08, Llorens Torres 13kV 1118-09, Isla Grande GIS I 1119-04, Villa Betina 1303-03, FALU 1334-01) because the facility does not meet the definition of building, equipment, contents, or vehicle.

Insurance Proceeds Statement:

FEMA acknowledges that the Applicant is in negotiations with their insurance carrier at the time of the FEMA insurance review and might have received partial settlements. In accordance with 44 CFR §206.250-253, in the absence of an actual settlement, anticipated insurance recoveries will be deducted from this project based on Applicant's insurance policy limits. FEMA subsequently adjusts the eligible costs based on the actual amount of insurance proceeds the Applicant receives after a final settlement.

FEMA's Recovery Policy FP 206-086-1, Public Assistance Policy on Insurance (June 29, 2015), requires applicants to take reasonable efforts to recover insurance proceeds that it is entitled to receive from its insurers. FEMA will consider final insurance settlements that may be less than the insurance policy limits when an applicant demonstrates that it has taken reasonable efforts to recover insurance proceeds that it is entitled on a case-by-case basis.

Standard Insurance Comments

FEMA Policy 206-086-1

PART 2: Other Insurance-Related Provisions. (Sections 312 and 406(d) of the Stafford Act)

A. Duplication of Benefits. FEMA cannot provide assistance for disaster-related losses that duplicate benefits available to an applicant from another source, including insurance.

1. Before FEMA approves assistance for a property, an applicant must provide FEMA with information about any actual or anticipated insurance settlement or recovery it is entitled to for that property.
2. FEMA will reduce assistance to an applicant by the amount of its actual or anticipated insurance proceeds.
3. Applicants must take reasonable efforts to recover insurance proceeds that they are entitled to receive from their insurer(s).

Jean-Carlo Echevarria, PA Insurance Specialist, CRC Atlantic, Guaynabo, PR

O&M Requirements

There are no Obtain and Maintain Requirements on **FAAST** [Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - San Juan Group 10] (Distribution).

406 Mitigation

There is no additional mitigation information on **FAAST** [Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - San Juan Group 10] (Distribution).

Environmental Historical Preservation

Is this project compliant with EHP laws, regulations, and executive orders?

Yes

EHP Conditions

- Any change to the approved scope of work will require re-evaluation for compliance with NEPA and other Laws and Executive Orders.
- This review does not address all federal, state and local requirements. Acceptance of federal funding requires recipient to comply with all federal, state and local laws. Failure to obtain all appropriate federal, state and local environmental permits and clearances may jeopardize funding.
- If ground disturbing activities occur during construction, applicant will monitor ground disturbance and if any potential archaeological resources are discovered, will immediately cease construction in that area and notify the State and FEMA.
- Executive Order 11988 - Floodplains - For Feeder 1118-09 and 1118-09: Applicant must obtain any required permits from the Puerto Rico Permits Management Office (OGPe) prior to initiating work and comply with any conditions of the permit established by the Planning Board (JP) for constructions in floodplains. All coordination (emails, letters, documented phone calls) pertaining to these activities and compliance must be provided and maintained in the Applicant's permanent files.
- Endangered Species Act (ESA) - Puerto Rican Boa applicable for feeder 1303-03: 1. Inform all personnel about the potential presence of the PR boa and the VI boa in areas where the proposed work will be conducted. Photographs of the PR and VI Boa are to be prominently displayed at the site. The recipient must ensure that project personnel is able to correctly identify a PR or VI boa. For information on PR boa, please visit: <https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6628>. 2. Prior to any construction activity, including removal of vegetation and earth movement, the boundaries of the project area must be delineated, buffer zones, and areas to be excluded and protected, should be clearly marked in the project plan and in the field to avoid further habitat degradation into forested areas. Once areas are clearly marked, and prior to any construction activity, including site preparation, project personnel able to correctly identify a PR or VI boa must survey the areas to be cleared to ensure that no boas are present within the work area. Vehicle and equipment operation must remain on designated access roads/paths and within rights-of way. 3. If a PR boa is found within any of the working or construction areas, activities should stop in the area where the boa was found. Do not capture the boa. If boas need to be moved out of harm's way, project personnel designated by the recipient shall immediately contact the Puerto Rico Department of Natural and Environmental Resources (PRDNER) Rangers for safe capture and relocation of the animal (PRDNER phone #s: 787-724-5700, 787-230-5550, 787-771-1124). If immediate relocation is not an option, project-related activities at this area must stop until the boa moves out of harm's way on its own. Activities at other work sites, where no boas have been found after surveying the area, may continue. 4. Measures should be taken to avoid and minimize PR boa casualties by heavy machinery or motor vehicles being used on site. Any heavy machinery left on site (staging) or near potential PR boa habitat (within 50 meters of potential boa habitat), needs to be thoroughly inspected each morning before work starts to ensure that no boas have sheltered within engine compartments or other areas of the equipment. If PR boas are found within vehicles or equipment, do not capture the animal and let it move on its own or call PRDNER Rangers for safe capture and relocation of the boa (PRDNER phone #s: 787-724-5700, 787-230-5550, 787-771-1124). If not possible, the animal should be left alone until it leaves the vehicle on its own. 5. PR boas may seek shelter in debris piles. Measures should be taken to avoid and minimize boa casualties associated with sheltering in debris piles as a result of project activities. Debris piles should be placed far away from forested areas. Prior to moving, disposing or shredding, debris piles should be carefully inspected for

