

**COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
PUERTO RICO ENERGY BUREAU**

**IN RE: PUERTO RICO ELECTRIC
POWER AUTHORITY RATE
REVIEW**

CASE NO.: NEPR-AP-2023-0003

SUBJECT: Response to Hearing Examiner
Orders of October 17 and October 23, 2025

NEPR

Received:

Oct 27, 2025

5:03 PM

**BONDHOLDERS' RESPONSE TO HEARING EXAMINER
ORDERS OF OCTOBER 17 AND OCTOBER 23, 2025**

TO THE PUERTO RICO ENERGY BUREAU:

National Public Finance Guarantee Corporation, GoldenTree Asset Management LP, Syncora Guarantee, Inc., Assured Guaranty Inc., and the PREPA Ad Hoc Group,¹ (collectively, the “Bondholders”), by and through the undersigned counsel, hereby submit this Response to the Hearing Examiner’s Orders of October 17 and October 23, 2025.²

For the reasons set forth below, the Bondholders agree with the Hearing Examiner that there is no need for a witness panel on debt. The Energy Bureau has a statutory duty under Commonwealth law to approve a rate that is sufficient to “guarantee” that PREPA meets its obligations to holders of its bonds. The amount of the current outstanding bond debt is known, has been recognized by the United States Court of Appeals for the First Circuit, and is not subject to evidentiary dispute. In addition, the Energy Bureau’s statutory obligations are not preempted by PROMESA and continue to apply during the pendency of PREPA’s proceedings under Title III. Interpretation of those statutory obligations and any assertion of preemption are questions of law

¹ The members of the PREPA Ad Hoc Group are listed in the *Ninth Verified Statement of the PREPA Ad Hoc Group Pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2019*, ECF No. 5797, filed in *In re Fin. Oversight & Mgmt. Bd. for Puerto Rico*, Case No. 17-04780-LTS (D.P.R. Aug. 28, 2025) (the “Title III Case”).

² A Spanish summary of this filing is attached hereto as Appendix A, pursuant to the orders of May 9th and June 4th.

that likewise are not subject to evidentiary dispute. Rather, they should be addressed by the parties in post-hearing submissions.³

BACKGROUND

1. On September 29, 2025, the Hearing Examiner issued an Order addressing, among other things, considerations of PREPA’s legacy debt. The Order observed that the Energy Bureau had already stated that it would “consider whether to include in the revenue requirement an estimated proxy for legacy debt.” Sept. 29, 2025 Order ¶ III.D.1. The Order further explained that “[i]ncluding in rates an estimate of what will emerge from the Title III process has no effect on that process,” and that “any estimated debt amount included in the rates would be subject to reconciliation with what becomes the actual debt amount.” *Id.* ¶ III.D.2. The Order observed that “PREPA is correct that we don’t know what the final number will be. Any number could be right or wrong. Any number, that is, except zero.” *Id.* The Order added: “PREPA can use its post-hearing brief to argue against including a legacy debt estimate in rates. But I am not removing the question from this case.” *Id.* ¶ III.D.3.

2. On October 16, 2025, the Hearing Examiner issued an Order setting an agenda for a conference taking place the same day. The Order posed several questions concerning the inclusion of debt in the revenue requirement: “What is the PREB’s statutory obligation and what is its discretion? Is PRE[B] required to include some amount? Prohibited from including any amount? If neither, what discretion does PREB have?” Oct. 16, 2025 Order ¶ III.F.1.

3. On October 17, 2025, the Hearing Examiner issued an Order summarizing the main results of the October 16 conference. The Order indicated, with respect to a legacy debt rider, that “[t]he Energy Bureau can determine the form of a rider, and any amount in it, without questioning

³ The Bondholders make these arguments without prejudice to their rights in the Title III case.

a panel,” and that “[p]arties could contribute ideas on rider format via briefs or proposed orders.” Oct. 17, 2025 Order at 2. The Order also presented a “tentative conclusion” that “[w]e don’t need a panel on debt.” *Id.* The Order indicated that, if any party objects to that tentative conclusion, it should “inform and explain by formal motion.” *Id.*

4. On October 23, 2025, the Hearing Examiner held a conference and issued an Order summarizing that conference. The Order indicated that the Hearing Examiner was “leaning toward eliminating the panels on debt and pension, on the grounds that whatever facts the Commissioners need to make decision[s], those facts exist in documents that will go into the record.” Oct. 23, 2025 Order at 1. The Order further stated that “[p]arties can discuss any legal or policy issues in their proposed orders (which will substitute for post-hearing briefs).” *Id.* The Order indicated that anyone opposed to this approach should file an opposition by October 27, 2025.

DISCUSSION

5. The Energy Bureau has a statutory obligation under Commonwealth law to set a rate that is sufficient to “guarantee” the payment of PREPA’s debt obligations. *See* July 31, 2025 Provisional Rate Order at 31–32 (citing relevant statutes).

6. PREPA’s “obligations” under its bonds are known. The United States Court of Appeals for the First Circuit has held that the minimum amount of debt outstanding as of the commencement of PREPA’s Title III case is “the principal plus matured interest of the bonds, or roughly \$8.5 billion.” *In re Fin. Oversight & Mgmt. Bd.*, 121 F.4th 280, 312 (1st Cir. 2024). The interest that has continued to accrue since the commencement of the Title III case can likewise be calculated based on the interest rates set forth on the face of the bonds, and any dispute as to the applicability of such interest is legal rather than factual in nature. To date, PREPA’s bond obligations have not been reduced or otherwise adjusted, and it is unknown whether PREPA’s Title III case will result in any such adjustment, let alone how much.

7. As the Bondholders will explain in post-hearing briefing, the Energy Bureau's statutory obligations to set rates sufficient to guarantee that PREPA meets its debt obligations are not preempted by PROMESA and continue to apply during the pendency of PREPA's Title III case. In addition, the authority to set rates does not rest with the Financial Oversight and Management Board, and the law does not authorize or require the Energy Bureau to defer to a fiscal plan certified by the Board. Finally, PREPA's existing bond obligations remain binding "obligations" unless and until such time as they are adjusted under a confirmed Title III plan of adjustment. These are all legal issues.

8. The question of how the Energy Bureau should comply with its statutory mandate in these circumstances likewise is not one that is subject to evidentiary proof. None of the witnesses that were tentatively slated to appear on the debt panel is in a position to testify about the Energy Bureau's obligations under Puerto Rico law, nor has any of those witnesses provided an evidentiary basis to select an estimate for PREPA's debt obligations other than the full amount of PREPA's debt. Accordingly, the Bondholders agree with the Hearing Examiner that there is "no need for a debt panel and no need for Ms. Frayer to submit intervenor testimony relating to the PREB consultant's comments on debt." Oct. 17, 2025 Order at 2. Instead, the parties should have the opportunity, in post-hearing submissions, to present legal and policy arguments concerning the establishment of a legacy debt rider.

WHEREFORE, the Bondholders respectfully request that the Energy Bureau take notice of the foregoing.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED,