the presence of boas. If PR boas are, found within debris piles, do not capture the animal and let it move on its own or call PRDNER Rangers for safe capture and relocation of the animal. If debris piles will be left on site, we recommend they be placed in areas that will not be disturbed in the future. 6. For all boa sightings (dead or alive), personnel designated by the recipient must record the time and date of the sighting and the specific location where the boa was found. Data should also include a photo of the animal dead or alive, and site GPS coordinates, and comments on how the animal was detected and its behavior. If the PR boa was accidentally killed as part of the project actions, please include information on what conservation measures had been implemented and what actions will be taken to avoid further killings. All boa sighting reports should be sent to the USFWS Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office, Marelisa Rivera - Deputy Field Supervisor, 787- 851-7297 extension 206, 787-510-5207, marelisa_rivera@fws.gov.

- Endangered Species Act (ESA)- The Applicant must provide documentation at close-out that proves completion of required Conservation Measures.
- National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) - a. The Subrecipient and/or Subrecipient's contractor shall follow the Low Impact Debris Removal Stipulations (LIDRS) as stated in Appendix E of the Project-Specific Programmatic Agreement Among FEMA, the SHPO, ACHP, COR3, and PREPA (PSPA), executed on August 2, 2022. b. Unexpected Discoveries: Pursuant to Stipulation III.B of the PSPA, if, in the course of implementing this Individual Undertaking(s), previously unidentified structures, sites, buildings, objects, districts, or archaeological deposits, that may be eligible for listing in the National Register, or human remains are uncovered, or if it appears that an Individual Undertaking has affected or will affect a previously identified historic property in an unanticipated manner, the contractor must notify Subrecipient who will immediately notify the Recipient. Work must stop in the vicinity of the discovery and measures must be taken to protect the discovery and avoid additional harm. c. Additional staging areas and/or work pads within work site area haven't been identified yet. The Recipient/Subrecipient and/or private operator must provide the information of any additional staging areas or work pads for EHP evaluation as soon as available specially if any construction activity will be necessary to prepare the site(s). Information for staging areas and/or work pads confined to previously disturbed or hardened surfaces can be provided at close-out.
- Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, aka Solid Waste Disposal Act (RCRA)- 1. The Applicant shall handle, manage, and dispose of all types of hazardous waste in accordance with requirements of local, state, and federal laws, regulations, and ordinances. In addition, the Applicant shall ensure that all debris is separated and disposed of in a manner consistent with the PR DNER guidelines at a permitted site or landfill. The contractor/applicant will be responsible for the proper disposition of construction debris in authorized landfills providing the name, location, coordinates and permits of the facility to the corresponding authorities. 2. The applicant is responsible to ensure damaged transformers are handled, managed, and disposed of in accordance with all federal and state laws and requirements. Downed electrical equipment may contain toxic and hazardous materials, such as polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), and may spill these materials if a rupture occurs. Applicant is responsible for screening transformers that do or may contain PCBs and the area where any related spill occurred. The applicant is then responsible to handle, manage, dispose of, or recycle damaged equipment and contaminated soil as appropriate. Where possible, temporary measures should be implemented to prevent, treat, or contain further releases or mitigate the migration of PCBs into the environment. If damaged equipment or material storage containers must be stored temporarily, containers should be placed on hardened surface areas, such as a concrete or an asphalt for no more than 90 days. Excavated contaminated material should be disposed of in accordance with federal and state laws and requirements. 