THIS 27th DAY OF OCTOBER 2025

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE: We hereby certify that the foregoing petition was filed with the Office of the Clerk of the Energy Bureau using its Electronic Filing System, and courtesy copies were sent via electronic means to mvalle@gmlex.net; arivera@gmlex.net; jmartinez@gmlex.net; jgonzalez@gmlex.net; katiuska.bolanos-lugo@us.dlapiper.com; Yahaira.delarosa@us.dlapiper.com; margarita.mercado@us.dlapiper.com; carolyn.clarkin@us.dlapiper.com; andrea.chambers@us.dlapiper.com; sromero@sbgblaw.com; gcastro@sbgbllaw.com; jennalvarez@sbgbllaw.com; jfr@sbgbllaw.com; regulatory@genera-pr.com; legal@genera-pr.com; hriviera@jrsp.pr.gov; contratistas@jrsp.pr.gov; victorluisgonzalez@yahoo.com; Cfl@mcvpr.com; nancy@emmanuelli.law; jrinconlopez@guidhouse.com; Josh.Llamas@fticonsulting.com; Anu.Sen@fticonsulting.com; Ellen.Smith@fticonsulting.com; Intisarul.Islam@weil.com; kara.smith@weil.com; rafael.ortiz.mendoza@gmail.com; rolando@emmanuelli.law; jan.albinolopez@us.dlapiper.com; Rachel.Albanese@us.dlapiper.com; varoon.sachdev@whitecase.com; jdiaz@sbgbllaw.com; javrua@sesapr.org; Brett.ingerman@us.dlapiper.com; agraitfe@agraitlawpr.com; jpouroman@outlook.com; epo@amgprlaw.com; loliver@amgprlaw.com; acasellas@amgprlaw.com; matt.barr@weil.com; Robert.berezin@weil.com; Gabriel.morgan@weil.com; corey.bradley@weil.com; lramos@ramoscruzlegal.com; tlauria@whitecase.com; gkurtz@whitecase.com; ccolumbres@whitecase.com; isaac.glassman@whitecase.com; tmacwright@whitecase.com; jcunningham@whitecase.com; mshepherd@whitecase.com; jgreen@whitecase.com; hburgos@cabprlaw.com; dperez@cabprlaw.com; howard.hawkins@cwt.com; mark.ellenberg@cwt.com; casey.servais@cwt.com; bill.natbony@cwt.com; thomas.curtin@cwt.com; escalera@reichardescalera.com; riverac@reichardescalera.com; susheelkirpalani@quinnemanuel.com; erickay@quinnemanuel.com; dmonserrate@msglawpr.com; fgierbolini@msglawpr.com; rschell@msglawpr.com; eric.brunstad@dechert.com; Stephen.zide@dechert.com; David.herman@dechert.com; Julia@londoneconomics.com; Brian@londoneconomics.com; luke@londoneconomics.com; juan@londoneconomics.com; estrada@gibsondunn.com; LShelfer@gibsondunn.com; jnieves@cstlawpr.com; arrivera@nuenergypr.com; apc@mcvpr.com; shempling@scotthemplinglaw.com; rsmithla@aol.com; guy@maxetaenergy.com; jorge@maxetaenergy.com; rafael@maxetaenergy.com; dawn.bisdorf@gmail.com; msdady@gmail.com; mcranston29@gmail.com; ahopkins@synapse-energy.com; clane@synapse-energy.com; kbailey@acciongroup.com; hjudd@acciongroup.com; zachary.ming@ethree.com; PREBconsultants@acciongroup.com; carl.pechman@keylogic.com; bernard.neenan@keylogic.com; tara.hamilton@ethree.com; aryeh.goldparker@ethree.com; roger@maxetaenergy.com; Shadi@acciongroup.com.

ADSUAR

By: /s/ Eric Pérez-Ochoa
Eric Pérez-Ochoa
P.R. Bar No. 9739
Luis Oliver-Fraticelli
P.R. Bar No. 10764
Alexandra Casellas-Cabrera
P.R. Bar No. 18912
PO Box 70294
San Juan, PR 00936-8294
Telephone: 787.756.9000
Facsimile: 787.756.9010
Email: epo@amgprlaw.com
loliver@amgprlaw.com
acasellas@amgprlaw.com

WEIL, GOTSHAL & MANGES LLP

By: /s/ Robert Berezin
Matthew S. Barr
Robert Berezin (admitted *pro hac vice*)
767 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York 10153
Telephone: (212) 310-8000
Facsimile: (212) 310-8007
Email: matt.barr@weil.com
robert.berezin@weil.com

Gabriel A. Morgan
700 Louisiana Street, Suite 1700
Houston, TX 77002
Telephone: (713) 546-5000
Facsimile: (713) 224-9511
Email: gabriel.morgan@weil.com

Corey Brady (admitted *pro hac vice*)
1395 Brickell Avenue
Suite 1200, Miami, FL 33131
Telephone: (305) 577-3225
Facsimile: (305) 374-7159
Email: corey.brady@weil.com

Co-Counsel for National Public Finance Guarantee Corporation

RAMOS CRUZ LEGAL

By: /s/ Lydia M. Ramos Cruz

Lydia M. Ramos Cruz

P.R. Bar No. 12301

1509 López Landrón Street

American Airlines Building, PH

San Juan, Puerto Rico 00911

Tel.: (787) 508-2525

Email: lramos@ramoscruzlegal.com

WHITE & CASE LLP

By: /s/ Thomas E Lauria

Thomas E Lauria

Glenn M. Kurtz (admitted *pro hac vice*)

Claudine Columbres (admitted *pro hac vice*)

Isaac Glassman (admitted *pro hac vice*)

Thomas E. MacWright

1221 Avenue of the Americas

New York, New York 10036

Tel.: (212) 819-8200

Fax: (212) 354-8113

Email: tlauria@whitecase.com

gkurtz@whitecase.com

ccolumbres@whitecase.com

iglassman@whitecase.com

tmacwright@whitecase.com

John K. Cunningham

Michael C. Shepherd

Jesse L. Green (admitted *pro hac vice*)

200 S. Biscayne Blvd., Suite 4900

Miami, Florida 33131

Tel.: (305) 371-2700

Fax: (305) 358-5744

Email: jcunningham@whitecase.com

mshepherd@whitecase.com

jgreen@whitecase.com

Co-Counsel for GoldenTree Asset Management LP

CASELLAS ALCOVER & BURGOS P.S.C.

By: /s/ Heriberto Burgos Pérez

Heriberto Burgos Pérez

P.R. Bar No. 8746

Diana Pérez-Seda

P.R. Bar No. 17734

P.O. Box 364924

San Juan, Puerto Rico 00936-4924

Telephone: (787) 756-1400

Facsimile: (787) 756-1401

Email: hburgos@cabprlaw.com

dperez@cabprlaw.com

GIBSON, DUNN & CRUTCHER LLP

By: /s/ Miguel A. Estrada

Miguel A. Estrada (*pro hac vice* application pending)

Lochlan F. Shelfer (admitted *pro hac vice*)

1700 M Street, N.W.

Washington, D.C. 20036-4504

Tel.: (202) 955-8500

Fax: (202) 530-9662

Email: mestrada@gibsondunn.com

lshelfer@gibsondunn.com

**CADWALADER, WICKERSHAM & TAFT
LLP**

By: /s/ William J. Natbony

Casey J. Servais (admitted *pro hac vice*)

William J. Natbony (admitted *pro hac vice*)

Thomas J. Curtin (admitted *pro hac vice*)

200 Liberty Street

New York, New York 10281

Telephone: (212) 504-6000

Facsimile: (212) 504-6666

Email: casey.servais@cwt.com

bill.natbony@cwt.com

thomas.curtin@cwt.com

Co-Counsel for Assured Guaranty Inc.