3. Unusable equipment, debris, white goods, scrap metal any other material shall be disposed in approved manner and location. In the event significant items are discovered during the implementation or development of the project the Applicant shall handle, manage and dispose petroleum products, hazardous materials and toxic waste in accordance with the requirements of the local and federal agencies. Noncompliance with these requirements may jeopardize receipt of federal funds.
- NEPA Determination- 1. Additional staging areas and/or work pads within work site area haven't been identified yet. The Recipient/Subrecipient and/or private operator must provide the information of any additional staging areas or work pads for EHP evaluation as soon as available specially if any construction activity will be necessary to prepare the site(s). Information for staging areas and/or work pads confined to previously disturbed or hardened surfaces can be provided at close-out. 2. All borrow or fill material must come from pre-existing stockpiles, material reclaimed from maintained roadside ditches (provided the designed width or depth of the ditch is not increased), or commercially procured material from a source existing prior to the event. For any FEMA-funded project requiring the use of a non-commercial source or a commercial source that was not permitted to operate prior to the event (e.g., a new pit, agricultural fields, road ROWs, etc.) in whole or in part, regardless of cost, the Applicant must notify FEMA and the Recipient prior to extracting material. FEMA must review the source for compliance with all applicable federal environmental planning and historic preservation laws and executive orders prior to a Sub-recipient or their contractor beginning borrow extraction. Consultation and regulatory permitting may be required. Non-compliance with this requirement may jeopardize receipt of federal funding.

EHP Additional Info

There is no additional environmental historical preservation on **FAASt [Distribution Pole and Conductor Repair - San Juan Group 10] (Distribution)**.

Final Reviews

Final Review

Reviewed By CHIRICO, JOSEPH A.

Reviewed On 02/06/2023 12:29 PM AST

Review Comments

Approved for obligation

Recipient Review

Reviewed By Salgado, Gabriel

Reviewed On 02/07/2023 11:49 AM AST

Review Comments

Recipient review completed. Project is ready for applicant review.

Fixed Cost Offer

As a Public Assistance (PA) Subrecipient PR Electric Power Authority (000-UA2QU-00), in accordance with Section 428 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, the Applicant agrees to accept a permanent work subaward based on a Fixed Cost Offer in the amount of \$245,340.07 for subaward number 11231 under Disaster # 4339. The Applicant accepts responsibility for all costs above the Fixed Cost Offer.

The Applicant understands that by participating in this pilot program they will be reimbursed for allowable costs in accordance with 2 CFR Part 200, and the reimbursement will not exceed the Fixed Cost Offer. The Applicant also understands that by agreeing to this Fixed Cost Offer, they will not receive additional funding related to the facilities or sites included in the subaward. The Applicant also acknowledges that failure to comply with the requirements of applicable laws and regulations governing assistance provided by FEMA and the PA Alternative Procedures Pilot Program Guidance (such as procurement and contracting; environmental and historic preservation compliance; and audit and financial accountability) may lead to loss of federal funding.

Project Signatures

Signed By Miller, Thomas

Signed On 02/07/2023