REICHARD & ESCALERA, LLC

By: /s/ Rafael Escalera

Rafael Escalera

P.R. Bar No. 5610

By: /s/ Sylvia M. Arizmendi

Sylvia M. Arizmendi

P.R. Bar No. 10337

By: /s/ Carlos R. Rivera-Ortiz

Carlos R. Rivera-Ortiz

P.R. Bar No. 22308

255 Ponce de León Avenue

MCS Plaza, 10th Floor

San Juan, Puerto Rico 00917-1913

Tel.: (787) 777-8888

Fax: (787) 765-4225

Email: escalara@reichardescalera.com

arizmendis@reichardescalera.com

riverac@reichardescalera.com

**QUINN EMANUEL URQUHART &
SULLIVAN, LLP**

By: /s/ Susheel Kirpalani

Susheel Kirpalani

Eric Kay

295 Fifth Avenue

New York, New York 10016

Tel.: (212) 849-7000

Fax: (212) 849-7100

Email: susheelkirpalani@quinnemanuel.com

erickay@quinnemanuel.com

Co-Counsel for Syncora Guarantee, Inc.

**MONSERRATE SIMONET & GIERBOLINI, DECHERT LLP
LLC**

By: /s/ Dora L. Monserrate-Peñagaricano

Dora L. Monserrate-Peñagaricano

P.R. Bar No. 11661

Fernando J. Gierbolini-González

P.R. Bar No. 11375

Richard J. Schell

P.R. Bar No. 21041

101 San Patricio Ave., Suite 1120

Guaynabo, Puerto Rico 00968

Phone: (787) 620-5300

Facsimile: (787) 620-5305

Email: dmonserrate@msglawpr.com

fgierbolini@msglawpr.com

rschell@msglawpr.com

By: /s/ David A. Herman

David A. Herman (admitted *pro hac vice*)

G. Eric Brunstad, Jr. (admitted *pro hac vice*)

Stephen D. Zide (admitted *pro hac vice*)

1095 Avenue of the Americas

New York, New York 10036

Phone: (212) 698-3500

Facsimile: (212) 698-3599

Email: eric.brunstad@dechert.com

stephen.zide@dechert.com

david.herman@dechert.com

Michael Doluisio (admitted *pro hac vice*)

Stuart Steinberg (admitted *pro hac vice*)

2929 Arch Street

Philadelphia, PA 19104

Phone: (215) 994-4000

Facsimile: (215) 994-2222

Email: michael.doluisio@dechert.com

stuart.steinberg@dechert.com

Co-Counsel for the PREPA Ad Hoc Group

**RESUMEN DE: RESPUESTA DE LOS TENEDORES DE BONOS A
LAS ÓRDENES DEL EXAMINADOR DE AUDIENCIAS DEL
17 DE OCTUBRE Y 23 DE OCTUBRE DE 2025**

AL NEGOCIADO DE ENERGÍA DE PUERTO RICO:

La Corporación Nacional de Garantía de Finanzas Públicas, GoldenTree Asset Management LP, Syncora Guarantee, Inc., Assured Guaranty Inc. y el Grupo Ad Hoc de la AEE, (colectivamente, los "Bonistas"), coinciden con el Oficial Examinador en que no hay necesidad de un panel de testigos sobre la deuda. El Negociado de Energía tiene el deber legal bajo la ley del Estado Libre Asociado de aprobar una tarifa que sea suficiente para "garantizar" que la AEE cumpla con sus obligaciones con los Bonistas. Se sabe que el monto de la deuda actual de bonos pendientes es el principal más los intereses vencidos de los bonos, o aproximadamente \$8.5 billones; ha sido reconocido por el Tribunal de Apelaciones de los Estados Unidos para el Primer Circuito y no está sujeto a disputa probatoria. Las obligaciones legales del Negociado de Energía no son anuladas por PROMESA y continúan aplicándose durante la tramitación de los procedimientos de la AEE bajo el Título III. Las obligaciones legales del Negociado de Energía de establecer tarifas suficientes para garantizar que la AEE cumpla con sus obligaciones de deuda no son anuladas por PROMESA y continúan aplicándose durante la tramitación del caso del Título III de la AEE. La interpretación de esas obligaciones legales y cualquier afirmación de preferencia son cuestiones de derecho que tampoco están sujetas a disputa probatoria; las partes deben abordarlas en las presentaciones posteriores a la vista.